

Date: 18 September 2025  
Our ref: 525751  
Your ref: DC/25/0403



Horsham District Council  
Albery House  
Springfield Road  
Horsham  
RH12 2GB

Hornbeam House  
Crewe Business Park  
Electra Way  
Crewe  
Cheshire  
CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

**BY EMAIL ONLY**

Dear Ms Wilkes,

**Planning consultation:** Demolish 2 buildings, new Class E(g), B2 and B8 facilities. Extension to form office & accommodation. Remove mobile home. Decommission Anaerobic Digester, re-use buildings for storage/office. Residential redevelopment: demolish barn, erect 3 dwellings.

**Location:** Stonehouse Farm, Handcross Road, Plummers Plain, West Sussex RH13 6NZ.

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 01 September 2025 which was received by Natural England on the same date.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

**SUMMARY OF NATURAL ENGLAND'S ADVICE**

**NO OBJECTION - SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATE MITIGATION BEING SECURED**

Natural England considers that without appropriate mitigation the application would:

- have an adverse effect on the integrity of Arun Valley Special Area of Conservation, Special Protection Area and Ramsar site <https://designatedsites.naturalengland.org.uk/>.
- damage or destroy the interest features for which Amberley Wild Brooks and Pulborough Brooks Site of Special Scientific Interest has been notified.

In order to mitigate these adverse effects and make the development acceptable, the following mitigation options should be secured:

- Implementation of fittings to achieve an 85-litre person/day water use figure in the proposed dwellings and 28 litre person/day in the proposed commercial development.
- Installation of a rainwater harvesting system.
- Decommissioning of the Anaerobic Digester.

We advise that an appropriate planning condition or obligation is attached to any planning permission to secure these measures.

A lack of objection does not mean that there are no significant environmental impacts. Natural England advises that all environmental impacts and opportunities are fully considered and

relevant local bodies are consulted.

Natural England's further advice on designated sites/landscapes and advice on other natural environment issues is set out below.

## **Habitats Regulations Assessment**

Natural England notes that your authority, as competent authority, has undertaken an appropriate assessment of the proposal in accordance with regulation 63 of the Conservation of Species and Habitats Regulations 2017 (as amended). Natural England is a statutory consultee on the appropriate assessment stage of the Habitats Regulations Assessment process.

Your appropriate assessment concludes that your authority is able to ascertain that the proposal will not result in adverse effects on the integrity of any of the sites in question. Having considered the assessment, and the measures proposed to mitigate for all identified adverse effects that could potentially occur as a result of the proposal, Natural England advises that we concur with the assessment conclusions, providing that all mitigation measures are appropriately secured in any planning permission given.

## **Further Advice on Mitigation**

The proposed development falls within the [Sussex North Water Supply Zone](#) (SNWSZ). As set out in Natural England's [Advice Note](#) regarding planning applications within the SNWSZ, the existing water supply in the zone cannot be ruled out as contributing to the declines in wildlife within the internationally protected Arun Valley SPA, SAC and Ramsar sites. Ensuring that there is no net increase in water consumption is recognised as a suitable method to rule out potential adverse effects on the integrity of these sites arising from development.

The applicant has undertaken a water neutrality assessment which demonstrates that the proposal will be water neutral and will therefore not result in an adverse effect on the integrity of the Arun Valley designated sites. The submitted documents state that the existing water use is 2,261,748 litres per day and the proposed water use will be 1,315,885 litres per day, following the implementation of efficient fixtures and fittings, rainwater harvesting and the removal of the onsite anaerobic digester.

While we concur with the conclusions of the water neutrality assessment that the proposal achieves neutrality, we have the following comments to make on certain aspects of the assessment.

### *Rainwater Harvesting: Drought Contingency*

Despite rainwater harvesting calculations being provided, it is not clear whether a sufficient drought contingency has been included. Drought contingency requirements can either be factored into the WN budget or, alternatively, the applicant can evidence that it can be wholly supplied without a mains connection (e.g. through an appropriately sized water storage tank). We recommend that your authority, as competent authority, ensures that a sufficient drought contingency is provided.

## **Other Advice**

In addition, Natural England would advise on the following issues.

## **Protected Landscapes**

The proposed development is for a site within or close to a nationally designated landscape namely High Weald National Landscape (referred to in legislation as an Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)).

Natural England has concluded that impacts on the nationally designated landscape and the

delivery of its statutory purpose to conserve and enhance the area's natural beauty can be determined locally by the local planning authority, with advice from its landscape or planning officers, and from the relevant National Landscape Partnership or Conservation Board.

**Natural England is not confirming that there would not be a significant adverse effect on landscape or visual resources or on the statutory purpose of the area, only that there are no landscape issues which, based on the information received, necessitate Natural England's involvement.**

We advise that the planning authority uses national and local policies, together with local landscape expertise and information to determine the proposal. The policy and statutory framework to guide your decision and the role of local advice are explained below. Your decision should be guided by paragraph 189 and 190 of the National Planning Policy Framework, which requires great weight to be given to conserving and enhancing landscape and scenic beauty within National Landscapes, National Parks, and the Broads and states that the scale and extent of development within all these areas should be limited. Paragraph 190 requires exceptional circumstances to be demonstrated to justify major development within a designated landscape and sets out criteria which should be applied in considering this proposal.

Alongside national policy you should also apply landscape policies set out in your development plan, or appropriate saved policies.

We also advise that you consult the relevant National Landscape Partnership or Conservation Board. Their knowledge of the site and its wider landscape setting, together with the aims and objectives of the area's statutory management plan, will be a valuable contribution to the planning decision. Where available, a local Landscape Character Assessment can also be a helpful guide to the landscape's sensitivity to this type of development and its capacity to accommodate the proposed development.

The statutory purpose of the National Landscape is to conserve and enhance the area's natural beauty. You should assess the application carefully as to whether the proposed development would have a significant impact on or harm that statutory purpose.

Furthermore, [Section 245](#) (Protected Landscapes) of the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act 2023 places a duty on relevant authorities (which includes local authorities) in exercising or performing any functions in relation to, or so as to affect, land in a National Park, the Broads or National Landscape (referred to in legislation as an Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty) in England, to seek to further the statutory purposes of the area. The duty applies to local planning authorities and other decision makers in preparing development plans, making planning decisions on development and infrastructure proposals, as well as to other public bodies and statutory undertakers in undertaking their functions. This duty also applies to proposals outside the designated area but impacting on its natural beauty.

The relevant National Landscape body (Conservation Board or Partnership) may be able to offer advice in relation to the duty, including on how the proposed development aligns with and contributes to delivering the aims and objectives of the area's statutory management plan.

## **Final Comments**

Please note that if your authority is minded to grant planning permission contrary to the advice in this letter, you are required under Section 281 (6) of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) to notify Natural England of the permission, the terms on which it is proposed to grant it and how, if at all, your authority has taken account of Natural England's advice. You must also allow a further period of 21 days before the operation can commence.

Further general advice on consideration of protected species and other natural environment issues is provided at Annex A.

If you have any queries relating to the advice in this letter please contact me on [sophie.moore@naturalengland.org.uk](mailto:sophie.moore@naturalengland.org.uk).

We would not expect to provide further advice on the discharge of planning conditions or obligations attached to any planning permission.

Should the proposal change, please consult us again.

Yours sincerely,

**Sophie Moore**  
Senior Officer for Sussex – Sustainable Development  
Sussex & Kent Team