[redacted]

Please add the following details to my application. Thank you.

1x English Oak (51.08N, 0.295W)

Tree Details:

- Species: English Oak (Quercus robur)
- Estimated Height: 35 meters
- Estimated Branch Spread: 30 meters (total width)

Scope of Work:

1. Objective:
- To perform a 10% crown reduction and thinning to improve tree health, safety, and light penetration.
2. Preparation:
- Conduct a preliminary inspection to identify branches for removal.
- Ensure all safety measures and equipment are in place.
3. Trimming Details:
- Crown Reduction:
- Height Reduction: Reduce the overall height by 10%, equating to a 3.5-meter reduction.
- New height after trimming: 31.5 meters.
- Branch Spread Reduction:
- Branch Length Reduction: Trim the branch spread by 10%, equating to 1.5 meters per side.
- New branch spread: 27 meters (total width).
4. Branch Thinning:
- Selectively remove smaller branches and twigs, particularly those that are crossing, rubbing, or dead.
- Focus on evenly thinning the canopy to ensure a balanced appearance and maintain structural integrity.
5. Technique:
- Use the three-cut method to remove larger branches to prevent tearing the bark.
- Make cuts at a branch collar to promote natural healing and prevent decay.
6. Debris Management:
- Collect and chip all cut branches and twigs.
- Remove debris from the site to prevent obstruction and promote cleanliness.
7. Post-Work Inspection:
- Perform a final inspection to ensure all cuts are clean and no structural damage has occurred.
- Document the work completed, including photographs of the tree before and after trimming.

Expected Outcomes:

- Enhanced airflow and light penetration through the canopy.
- Reduced risk of branch failure by removing weak or dead limbs.
- Improved overall aesthetic and health of the tree while maintaining its natural shape and form.

2x Hawthorn Trees((51.08N, 0.29W)

Tree Details:

• Species: Common Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)
• Estimated Height: 6 meters
• Estimated Branch Spread: 5 meters (total width)

Scope of Work:

1. Objective:
• To perform a 20% crown reduction and thinning to improve tree health, safety, and aesthetics.
2. Preparation:
• Conduct a preliminary inspection to identify branches for removal.
• Ensure all safety measures and equipment are in place.
3. Trimming Details:
• Crown Reduction:
• Height Reduction: Reduce the overall height by 20%, equating to a 1.2-meter reduction.
• New height after trimming: 4.8 meters.
• Branch Spread Reduction:
• Branch Length Reduction: Trim the branch spread by 20%, equating to 0.5 meters per side.
• New branch spread: 4 meters (total width).
4. Branch Thinning:
• Selectively remove smaller branches and twigs, especially those that are dead, crossing, or growing inward.
• Focus on evenly thinning the canopy to enhance light penetration and maintain structural balance.
5. Technique:
• Use sharp pruning tools to make clean cuts just above a bud or lateral branch to encourage healthy new growth.
• Avoid cutting into the main stem and remove branches at their junction with the parent stem or branch.
6. Debris Management:
• Collect and chip all cut branches and twigs.
• Remove debris from the site to maintain cleanliness and avoid any potential hazards.
7. Post-Work Inspection:
• Perform a final inspection to ensure all cuts are clean and no damage has occurred to the tree structure.
• Document the work completed, including photographs of the tree before and after trimming.

Expected Outcomes:

• Enhanced airflow and light penetration through the canopy.
• Reduced risk of branch failure by removing weak or dead limbs.
• Improved overall aesthetic and health of the tree while maintaining its natural shape and form.

Red dot = oak
blue dot = hawthorn

