

TO:	Horsham District Council – Planning Dept
LOCATION:	Crays Barn Crays Lane Goose Green West Sussex
DESCRIPTION:	Application for Approval of Details Reserved by Conditions 3, 4 and 5 to approved application DC/25/0446
REFERENCE:	DISC/26/0122
RECOMMENDATION:	Condition 4. Objection - More Information
SUMMARY OF COMMENTS & RECOMMENDATION: The following documents have been reviewed: - Proposed Site Drainage, Drawing: HB- 12, Dated: 13/03/25, Author: New Form Architecture - Decision notice for DC/25/0446 <i>Pre-Commencement Condition 4: No development other than demolition shall commence until a drainage strategy detailing the proposed means of foul and surface water disposal has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved scheme.</i> <i>Reason: As this matter is fundamental to ensure that the development is properly drained and to comply with Policy 38 of the Horsham District Planning Framework (2015).</i> The applicant has provided insufficient information regarding Drainage. As such, HDC Drainage are unable to assess the proposed Drainage Strategy and object to the proposals on the grounds that no supporting information has been provided to determine that the site drainage meets the requirements of the NPPF and PPG, National standards for sustainable drainage systems (June 2025), and the Horsham District Planning Framework (2015) – Policy 35 and Policy 38. Connections to Southern Waters infrastructure are <u>not</u> proposed as part of the proposed development. The current intention of the proposed site drainage is to discharge treated effluent and surface water into existing watercourses and ditches but no information regarding the suitability of the proposed scheme has been provided. To overrule an objection, HDC Drainage require more information. The applicant must provide the information requested below.	
MAIN COMMENTS: - The applicant must provide a site-specific assessment of flood risk, even where a full flood risk assessment is not required. - The applicant must demonstrate an understanding of how surface water currently flows across the site under 'normal' conditions and during rainfall events, providing an assessment of the current and proposed drainage patterns entering the site, within the site and leaving the site. - The applicant should provide a measurement of the total site area, all pre-development permeable and impermeable areas within the red line boundary, all post-development permeable and impermeable areas within the red line boundary, with supporting catchment plans and calculations.	

- A fully designed surface water management strategy should include:
 - The aim to achieve and better greenfield runoff rates and adherence to the drainage hierarchy.
 - Rationale for SuDS selected in line with the Horsham District Planning Framework (2015) – Policy 38, and industry best practice such as The SuDS Manual (C753).
- The method of foul and surface water disposal must be confirmed in line with the drainage hierarchy (Building Regulations Part H). Connection to the public sewerage network is advised, wherever it is reasonable to do so.
- The following flow and volume rates must be provided:
 - existing runoff rates during a 100% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP), 3.33% AEP, 1% AEP storm events
 - post development discharge rates during a 100% AEP, 3.33% AEP, 1% AEP and 1% AEP + 45% for Climate Change storm events
 - greenfield runoff rate (QBAR)
 - water storage capacity volumes of the proposed drainage features, to attenuate the 1% AEP + climate change storm event (see details below).
- The runoff from the proposed development should, where possible, be restricted to the greenfield 1 in 1 year runoff rate (100% AEP) during all events up to and including the 1 in 100-year rainfall event (1% AEP) + 45% allowance for climate change. Where this is not possible, the runoff from the proposed development should restrict flows to as close as reasonably practical to the greenfield runoff rate for the site.
- If it restricting runoff rates back to the 1 in 1-year greenfield runoff rate is considered unreasonable, HDC Drainage may allow discharge rates to be restricted to as close as feasibly possible, limiting up to a 50% betterment of the brownfield 1 in 1-year runoff rate as a last resort.
- The surface water drainage strategy must demonstrate that the proposed SuDS attenuate all runoff from all impermeable areas (with an additional area equivalent to +10% of the area of any residential development, factored into the sum of the total impermeable areas on site, allowing for urban creep) for the 1 in 100-year rainfall event (1% AEP) + 45% allowance for climate change (upper end). Attenuation should be provided on site to ensure that:
 - The 100% AEP storm event does not generate excessive surcharging in the drainage system.
 - The 3.33% AEP storm event is safely contained underground with no flooding.
 - The 1% AEP + climate change storm event is safely contained within the site without risk to persons or property.
- Where infiltration discharge methods are proposed (soakaways/swales etc...), the applicant must provide testing in accordance with BRE365, at the location and depth of the proposed devices.
- Where infiltration testing has not been undertaken, provide an infiltration assessment, supported by a desk-based assessment of soil types, geology and suitability for infiltration potential (See the Horsham District Council Local Plan evidence base), together with an alternative option for surface water disposal.
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- If a ditch and/or watercourse is present on site, an assessment of each feature must be provided, to identify whether the feature is expected...
 - to contain flowing water throughout the year (unless there is a drought or an unusually long period of dry weather). The range of expected water levels should be provided.
 - to seasonally dry up
 - to stay dry for most of the year.
- If a ditch and/or watercourse is present on site, context must be provided regarding the connectivity of the ditch and/or watercourse to waterways within in the wider landscape, as well as influences which might affect water levels in the feature, both upstream and downstream.
- If a ditch and/or watercourse is present on site, the applicant must demonstrate that a visual inspection of the ditch and/or watercourse has been undertaken, providing a detailed summary of site conditions on the day of assessment with supporting photographs.
- If a ditch and/or watercourse is present on site or along the boundary of the site, the applicant must demonstrate ownership of the ditch/ watercourse.
- If a ditch and/or watercourse is to be the intended outfall location for surface water and/or treated effluent from a Package Treatment Plant (PTP) / Sewage Treatment Plants System, the applicant must obtain permission from the landowner for use of that feature.
- The applicant must provide evidence of measures to prevent pollution of the receiving groundwater and/or surface water.
- The applicant must provide plans which indicate the expected exceedance routes for storm events greater than the 1% AEP + climate change storm event. The Drainage Strategy must demonstrate that the surface water runoff from these events can be controlled, to confirm there is no adverse flood risk to the development or elsewhere. Evidence of appropriate management and mitigation of exceedance flows are expected within the Drainage Strategy, to demonstrate that the proposed conveyance systems have considered the risks associated to nature, people and property during the event of failure and/or exceedance.
- Supporting foul flow calculations, in line with Sewerage Sector Guidance and/or Building Regulations Part H, is to be provided. It should be noted that any proposed foul water system and foul water treatment unit should be in line with current legislation and best practice for the management of domestic waste, with any method for disposal justified and appropriate permits sought.
- Maintenance and Management Plans must be provided for both the proposed Foul and Surface Water Drainage Strategy, including access requirements, maintenance frequency and responsibility, and proprietary device manuals, for all drainage features and SuDS devices.

Further evidence in addition to that requested above may be required once the additional information is submitted.

Advisory notes:

- In addition to Planning Permission, where non-mains foul drainage is proposed, the proposals must meet the '*General binding rules: small sewage discharge to the ground*' or '*General binding rules: small sewage discharge to a surface water*' or otherwise seek a permit from the environment agency.

- In addition to Planning Permission, the applicant may additionally require Ordinary Watercourse Consent (OWC) from the Lead Local Flood Authority at West Sussex County Council, to consent to any works adjacent to or within an ordinary watercourse.
- On the Horsham District Council website, there are several useful documents available to the public, which the applicant may wish to use as guides for their application. To navigate to this page you can follow this link:
<https://www.horsham.gov.uk/planning/local-plan/local-plan-examination/Examination-Library>
Alternatively, here is how to navigate to that page on the HDC Website:
Home > Planning and development > Local Plan > Local Plan examination > Examination Library > Evidence Base Documents > Climate Change and Water
- Whilst not a mandatory requirement, HDC Drainage welcome and encourage the consideration of rainwater harvesting within the proposed development.

ANY RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS:

NA

NAME:	A.Furness
DEPARTMENT:	Horsham District Council - Drainage
DATE:	14/05/2026