



**PRELIMINARY GROUND
CONTAMINATION RISK
ASSESSMENT REPORT**

**LOT 8
STONEHOUSE FARM
PLUMMERS PLAIN
LOWER BEEDING
WEST SUSSEX**

PROJECT REFERENCE: P17027

REPORT REFERENCE: R16577

Report Beneficiary: Lake Investment Ltd

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following presents a summary of the main findings of the report. It is emphasised that no reliance should be placed on any individual point until the whole of the report has been read as other sections of the report may put into context the information contained herein.

Ashdown Site Investigation Ltd was requested to undertake a preliminary ground contamination risk assessment report to assist with a full planning application to form a comprehensive masterplan including:

1. Rationalisation and enhancement of existing commercial facilities (Use Classes E(g), B2 and B8 at Stonehouse Business Park including demolition of two buildings and their replacement with new Class E(g), B2 and B8 facilities. Extension of existing building to form a new office and wardens' accommodation. Existing mobile home removed.
2. Decommissioning of the Anaerobic Digester and re-use of the existing 2no buildings for storage and office uses (Class E (g) and B8) and the diversion of a public footpath.
3. Residential redevelopment of the Jacksons Farm site including the demolition of existing barns to provide 3no. dwellings with access, parking, and landscaping.

This report covers the area known as "Lot 8".

The site currently comprises a large storage barn in the north east, a small building to its south containing a disused anaerobic digestor and areas of open space and hardstanding.

The site has comprised of open agricultural land from the earliest OS Map dating back to the mid-1870s. It is only in recent years that the building containing the anaerobic digestor was constructed, circa 2018, followed by the large barn, circa 2021.

Reference to geological datasets indicates that the site is expected to be underlain by the Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation. Previous ground investigations undertaken by others confirmed the underlying soils to comprise a variable significant thickness of made ground, due to the deposited waste, overlying the [Upper] Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation deposits.

The Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation is classed as a Secondary A Aquifer. Limited groundwater seepages were encountered within the trial pits from the previous investigation works, though most were dry.

In view of the findings of previous phases of investigation works carried out in 2024, the preliminary contamination risk assessment has not identified any potential pollutant linkages to be present with regard to the proposed development works.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|
| 1. | INTRODUCTION | 1 |
| 2. | SITE CONTEXT | 2 |
| 2.1 | Walkover Survey | 2 |
| 2.2 | Geological Data Review | 4 |
| 2.3 | Hydrogeological and Hydrological Data | 7 |
| 3. | GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL DATA | 9 |
| 3.1 | Historical Industrial Sites | 9 |
| 3.2 | Landfill and Other Waste Sites | 9 |
| 3.3 | Current Industrial Land Use | 9 |
| 3.4 | Sensitive Land Use | 10 |
| 3.5 | Railway Infrastructure and Projects | 10 |
| 4. | HISTORICAL MAP AND IMAGERY REVIEW | 11 |
| 5. | PREVIOUS GROUND INVESTIGATIONS | 12 |
| 5.1 | January 2024 | 12 |
| 5.2 | November 2024 | 12 |
| 6. | PRELIMINARY CONTAMINATION RISK ASSESSMENT | 13 |
| 6.1 | Introduction | 13 |
| 6.2 | Contaminant Pathways Identified | 13 |
| 6.3 | Potential Contamination Sources Identified | 14 |
| 6.4 | Preliminary Conceptual Model | 14 |
| 6.5 | Discovery Strategy | 14 |

FIGURES AND APPENDICES

FIGURES

Figure 1 Site Location Plan

APPENDIX A

Proposed Development Layout

APPENDIX B

Existing Site Layout

APPENDIX C

Classification of Probability, Consequence and Risk

APPENDIX D

Preliminary Conceptual Model

APPENDIX E

Groundsure Enviro+Geo Insight Report

Historical Maps

1. INTRODUCTION

Ashdown Site Investigation Ltd was requested to undertake a preliminary ground contamination risk assessment report to assist with a full planning application to form a comprehensive masterplan including:

4. Rationalisation and enhancement of existing commercial facilities (Use Classes E(g) B2 and B8 at Stonehouse Business Park including demolition of two buildings and their replacement with new Class E(g), B2 and B8 facilities. Extension of existing building to form a new office and wardens' accommodation. Existing mobile home removed.
5. Decommissioning of the Anaerobic Digester and re-use of the existing 2no buildings for storage and office uses (Class E (g) and B8) and the diversion of a public footpath.
6. Residential redevelopment of the Jacksons Farm site including the demolition of existing barns to provide 3no. dwellings with access, parking, and landscaping.

This report covers the area known as "Lot 8". A copy of the proposed development layout is presented in Appendix A.

The specific objectives of the works were to:

- a) Establish the expected geology, hydrogeology and hydrology at the site;
- b) Ascertain the development history and current site use; and
- c) Develop a preliminary conceptual model of the site identifying potential pollutant linkages relating to end users of the proposed development works, to controlled waters beneath and in the vicinity of the site, or to other off-site sensitive receptors, if identified.

The scope of the works covered by this report, and the terms and conditions under which they were undertaken, were set out within the offer letter Q14890/Rev1, dated 21st January 2025. The instruction to proceed was received from ECE Planning on behalf of the client, Lake Investment Ltd.

Copies of the historical maps and geo-environmental data referred to in this report are presented within Appendix E.

A number of previous reports, prepared by others, for investigation works on part of the site were provided by the client. These are discussed in Section 5.

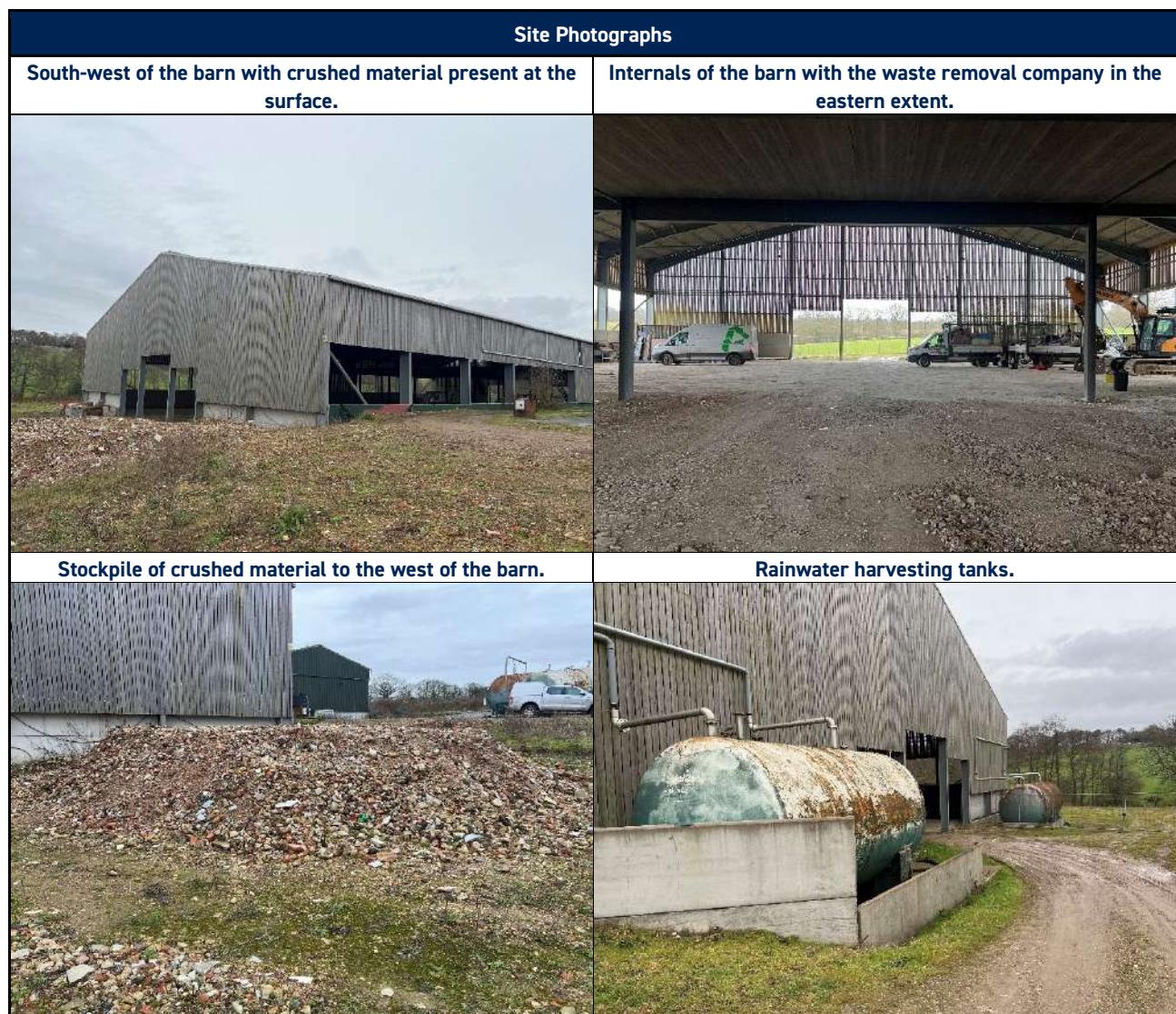
2. SITE CONTEXT

2.1 Walkover Survey

The site is located some 400m north of Handcross Road, Plummers Plain, West Sussex and is centred on the approximate Ordnance Survey national grid reference 522705, 128272. A site location plan is presented as Figure 1. A plan showing the existing layout is presented as Appendix B.

The site is currently occupied by a barn in the north-east with an inactive anaerobic digestor located within a smaller building to its south with associated external tanks.

A large barn with a crushed stone floor is located in the north-east, and appears to be of relatively recent construction. A waste removal company occupied a portion of the eastern end of the barn, with the remainder vacant. Two large rainwater harvesting tanks were present to the east of the barn. Pallets of building materials and a stockpile of crushed stone were present to the west of the barn, with further crushed material visible across the ground in the open area to the west of the barn.



To the south of the large barn is a smaller building that contains an inactive anaerobic digester. To the east of this building are a series of associated generators, ventilation equipment and a substation. West of the small building is an attenuation pond, an above ground tank and several bunded IBCs.

| Site Photographs | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Anaerobic digestors within the building. | | Generator, ventilation and substation to the east of the building. | |
|  | |  | |
| Attenuation pond to the west of the barn. | | Buried tank and bunded IBCs | |
|  | |  | |

The southern part of the site is formed of a large area of hardstanding, with an earth bund on the southern side, beyond which lies a track which runs along to the south-western corner of the site. Three tanks of a similar shape and size to the rainwater harvesting tanks on the barn are located in the north-west of this area. A stream was present flowing southwards along the western boundary of the site.

| Site Photographs | |
|--|---|
| Extent of hardstanding to the south of the digestor building. | Three above ground tanks. |
|  |  |
| Bund either side of the track on the southern boundary. | Northern and western facades of the large barn in the north-east |
|  |  |

2.2 Geological Data Review

2.2.1 *Expected Geology and Aquifer Designation*

The stratigraphic unit that may be expected to underlie the site has been established by reference to British Geological Survey (BGS) mapping and the BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units. The expected stratigraphy is presented in the following table.

Table 1. Expected Strata and Aquifer Designation

| Type | Stratum | Aquifer Designation |
|----------------|--|---------------------|
| Bedrock | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand – Sandstone and Siltstone interbedded | Secondary A Aquifer |

The Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation forms part of the Wealden Group. The formation is of Valanginian age (133.9 to 139.4 million years old; Early Cretaceous). The Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation predominantly comprises repeating sequences of fine to medium grained sandstone, siltstone and silty sand with finely-bedded mudstones and thin limestones. In the western High Weald (between Haywards

Heath and Tunbridge Wells) the formation can be divided into three, the informally named Lower and Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand and the intervening Grinstead Clay Member. The succession commences with rhythmically bedded sandstones, siltstones and mudstones of the lower part of the Lower Tunbridge Wells Sand which pass up into the massive sandstones of the Ardingly Sandstone Member. These are overlain by the finely bedded mudstones, mudstones and silty mudstones with subordinate clay ironstones and shelly limestones of the Grinstead Clay Member. This clay member is itself locally divided into upper and lower parts by the cross-bedded fine sandstone of the Cuckfield Stone Bed. Above the Grinstead Clay Member, the Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand comprises a generally more argillaceous rhythmic succession, including mudstones, siltstones and silty sandstones. Outside the western High Weald the Grinstead Clay Member is not recognisable and the succession is mapped as undivided Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation. The formation is recorded by the BGS to range in thickness up to 122m.

2.2.2 Natural Ground Subsidence

Table 2. Natural Ground Subsidence from Groundsure Data

| Section | Groundsure Comment (Hazard Rating) |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Soil Volume Change Potential (Shrink-Swell) | Negligible |
| Running Sands | Negligible |
| Compressible Deposits | Negligible |
| Collapsible Deposits | Very Low |
| Landslides | Very Low |
| Ground Dissolution of Soluble Rocks | Negligible |

2.2.3 Ground Cavities and Sinkholes

Table 3. Ground Cavities and Sinkholes from Groundsure Data

| Section | Groundsure Comment |
|---------------------------|--|
| Natural Cavities | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Mining Cavities | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Reported Recent Incidents | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Historical Incidents | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| National Karst Database | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |

2.2.4 Mining and Ground Workings

Table 4. Mining and Ground Workings from Groundsure Data

| Section | Groundsure Comment |
|-------------------------|--|
| BritPits | No BritPits are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Surface Ground Workings | No surface ground workings are identified within 500m of the site. |

| Section | Groundsure Comment |
|---|--|
| Underground Workings | No underground workings are identified within 1km of the site. |
| Historical Mineral Planning Areas | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Non-Coal Mining | Land 72m to the north of the site is identified to be in an area where underground mine workings for iron ore may have occurred in the past or current mines may be working at significant depth to modern engineering standards. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely and are at a level where they need not be considered. |
| JPB Mining Areas | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| The Coal Authority - Non-Coal Mining | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Researched Mining | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Mining Record Office Plans | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| BGS Mine Plans | No records are identified within 500m of the site. |
| Coal Mining | No records are identified on the site. |
| Brine Areas | No records are identified on the site. |
| Gypsum Areas | No records are identified on the site. |
| Tin Mining | No records are identified on the site. |
| Clay Mining | No records are identified on the site. |

The geological units of the Wealden Group, including the Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation, were locally mined for iron during the early Roman period, the Medieval period and significantly between the 15th and 18th centuries. The mining activities were associated with hammer and furnace ponds, and forges. The locations of many of the workings are unknown, the works mostly having been dismantled and sites overgrown with woodland. Many of the old ponds in the Weald may be representative of old hammer or furnace ponds.

The historical extraction was mostly from open pits excavated from surface, but during the Medieval period, extraction in the eastern Weald was increasingly from mine pits. These mine pits were typically five metres in diameter and up to twelve metres deep. The pits were worked in sequence with spoil from one pit used to in-fill the one before. In the western part of the Weald, the principal method of extracting iron ore was also the mine pit but smaller in scale; the pits consisted of a vertical shaft up to 2.5 metres in diameter and the base of the shaft would have been widened out.

The British Geological Survey GeoIndex Onshore viewer records the presence of five ceased pits which are located from 550m away from the site. A search of the Wealden Iron Research Group database revealed no records of iron workings within 1km of the site. The risk posed to the development is considered to be very low.

Further assessment of the natural ground and mining hazards can be undertaken, if required, to provide more detailed comment specific to the site.

2.2.5 Radon

Table 5. Radon

| Section | Groundsure Comment |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Radon Affected Areas | The site is reported to be within an area where less than 1% of properties are at or above the action level requiring radon gas protection measures to be installed in new buildings. |
| Radon Protection Measures | No radon protection measures are reported by the British Geological Survey to be necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions. |

2.2.6 Soil Chemistry

Table 6. BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

| Contaminant | Estimated Value (mg/kg) |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 15 |
| Bioaccessible Arsenic | No data |
| Lead | 100 |
| Bioaccessible Lead | 60 |
| Cadmium | 1.8 |
| Chromium | 60 - 90 |
| Nickel | 15 - 30 |

2.3 Hydrogeological and Hydrological Data

2.3.1 Groundwater Abstractions

No groundwater abstraction licences are indicated within 2km of the site.

2.3.2 Surface Water Abstractions

The closest surface water abstraction licence is recorded to lie 1333m to the north-west of the site and is used by Mannings Heath Golf Club for spray irrigation.

2.3.3 Potable Abstractions

No potable abstraction licences are indicated within 2km of the site.

2.3.4 Groundwater Vulnerability

The level of groundwater vulnerability, as reported within the Groundsure data, is High.

2.3.5 **Groundwater Source Protection Zones (SPZ)**

The Environment Agency defines SPZs as those areas where groundwater supplies are at risk from potentially polluting activities and accidental releases of pollutants. SPZs are primarily a policy tool used to control activities close to water supplies intended for human consumption.

The site does not lie within a SPZ.

2.3.6 **Surface Water Features**

The nearest recorded significant surface water feature is noted on site and is reported to be an inland river in the east of the site. The walkover also identified a stream flowing south along/adjacent to the western boundary.

2.3.7 **Flood Risk**

The table below summarises the flood risk data provided by the Groundsure report. It is noted that this does not constitute a flood risk assessment.

Table 7. Flood Risk

| Section | On Site | Within 50m of the Site |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Seas (RoFRaS) | None Identified | None Identified |
| Historical Flood Events | None Identified | None Identified |
| Flood Defences | None Identified | None Identified |
| Areas Benefitting from Flood Defences | None Identified | None Identified |
| Flood Storage Areas | None Identified | None Identified |
| Environment Agency Flood Zone 2 | None Identified | None Identified |
| Environment Agency Flood Zone 3 | None Identified | None Identified |
| Surface Water Flooding | Highest Risk: Negligible | Highest Risk: 1 in 30 year, 0.3-1.0m |
| Groundwater Flooding | Highest Risk: Moderate-High | Highest Risk: High |

3. GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

3.1 Historical Industrial Sites

The following table summarises past land uses of the site and the surrounding area extracted by Groundsure from historical maps.

Table 8. Historical Industrial Sites

| Section | Remarks |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Historical Industrial Land Uses | No historical land uses are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Historical Tank Database | No historical tanks are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Historical Energy Features | No energy features are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Historical Petrol Stations | No historical petrol stations are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Historical Garages | No historical garages are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Historical Military Sites | No historical military sites are identified within 100m of the site. |

3.2 Landfill and Other Waste Sites

The following table summarises the location of waste sites either on the site or within the surrounding area (within 250m of the site).

Table 9. Landfill and Other Waste Sites

| Section | Groundsure Comments |
|---|---|
| Active or Recent Landfills | No active or recent landfills are identified within 250m of the site. |
| Historical Landfill (BGS Records/LA/Mapping Records EA Records) | No historical landfills are identified within 250m of the site. |
| Historical Waste Sites | No historical waste sites are identified within 250m of the site. |
| Licensed Waste Sites | No licensed waste sites are identified within 250m of the site. |
| Waste Exemptions | No waste exemptions are identified within 250m of the site. |

3.3 Current Industrial Land Use

The relevant current industrial land uses are discussed in the table below.

Table 10. Current Industrial Land Uses

| Section | Groundsure Comments |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Recent Industrial Land Use | No recent industrial land uses are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Current or Recent Petrol stations | No current or recent petrol stations are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Electricity Cables / Gas Pipelines | No underground high voltage cables or high-pressure pipes are identified within 100m of the site. |

| Section | Groundsure Comments |
|---|--|
| Sites determined as Contaminated Land | No sites determined as contaminated land are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Sites | No COMAH sites are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Regulated Explosive Sites | No regulated explosive sites are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Hazardous Substance Storage/Usage | No consents have been granted for hazardous substance storage/usage within 100m of the site. |
| Historical Licensed Industrial Activities (IPC) | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Licensed Industrial Activities (Part A(1)) | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Licensed Pollutant Release (Part A(2)/B) | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Radioactive Substance Authorisations | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Licensed Discharges to Controlled Waters | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Pollutant Release to Surface Water / Public Sewer | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| List 1 / List 2 Dangerous Substances | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW) | No pollution incidents are identified within 100m of the site. |
| Pollution Inventory Substances / Waste Transfers / Radioactive Waste | No records are identified within 100m of the site. |

3.4 Sensitive Land Use

The site is located within a nitrate vulnerability zone. The site is also located within a SSSI impact risk zone; attention is drawn to the list of commercial land uses within the geo-environmental data within Appendix E in this regard.

3.5 Railway Infrastructure and Projects

No current railway or associated features are identified within 250m of the site.

4. HISTORICAL MAP AND IMAGERY REVIEW

Historical Ordnance Survey maps and imagery covering the area of the site have been reviewed and are summarised in the following table.

It is noted that maps and images present information applicable at the time of production of the maps or image captures, that maps are subject to surveying and cartographic errors and images to atmospheric conditions at the time of their capture. It is possible that significant developments may have taken place on or within the vicinity of the site that are not shown on the inspected maps and images.

'In the Vicinity of the Site' generally refers to features of relevance within approximately 250m of the site boundary but may also include more distant features if considered to be pertinent to the assessment of the development history.

Table 11. Summary of Significant Features Identified on Historical Maps and Images

| Map/Image Details | On-Site | In the Vicinity of the Site |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| 1874 1:2,500 | The site comprises part of an open field. | The site is surrounded by agricultural land. A stream runs down the western boundary. |
| 2018 Aerial Photograph | The smaller building which houses the anaerobic digestor is now shown, along with the area of hardstanding in the south and the location of the attenuation pond. | |
| 2021 Aerial Photograph | <p>The barn in the north-east of the site is now shown.</p> <p>Several HGVs are present in the hardstanding area in the south of the site. The existing rainwater tanks are present to the north of the hardstanding.</p> | Surface ground workings have taken place across the area to the north and north-east of the site. |

5. PREVIOUS GROUND INVESTIGATIONS

Ashdown Site Investigation Ltd has been provided with copies of four reports prepared by Southern Testing for the site and immediate surrounding area; one report¹ prepared in January 2024 and three^{2,3,4} prepared in November 2024. Whilst the reports are summarised below, the reader is referred to the original reports which include testing locations and laboratory analysis results.

5.1 January 2024

The initial report relates to testing of two stockpiles of material located to the west of the large barn, along with building and demolition rubble which had been deposited between the barn and the stream off site to the north. At the time the report was prepared it was understood that the barn was to be retained and possibly utilised as a green waste compost processing facility.

A total of 6 no. machine excavated trial pits were undertaken to the west and north of the barn to determine the extent and nature of the deposited materials. Made ground was found to be present to depths in excess of 3.50m, underlain by the Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation. No visual or olfactory evidence of any TPHs or suspected asbestos containing materials were observed within the pits. Samples were taken from the pits along with the two stockpiles to the west of the barn.

Laboratory testing was undertaken on seven samples of made ground from the machine excavated pits. None of the concentrations exceeded the screening values for a generic "Residential land use including consumption of home-grown produce" and no significant concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons or asbestos materials were identified. Selected samples were also sent for leachate testing to assess the risks to groundwater. Whilst zinc, copper, lead and benzo(a)pyrene were locally elevated, the report concluded that the made ground did not pose a significant risk to water receptors, so long as the land between the barn and the stream remained vegetated.

The samples obtained from the stockpiles were analysed against the Tier 1 screening values for Commercial/Industrial land use, given that this material was likely to be used as a floor subbase for the barn. No elevated concentrations of heavy metals, PAHs or petroleum hydrocarbons were identified and no asbestos containing materials found.

5.2 November 2024

Three further reports were issued in November 2024, which referenced an additional 6 no. machine excavated trial pits excavated to the west of the barn and anaerobic digestor building, 4 no. pits in the adjacent field to the east of the site and 3 no. pits along the southern-most earth bund in the south of the site.

Made ground was found to be present to depths of up to 2.20m below ground level to the west of the buildings and within the field to the east, and to the full extent of the pits excavated into the earth bund. No visual or olfactory evidence of any TPHs or suspected asbestos containing materials were observed within the trial pits.

¹ Southern Testing, Report Ref. ER/SKT/AM/J15630 Dated 29th January 2024

² Southern Testing, Report Ref. ER/SKT/AM/J15856, Dated 20th November 2024

³ Southern Testing, Report Ref. ER/SKT/AM/J15857, Dated 20th November 2024

⁴ Southern Testing, Report Ref. ER/SKT/AM/J15857/bund letter, Dated 20th November 2024

Four samples from the bund trial pits and eleven from the surface level pits were sent for laboratory testing with the results again compared to screening values for "Residential land use including consumption of home-grown produce". The report noted that in comparison with those screening values, slightly elevated levels of benzo(a)pyrene were present within a number of samples. No significant concentrations of heavy metals or petroleum hydrocarbons were identified and no asbestos containing materials were found to be present.

Given that the site is not intended to be used for residential purposes, the concentrations of benzo(a)pyrene could instead be compared against screening values for a generic commercial/light industrial use and, if this is done, the concentrations are well below the published screening values.

6. PRELIMINARY CONTAMINATION RISK ASSESSMENT

6.1 Introduction

The risk assessment considers the potential sources of contamination identified, the receptors that may be present in view of the development proposals and the contaminant pathways by which these may be linked. A complete pollutant linkage is only deemed to exist where all three are present and a site is considered suitable for use where no complete pollutant linkages are identified.

Where a complete pollutant linkage is deemed to be present, an assessment of the level of risk associated with the pollutant linkage has been carried out in line with current guidance⁵.

The level of risk is determined using the risk matrix presented in the following table. Classifications of probability, consequence and risk are presented in Appendix C.

Table 12. Risk Assessment Matrix

| | | Probability | | | |
|-------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Very Low | Low | Moderate | High |
| Consequence | Very Minor | Negligible | Very Low | Low | Low/Moderate |
| | Minor | Very Low | Low | Low/Moderate | Moderate |
| | Moderate | Low | Low/Moderate | Moderate | High |
| | Severe | Low/Moderate | Moderate | High | Very High |

6.2 Contaminant Pathways Identified

The development is to comprise the repurposing of the existing units for storage and distribution purposes.

Pathways associated with gas and vapour intrusion are considered to be valid alongside direct contact, and dust generation. However, pathways associated with the consumption of site grown produce are not considered to be valid.

Should the proposed development plans be altered, a revised risk assessment may be required.

⁵ Contaminated Land Risk Assessment: A guide to good practice, CIRIA C552, 2001.

The site is expected to be underlain by the Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand Formation which is classed as a Secondary A Aquifer. Although the site is not located within a SPZ, and is located within a rural area, pathways relating to controlled waters may be reasonably considered to be present.

6.3 Potential Contamination Sources Identified

The only potential source identified by the risk assessment is the presence of made ground beneath various parts of the site from its recent development, which has evidently included the placement of granular fill material to quite significant depths in places.

However, several phases of investigation works were carried out in 2024 to assess the made ground and these have found that the made ground does not contain concentrations of contaminants that would pose an unacceptable risk to end users of a commercial/light industrial development, or to controlled waters.

As such, no potential sources of contamination are considered to be present at the site.

6.4 Preliminary Conceptual Model

The preliminary conceptual model for the proposed development is presented in Appendix D.

6.5 Discovery Strategy

Although no complete pollutant linkages are considered to be present if, during the course of any development works, any materials not previously identified by the investigation that are suspected of being 'contaminants' are encountered, then the following procedure should apply:

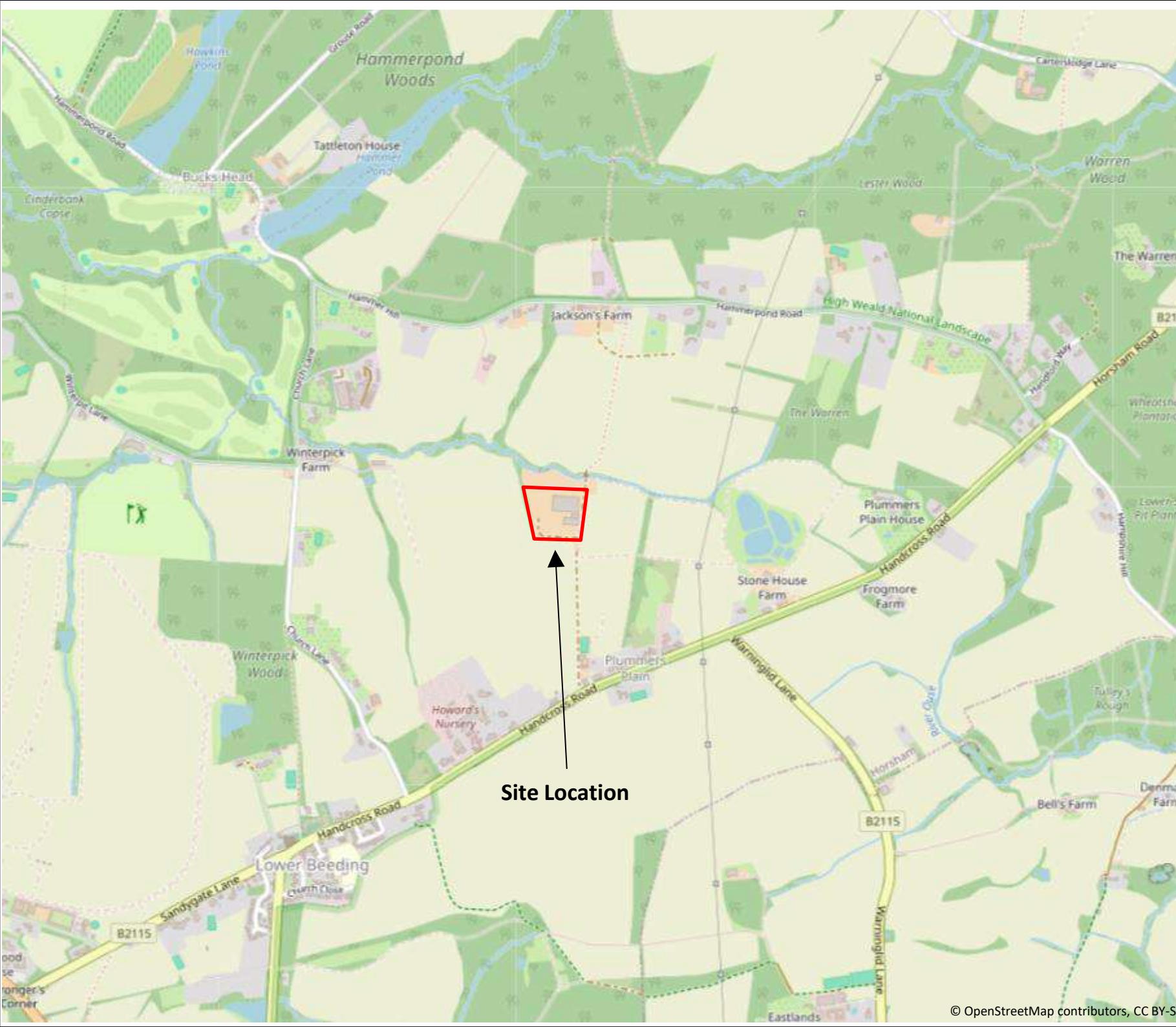
- All works in that area should cease and the site manager should be informed.
- Advice should be sought from suitably qualified and experienced personnel as to whether any further site inspection, sampling, testing and/or assessment is deemed necessary.
- If required, the conclusions of any assessment and any proposed remedial works (if required) should be agreed by the local authority.
- If necessary, full details of any remedial works should be included in a verification report for the site.

Suspected 'contamination' may take the following form, though it is noted that this list is not exhaustive and site operatives should ask if they are at all unsure of any findings:

- Soil or water looks oily and/or has an oily odour
- Soil or water has a solvent type of odour
- Significant quantities of man-made materials within fill such as paint cans, car parts, glass fragments
- Suspected asbestos containing materials (insulating boards, cement, loose fibres etc.)
- Significant volumes of clinker like or ashy material
- Sand bags, and or/subsurface concrete structures
- Animal carcasses or evidence of animal burial pits

FIGURES

Figure 1 Site Location Plan



Site Location

ASHDOWN
SITE INVESTIGATION

Head Office

Unit 3
The Old Grain Store
Ditchling Common Business Park
Ditchling
East Sussex
BN6 8SG
contact@ashdownsi.co.uk

Site

Lot 8
Stonehouse Farm
Plummers Plain
Lower Beeding
West Sussex

Project Ref

P17027

Figure No

1

Drawing Title

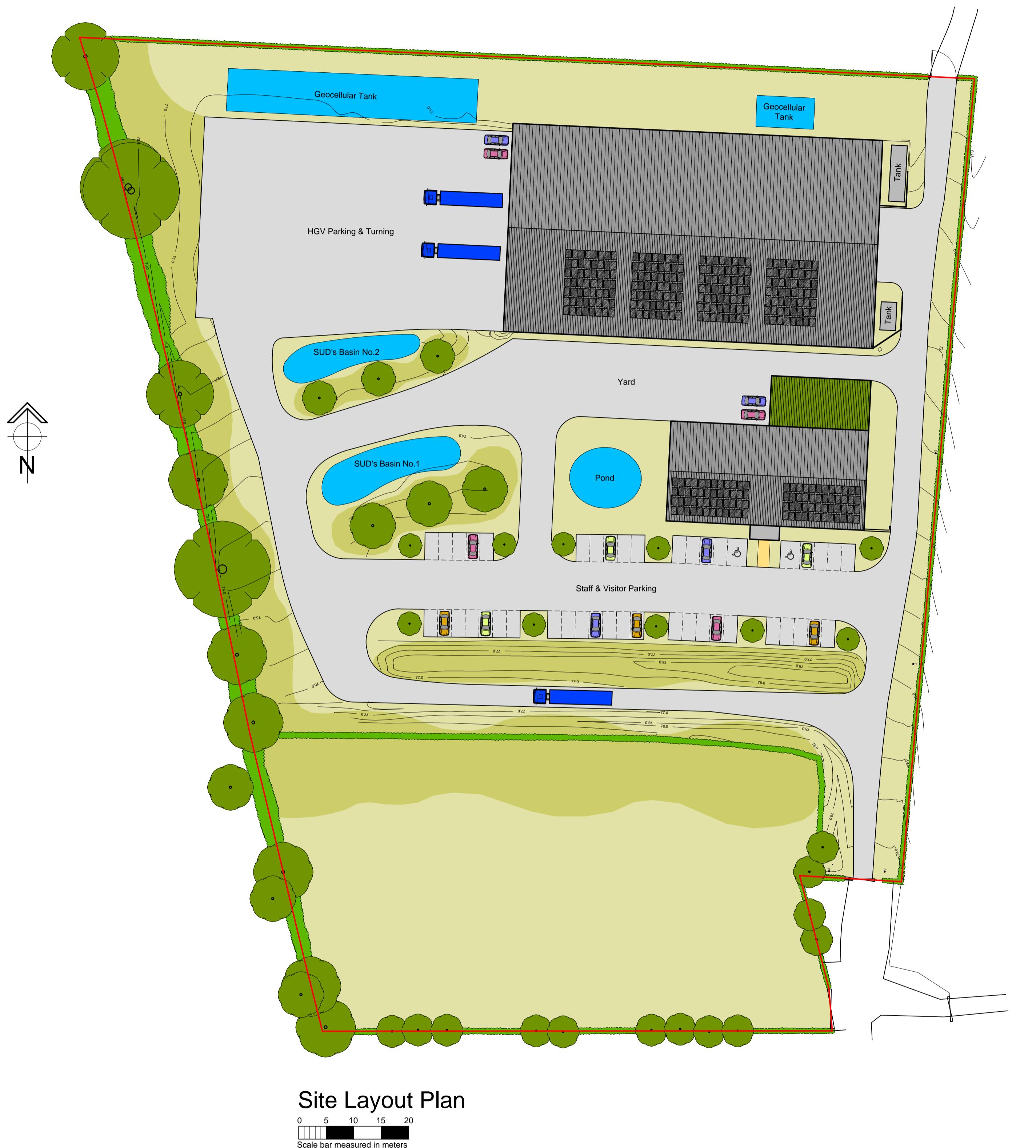
Site Location Plan

Scale

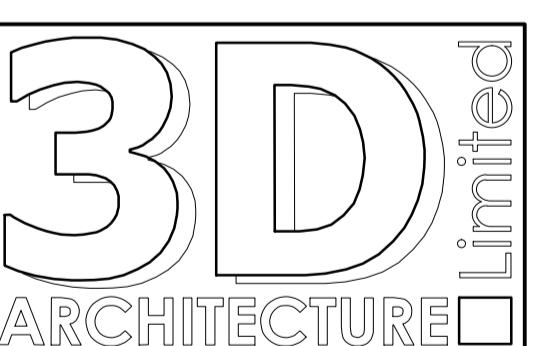
Not To Scale

APPENDIX A

Proposed Development Layout



PLANNING



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CLIENT

Lee Goossens

PROJECT

Stonehouse Farm
 Handcross Road, Plummer Plain,
 Horsham, West Sussex
 RH13 6NZ

DRAWING TITLE

Site Layout Plan
 As Proposed

SCALE DATE DRAWN BY

1:500 October 2024 ANH

DRAWING NO.

2024/PL7

REVISION

C

A1

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Contractor to CHECK all dimensions & report any discrepancies. All works and materials used are to fully comply with ALL standards as required by the relevant Trade Association, Building Regulations, Building Safety, Manufacturers Specifications (BBA Certification, etc). All works to be carried out fully in accordance with any Engineer's Calculations, Details, & Instructions, as and where applicable.

PLANNING

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ARCHITECTURE Limited

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CLIENT**Lee Goossens**

PROJECT
Stonehouse Farm
Handcross Road, Plummers Plain,
Horsham, West Sussex
RH13 6NZ

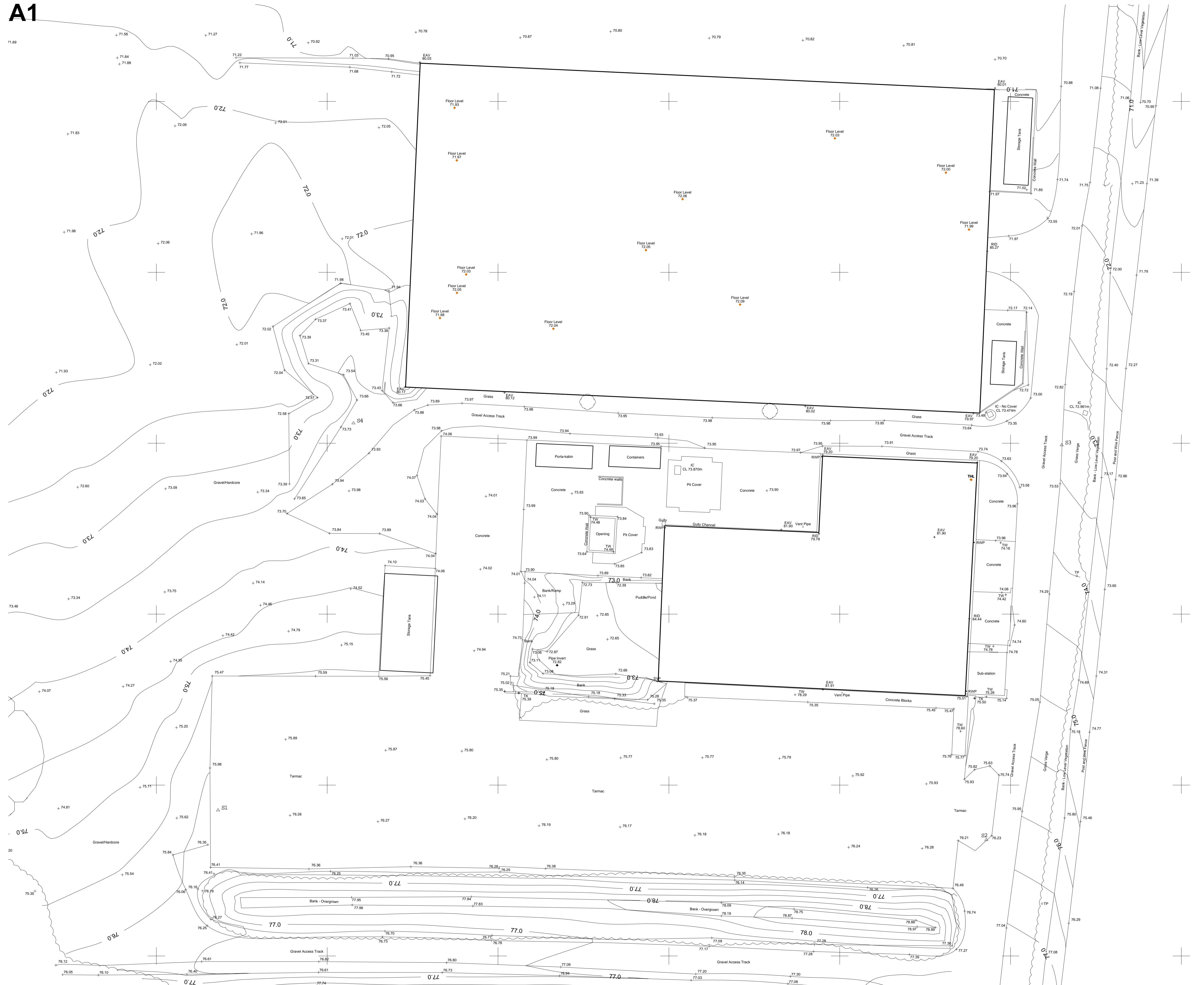
DRAWING TITLE
Site Location Plans
As Existing & As Proposed

SCALE 1:1250 **DATE** October 2024 **DRAWN BY** ANH

DRAWING NO. 2024/PL8 **REVISION** A

APPENDIX B

Existing Site Layout

A1

APPENDIX C

Classification of Probability, Consequence and Risk

| Probability Of Risk Being Realised | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Classification | Definition |
| High | There is a pollution linkage and an event that either appears very likely in the short term and almost inevitable over the long term or there is evidence at the receptor of harm or pollution. |
| Moderate | There is a pollution linkage and all the elements are present and in the right place, which means that it is probable that an event will occur. Circumstances are such that an event is not inevitable, but possible in the short term and likely over the long term. |
| Low | There is a pollution linkage and circumstances are possible under which an event could occur. However, it is by no means certain that even over a longer period such event would take place and is less likely in the shorter term. |
| Very Low | There is a pollution linkage but circumstances are such that it is improbable that an event would occur even in the very long term. |

| Consequence Of Risk Being Realised | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Classification | Category | Definition |
| Severe | Human Health | Short term (acute) risk to human health likely to result in "significant harm" as defined by the Environment Protection Act 1990, Part IIA. |
| | Controlled Waters | Short term risk of pollution (note: Water Resources Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution) of sensitive water resource. |
| | Property | Catastrophic damage to buildings/property. |
| | Ecological Systems | A short term risk to a particular ecosystem or organisation forming part of such ecosystem. |
| Moderate | Human Health | Chronic damage to Human Health. |
| | Controlled Waters | Pollution of sensitive water resources (note: Water Resources Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution). |
| | Ecological System | A significant change in a particular ecosystem or organism forming part of such ecosystem. |
| Minor | Controlled Waters | Pollution of non-sensitive water resources. |
| | Property | Significant damage to crops, buildings, structures and services. |
| | Ecological Systems | Damage to sensitive buildings/structures/services or the environment. |
| Very Minor | Human Health | Non-permanent health effects to human health (easily prevented by means such as personal protective clothing, etc). |
| | Property | Easily repairable effects of damage to buildings, structures and services. |
| | Project | Harm, although not necessarily significant harm, which may result in a financial loss or expenditure to resolve. |

| Risk Classification Definitions | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Very High | There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, OR, there is evidence that severe harm to a designated receptor is currently happening. This risk, if realised, is likely to result in a substantial liability. Urgent investigation (if not undertaken already) and remediation are likely to be required. |
| High | Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. Realisation of the risk is likely to present a substantial liability. Urgent investigation (if not undertaken already) is required and remedial works may be necessary in the short term and are likely over the long term. |
| Moderate | It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. However, it is relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe, or if any harm were to occur it is more likely that the harm would be relatively mild. Investigation (if not already undertaken) is normally required to clarify the risk and to determine the potential liability. Some remedial works may be required in the longer term. |
| Low | It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, but there is a low likelihood of this hazard occurring and if realised, harm would at worst normally be mild. |
| Very Low | There is a low possibility that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised, it is not likely to be severe. |

APPENDIX D

Preliminary Conceptual Model

Site: Lot 8, Stonehouse Farm, Plummers Plain, Lower Beeding, West Sussex

Project Ref: P17027

| Potential Source | Potential Receptor | Potential Contaminants | Potential Pathway | Complete Linkage Present? | Probability | Consequence | Risk |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|---|-------------|-------------|------|
| No significant sources of contamination identified | End Users | | Dermal contact with soil and dust (indoor & outdoor) | No potential contaminants identified | | | N/A |
| | | | Ingestion of soil and indoor dust | No potential contaminants identified | | | N/A |
| | | | Consumption of home-grown produce and attached soil | No private gardens proposed | | | N/A |
| | | | Inhalation of soil dust (indoor and outdoor) | No potential contaminants identified | | | N/A |
| | | | Inhalation of soil vapours | No potential contaminants identified | | | N/A |
| | | | Inhalation of soil gases/ Risk of explosion | No potential gas source identified | | | N/A |
| | End Users (via Water Supply Pipework) | | Contamination of incoming services | No potential contaminants identified | | | N/A |
| | Groundwater | | Migration to groundwater | No contaminants likely to impact groundwater identified | | | N/A |

APPENDIX E

Groundsure Enviro+Geo Insight Report
Historical Maps

Lot 8, Stonehouse Farm, HANDCROSS ROAD, PLUMMERS PLAIN, WEST SUSSEX, RH13 6NZ

Order Details

Date: 27/01/2025

Your ref: P17027

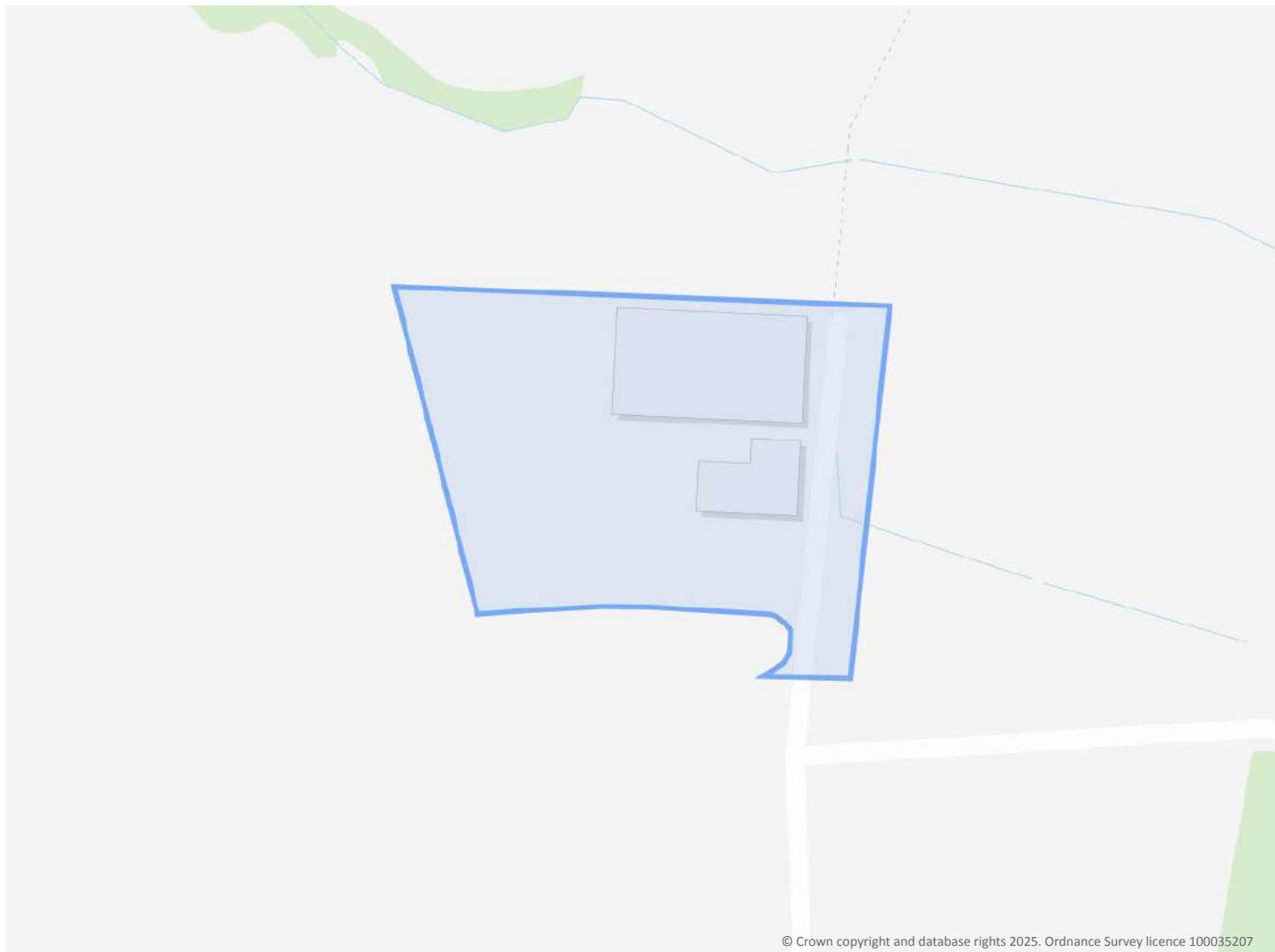
Our Ref: GS-G26-TMP-205-K71

Site Details

Location: 522705 128272

Area: 1.78 ha

Authority: [Horsham District Council](#) ↗



Summary of findings

[p. 2 >](#) **Aerial image**

[p. 9 >](#)

OS MasterMap site plan

[p.14 >](#) [Insight User Guide](#) ↗

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01273 257 755

Summary of findings

| Page | Section | <u>Past land use ></u> | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 15 > | 1.1 > | Historical industrial land uses > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | - |
| 16 | 1.2 | Historical tanks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 16 | 1.3 | Historical energy features | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 16 | 1.4 | Historical petrol stations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 17 > | 1.5 > | Historical garages > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | - |
| 17 | 1.6 | Historical military land | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Page | Section | <u>Past land use - un-grouped ></u> | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
| 18 > | 2.1 > | Historical industrial land uses > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | - |
| 19 | 2.2 | Historical tanks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 19 | 2.3 | Historical energy features | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 19 | 2.4 | Historical petrol stations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 20 > | 2.5 > | Historical garages > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | - |
| Page | Section | <u>Waste and landfill ></u> | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
| 21 | 3.1 | Active or recent landfill | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 21 | 3.2 | Historical landfill (BGS records) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 22 | 3.3 | Historical landfill (LA/mapping records) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 22 > | 3.4 > | Historical landfill (EA/NRW records) > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - |
| 22 | 3.5 | Historical waste sites | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 22 | 3.6 | Licensed waste sites | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 23 > | 3.7 > | Waste exemptions > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | - |
| Page | Section | <u>Current industrial land use ></u> | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
| 26 | 4.1 | Recent industrial land uses | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 26 > | 4.2 > | Current or recent petrol stations > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - |
| 27 | 4.3 | Electricity cables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 27 | 4.4 | Gas pipelines | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 27 | 4.5 | Sites determined as Contaminated Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |



| | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 27 | 4.6 | Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 28 | 4.7 | Regulated explosive sites | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 28 | 4.8 | Hazardous substance storage/usage | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 28 | 4.9 | Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 28 | 4.10 | Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 28 | 4.11 | Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 29 | 4.12 | Radioactive Substance Authorisations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| <u>29 ></u> | <u>4.13 ></u> | <u>Licensed Discharges to controlled waters ></u> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | - |
| 30 | 4.14 | Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 30 | 4.15 | Pollutant release to public sewer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 30 | 4.16 | List 1 Dangerous Substances | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 30 | 4.17 | List 2 Dangerous Substances | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| <u>30 ></u> | <u>4.18 ></u> | <u>Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW) ></u> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | - |
| 31 | 4.19 | Pollution inventory substances | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 31 | 4.20 | Pollution inventory waste transfers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 31 | 4.21 | Pollution inventory radioactive waste | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |

| Page | Section | Hydrogeology | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|----------------|-----------------|--|---------|--------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 33 | 5.1 | Superficial aquifer | | None (within 500m) | | | |
| <u>34 ></u> | <u>5.2 ></u> | <u>Bedrock aquifer ></u> | | Identified (within 500m) | | | |
| <u>36 ></u> | <u>5.3 ></u> | <u>Groundwater vulnerability ></u> | | Identified (within 50m) | | | |
| 37 | 5.4 | Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk | | None (within 0m) | | | |
| 37 | 5.5 | Groundwater vulnerability- local information | | None (within 0m) | | | |
| 38 | 5.6 | Groundwater abstractions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <u>39 ></u> | <u>5.7 ></u> | <u>Surface water abstractions ></u> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 39 | 5.8 | Potable abstractions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 | 5.9 | Source Protection Zones | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 40 | 5.10 | Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |

| Page | Section | Hydrology > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|----------------|-----------------|--|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| <u>41 ></u> | <u>6.1 ></u> | <u>Water Network (OS MasterMap) ></u> | 1 | 1 | 6 | - | - |



[42](#) > [6.2](#) > [Surface water features](#) >

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 1 | - | - |
|---|---|---|---|---|

[42](#) > [6.3](#) > [WFD Surface water body catchments](#) >

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | - | - | - | - |
|---|---|---|---|---|

[43](#) > [6.4](#) > [WFD Surface water bodies](#) >

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
|---|---|---|---|---|

[43](#) > [6.5](#) > [WFD Groundwater bodies](#) >

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | - | - | - | - |
|---|---|---|---|---|

| Page | Section | River and coastal flooding | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|------|---------|--|---------|-------------------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 44 | 7.1 | Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea | | None (within 50m) | | | |
| 44 | 7.2 | Historical Flood Events | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 44 | 7.3 | Flood Defences | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 45 | 7.4 | Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 45 | 7.5 | Flood Storage Areas | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 46 | 7.6 | Flood Zone 2 | | None (within 50m) | | | |
| 46 | 7.7 | Flood Zone 3 | | None (within 50m) | | | |

| Page | Section | Surface water flooding > | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 47 > | 8.1 > | Surface water flooding > | | 1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m (within 50m) | | | |
| Page | Section | Groundwater flooding > | | | | | |
| 49 > | 9.1 > | Groundwater flooding > | | High (within 50m) | | | |

| Page | Section | Environmental designations > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|----------------------|------------------------|---|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 50 > | 10.1 > | Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 51 | 10.2 | Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 | 10.3 | Special Areas of Conservation (SAC) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 | 10.4 | Special Protection Areas (SPA) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 | 10.5 | National Nature Reserves (NNR) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 52 | 10.6 | Local Nature Reserves (LNR) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 52 > | 10.7 > | Designated Ancient Woodland > | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 43 |
| 54 | 10.8 | Biosphere Reserves | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 54 | 10.9 | Forest Parks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 54 | 10.10 | Marine Conservation Zones | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 54 | 10.11 | Green Belt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 55 | 10.12 | Proposed Ramsar sites | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 55 | 10.13 | Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 55 | 10.14 | Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 55 | 10.15 | Nitrate Sensitive Areas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 56 > | 10.16 > | Nitrate Vulnerable Zones > | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 57 > | 10.17 > | SSSI Impact Risk Zones > | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 58 > | 10.18 > | SSSI Units > | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

| Page | Section | Visual and cultural designations | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 60 | 11.1 | World Heritage Sites | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 60 | 11.2 | Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 60 | 11.3 | National Parks | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 60 | 11.4 | Listed Buildings | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 61 | 11.5 | Conservation Areas | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 61 | 11.6 | Scheduled Ancient Monuments | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 61 | 11.7 | Registered Parks and Gardens | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |

| Page | Section | Agricultural designations > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|-----------------------|---------|----------|-----------|--|
| 62 > | 12.1 > | Agricultural Land Classification > | | Grade 4 (within 250m) | | | | |
| 63 | 12.2 | Open Access Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | |
| 63 | 12.3 | Tree Felling Licences | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | |
| 63 | 12.4 | Environmental Stewardship Schemes | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | |
| 64 | 12.5 | Countryside Stewardship Schemes | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | |

| Page | Section | Habitat designations > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 65 > | 13.1 > | Priority Habitat Inventory > | 0 | 0 | 2 | - | - |
| 66 | 13.2 | Habitat Networks | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 66 | 13.3 | Open Mosaic Habitat | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 66 | 13.4 | Limestone Pavement Orders | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |

| Page | Section | Geology 1:10,000 scale > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|--------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|--|
| 67 > | 14.1 > | 10k Availability > | | Identified (within 500m) | | | | |
| 68 | 14.2 | Artificial and made ground (10k) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | |
| 69 | 14.3 | Superficial geology (10k) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | |



| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 69 | 14.4 | Landslip (10k) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 70 > | 14.5 > | Bedrock geology (10k) > | 1 | 0 | 3 | 5 | - |
| 71 > | 14.6 > | Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k) > | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | - |

| Page | Section | Geology 1:50,000 scale > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------|-------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|
| 72 > | 15.1 > | 50k Availability > | | | Identified (within 500m) | | |
| 73 | 15.2 | Artificial and made ground (50k) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 73 | 15.3 | Artificial ground permeability (50k) | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| 74 | 15.4 | Superficial geology (50k) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 74 | 15.5 | Superficial permeability (50k) | | | None (within 50m) | | |
| 74 | 15.6 | Landslip (50k) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 74 | 15.7 | Landslip permeability (50k) | | | None (within 50m) | | |
| 75 > | 15.8 > | Bedrock geology (50k) > | 1 | 0 | 4 | 4 | - |
| 76 > | 15.9 > | Bedrock permeability (50k) > | | | Identified (within 50m) | | |
| 76 > | 15.10 > | Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k) > | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | - |

| Page | Section | Boreholes | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|------|---------|---------------|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 77 | 16.1 | BGS Boreholes | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |

| Page | Section | Natural ground subsidence > | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| 78 > | 17.1 > | Shrink swell clays > | | | Negligible (within 50m) | | |
| 79 > | 17.2 > | Running sands > | | | Negligible (within 50m) | | |
| 80 > | 17.3 > | Compressible deposits > | | | Negligible (within 50m) | | |
| 81 > | 17.4 > | Collapsible deposits > | | | Very low (within 50m) | | |
| 82 > | 17.5 > | Landslides > | | | Very low (within 50m) | | |
| 83 > | 17.6 > | Ground dissolution of soluble rocks > | | | Negligible (within 50m) | | |

| Page | Section | Mining and ground workings > | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
|------|---------|---|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 85 | 18.1 | BritPits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 86 | 18.2 | Surface ground workings | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 86 | 18.3 | Underground workings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 86 | 18.4 | Underground mining extents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 86 | 18.5 | Historical Mineral Planning Areas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |



| 86 | 18.6 | Non-coal mining | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 87 | 18.7 | JPB mining areas | None (within 0m) | | | | |
| 87 | 18.8 | The Coal Authority non-coal mining | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 87 | 18.9 | Researched mining | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - |
| 88 | 18.10 | Mining record office plans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 88 | 18.11 | BGS mine plans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 88 | 18.12 | Coal mining | None (within 0m) | | | | |
| 88 | 18.13 | Brine areas | None (within 0m) | | | | |
| 88 | 18.14 | Gypsum areas | None (within 0m) | | | | |
| 89 | 18.15 | Tin mining | None (within 0m) | | | | |
| 89 | 18.16 | Clay mining | None (within 0m) | | | | |
| Page | Section | Ground cavities and sinkholes | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
| 90 | 19.1 | Natural cavities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 90 | 19.2 | Mining cavities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 90 | 19.3 | Reported recent incidents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 90 | 19.4 | Historical incidents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Page | Section | Radon | Less than 1% (within 0m) | | | | |
| 92 | 20.1 | Radon | Less than 1% (within 0m) | | | | |
| Page | Section | Soil chemistry | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
| 94 | 21.1 | BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry | 1 | 0 | - | - | - |
| 94 | 21.2 | BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| 94 | 21.3 | BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| Page | Section | Railway infrastructure and projects | On site | 0-50m | 50-250m | 250-500m | 500-2000m |
| 95 | 22.1 | Underground railways (London) | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 95 | 22.2 | Underground railways (Non-London) | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 95 | 22.3 | Railway tunnels | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 95 | 22.4 | Historical railway and tunnel features | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 95 | 22.5 | Royal Mail tunnels | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 96 | 22.6 | Historical railways | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |

| | | | | | | | |
|----|------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 96 | 22.7 | Railways | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 96 | 22.8 | Crossrail 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 96 | 22.9 | HS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |



Recent aerial photograph



Capture Date: 24/04/2021

Site Area: 1.78ha



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Date: 27 January 2025

Recent site history - 2018 aerial photograph



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Capture Date: 14/05/2018

Site Area: 1.78ha



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Date: 27 January 2025

Recent site history - 2012 aerial photograph



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Capture Date: 31/08/2012

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Date: 27 January 2025

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Recent site history - 1999 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 04/09/1999

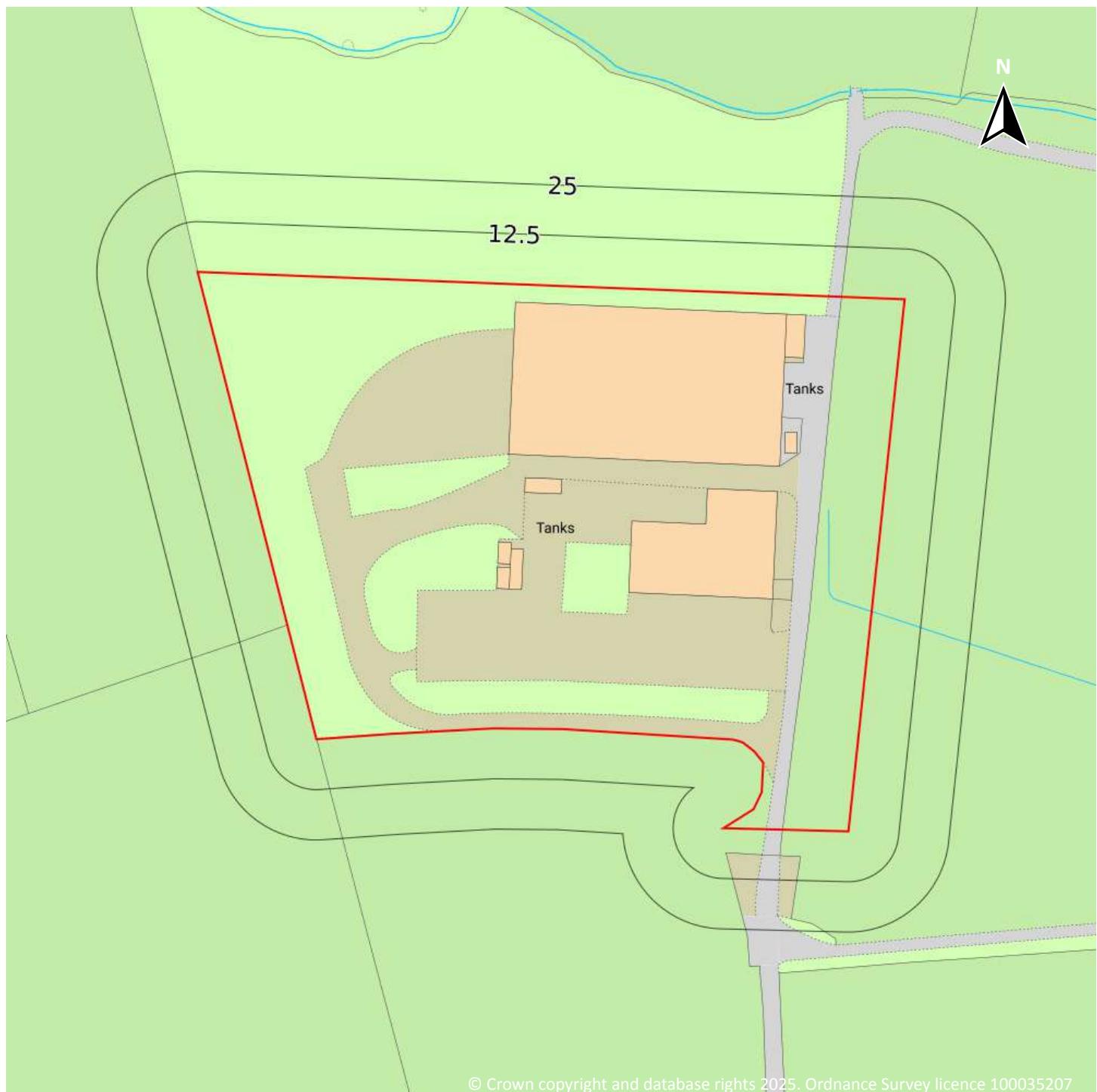
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OS MasterMap site plan



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1 Past land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Historical industrial land uses
- Historical garages

1.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m 5

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on [page 15 >](#)

| ID | Location | Land use | Dates present | Group ID |
|----|----------|----------|---------------|----------|
| A | 292m SE | Garage | 1962 - 1979 | 2274423 |



| ID | Location | Land use | Dates present | Group ID |
|----|----------|------------------|---------------|----------|
| 1 | 337m SW | Nursery | 1979 | 2179721 |
| B | 405m N | Unspecified Pit | 1896 | 2176353 |
| B | 417m N | Unspecified Tank | 1896 | 2191172 |
| 2 | 451m NW | Nurseries | 1962 - 1979 | 2272678 |

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.2 Historical tanks

Records within 500m

0

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.3 Historical energy features

Records within 500m

0

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.4 Historical petrol stations

Records within 500m

0

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



1.5 Historical garages

Records within 500m

3

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on [page 15 >](#)

| ID | Location | Land use | Dates present | Group ID |
|----|----------|----------|---------------|----------|
| A | 290m SE | Garage | 1991 | 91167 |
| A | 290m SE | Garage | 1975 | 92469 |
| A | 294m SE | Garage | 1957 | 86177 |

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.6 Historical military land

Records within 500m

0

Areas of military land digitised from multiple sources including the National Archives, local records, MOD records and verified other sources, intelligently grouped into contiguous features.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure / other sources.



2 Past land use - un-grouped



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Historical industrial land uses
- Historical garages

2.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m 7

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 10,560 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on [page 18 >](#)

| ID | Location | Land Use | Date | Group ID |
|----|----------|----------|------|----------|
| A | 292m SE | Garage | 1979 | 2274423 |
| A | 292m SE | Garage | 1962 | 2274423 |
| 1 | 337m SW | Nursery | 1979 | 2179721 |



| ID | Location | Land Use | Date | Group ID |
|----|----------|------------------|------|----------|
| B | 405m N | Unspecified Pit | 1896 | 2176353 |
| B | 417m N | Unspecified Tank | 1896 | 2191172 |
| C | 451m NW | Nurseries | 1979 | 2272678 |
| C | 451m NW | Nurseries | 1962 | 2272678 |

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

2.2 Historical tanks

Records within 500m

0

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

2.3 Historical energy features

Records within 500m

0

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

2.4 Historical petrol stations

Records within 500m

0

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



2.5 Historical garages

Records within 500m

3

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on [page 18 >](#)

| ID | Location | Land Use | Date | Group ID |
|----|----------|----------|------|----------|
| A | 290m SE | Garage | 1991 | 91167 |
| A | 290m SE | Garage | 1975 | 92469 |
| A | 294m SE | Garage | 1957 | 86177 |

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



3 Waste and landfill



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
-  Historical landfill (EA/NRW)
-  Waste exemptions

3.1 Active or recent landfill

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed landfill sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.2 Historical landfill (BGS records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified on a survey carried out on behalf of the DoE in 1973. These sites may have been closed or operational at this time.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



3.3 Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified from Local Authority records and high detail historical mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.

3.4 Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)

Records within 500m

1

Known historical (closed) landfill sites (e.g. sites where there is no PPC permit or waste management licence currently in force). This includes sites that existed before the waste licensing regime and sites that have been licensed in the past but where a licence has been revoked, ceased to exist or surrendered and a certificate of completion has been issued.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on [page 21 >](#)

| ID | Location | Details | | |
|----|----------|--|---|--|
| 2 | 353m S | Site Address: Plummers Plain, Plummers Plain, Sussex Licence Holder Address: - | Waste Licence: Yes Site Reference: WD27/172 Waste Type: Inert Environmental Permitting Regulations (Waste) Reference: - Licence Issue: 01/01/1976 Licence Surrender: - | Operator: - Licence Holder: - First Recorded 31/12/1982 Last Recorded: 31/12/1982 |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.5 Historical waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Waste site records derived from Local Authority planning records and high detail historical mapping.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.

3.6 Licensed waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed waste sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



3.7 Waste exemptions

Records within 500m

29

Activities involving the storage, treatment, use or disposal of waste that are exempt from needing a permit. Exemptions have specific limits and conditions that must be adhered to.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on [page 21 >](#)

| ID | Location | Site | Reference | Category | Sub-Catagory | Description |
|----|----------|--|-----------|------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 1 | 322m SE | - | WEX266530 | Using waste exemption | Not on a farm | Use of waste in construction |
| 3 | 356m S | South Plain House, Handcross Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6nx | WEX216531 | Disposing of waste exemption | Not on a farm | Burning waste in the open |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Treating waste exemption | On a farm | Treatment of waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Spreading of plant matter to confer benefit |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste for a specified purpose |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste derived biodiesel as fuel |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of baled end-of-life tyres in construction |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste in construction |



| ID | Location | Site | Reference | Category | Sub-Category | Description |
|----|----------|--|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------|---|
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of mulch |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX317309 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Spreading waste on agricultural land to confer benefit |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of baled end-of-life tyres in construction |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste derived biodiesel as fuel |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste for a specified purpose |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Spreading waste on agricultural land to confer benefit |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of mulch |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Treating waste exemption | On a farm | Treatment of waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising |
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste in construction |

| ID | Location | Site | Reference | Category | Sub-Category | Description |
|----|----------|--|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------|---|
| A | 467m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX189253 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Spreading of plant matter to confer benefit |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Spreading waste on agricultural land to confer benefit |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of mulch |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Treating waste exemption | On a farm | Treatment of waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste in construction |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Spreading of plant matter to confer benefit |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of baled end-of-life tyres in construction |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste derived biodiesel as fuel |
| A | 471m N | Jacksons Farm, Hammerpond Road, Plummers Plain, Horsham, RH13 6pe | WEX025000 | Using waste exemption | On a farm | Use of waste for a specified purpose |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



4 Current industrial land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- △ Current or recent petrol stations
- Licensed Discharges to controlled waters
- Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

4.1 Recent industrial land uses

Records within 250m

0

Current potentially contaminative industrial sites.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.

4.2 Current or recent petrol stations

Records within 500m

1

Open, closed, under development and obsolete petrol stations.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 26 >](#)



| ID | Location | Company | Address | LPG | Status |
|----|----------|----------|--|----------------|----------|
| B | 381m SE | OBsolete | Handcross Road, Plumbers Plain, Horsham, West Sussex, RH13 6NX | Not Applicable | Obsolete |

This data is sourced from Experian.

4.3 Electricity cables

Records within 500m

0

High voltage underground electricity transmission cables.

This data is sourced from National Grid.

4.4 Gas pipelines

Records within 500m

0

High pressure underground gas transmission pipelines.

This data is sourced from National Grid.

4.5 Sites determined as Contaminated Land

Records within 500m

0

Contaminated Land Register of sites designated under Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.6 Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)

Records within 500m

0

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites. This data includes upper and lower tier sites, and includes a historical archive of COMAH sites and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) records.

This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.



4.7 Regulated explosive sites

Records within 500m**0**

Sites registered and licensed by the Health and Safety Executive under the Manufacture and Storage of Explosives Regulations 2005 (MSER). The last update to this data was in April 2011.

This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.

4.8 Hazardous substance storage/usage

Records within 500m**0**

Consents granted for a site to hold certain quantities of hazardous substances at or above defined limits in accordance with the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.9 Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)

Records within 500m**0**

Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) records of substance releases to air, land and water. This data represents a historical archive as the IPC regime has been superseded.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.10 Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))

Records within 500m**0**

Records of Part A(1) installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.11 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

Records within 500m**0**

Records of Part A(2) and Part B installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.



4.12 Radioactive Substance Authorisations

Records within 500m

0

Records of the storage, use, accumulation and disposal of radioactive substances regulated under the Radioactive Substances Act 1993.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.13 Licensed Discharges to controlled waters

Records within 500m

5

Discharges of treated or untreated effluent to controlled waters under the Water Resources Act 1991.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 26 >](#)

| ID | Location | Address | Details | |
|----|----------|--|--|---|
| A | 253m SE | MALVINA,MALVINA,PLUMMER'S PLAIN,HORSHAM,WEST SUSSEX | Effluent Type: SEWAGE DISCHARGES - FINAL/TREATED EFFLUENT - NOT WATER COMPANY Permit Number: N03547 Permit Version: 1 Receiving Water: INTO LAND | Status: LAPSED UNDER SCHEDULE 23 ENVIRONMENT ACT 1995 Issue date: 19/04/1979 Effective Date: 19/04/1979 Revocation Date: 31/03/1997 |
| A | 274m SE | 14CARTERScottages,14CARTERScottages,PLUMMERSPLAIN,WESTSUSSEX | Effluent Type: SEWAGE DISCHARGES - FINAL/TREATED EFFLUENT - NOT WATER COMPANY Permit Number: P03436 Permit Version: 1 Receiving Water: INTO LAND | Status: LAPSED UNDER SCHEDULE 23 ENVIRONMENT ACT 1995 Issue date: 15/02/1991 Effective Date: 15/02/1991 Revocation Date: 31/03/1997 |
| B | 379m SE | MEADOWCROFT,MEADOWCROFT,PLUMMERSPLAIN,HORSHAM,WESTSUSSEX,RH136NZ | Effluent Type: MISCELLANEOUS DISCHARGES - SWIMMING POOL WATER Permit Number: P01874 Permit Version: 1 Receiving Water: FRESHWATER RIVER | Status: PRE NRA LEGISLATION WHERE ISSUE DATE 01-SEP-89 (HISTORIC ONLY) Issue date: 20/10/1988 Effective Date: 20/10/1988 Revocation Date: 31/03/1995 |
| C | 449m E | MEADOWCROFT,MEADOWCROFT,PLUMMERSPLAIN,HORSHAM,WESTSUSSEX | Effluent Type: SEWAGE DISCHARGES - UNSPECIFIED - NOT WATER COMPANY Permit Number: P01732 Permit Version: 1 Receiving Water: FRESHWATER RIVER | Status: LAPSED UNDER SCHEDULE 23 ENVIRONMENT ACT 1995 Issue date: 16/08/1988 Effective Date: 16/08/1988 Revocation Date: 31/03/1997 |
| C | 480m E | PLUMMERSFIELD,PLUMMERSFIELD,PLUMMERSPLAIN,HORSHAM,WESTSUSSEX,RH136NX | Effluent Type: SEWAGE DISCHARGES - FINAL/TREATED EFFLUENT - NOT WATER COMPANY Permit Number: P05499 Permit Version: 1 Receiving Water: FRESHWATER RIVER | Status: POST NRA LEGISLATION WHERE ISSUE DATE > 31-AUG-89 (HISTORIC ONLY) Issue date: 15/09/1994 Effective Date: 15/09/1994 Revocation Date: - |



This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.14 Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of specified substances under the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.15 Pollutant release to public sewer

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of Special Category Effluents to the public sewer.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.16 List 1 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of substances identified on List I of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.17 List 2 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of substances identified on List II of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.18 Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

Records within 500m**3**

Records of substantiated pollution incidents. Since 2006 this data has only included category 1 (major) and 2 (significant) pollution incidents.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 26 >](#)



| ID | Location | Details | |
|----|----------|--|---|
| D | 496m NW | Incident Date: 14/08/2001 Incident Identification: 24131 Pollutant: Atmospheric Pollutants and Effects:Specific Waste Materials Pollutant Description: Smoke:Commercial Waste | Water Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Land Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Air Impact: Category 3 (Minor) |
| D | 496m NW | Incident Date: 14/08/2001 Incident Identification: 24131 Pollutant: Specific Waste Materials Pollutant Description: Commercial Waste | Water Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Land Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Air Impact: Category 3 (Minor) |
| D | 496m NW | Incident Date: 14/08/2001 Incident Identification: 24131 Pollutant: Atmospheric Pollutants and Effects Pollutant Description: Smoke | Water Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Land Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Air Impact: Category 3 (Minor) |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.19 Pollution inventory substances

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Records within 500m | 0 |
|---------------------|---|

The pollution inventory (substances) includes reporting on annual emissions of certain regulated substances to air, controlled waters and land. A reporting threshold for each substance is also included. Where emissions fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

4.20 Pollution inventory waste transfers

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Records within 500m | 0 |
|---------------------|---|

The pollution inventory (waste transfers) includes reporting on annual transfers and recovery/disposal of controlled wastes from a site. A reporting threshold for each waste type is also included. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

4.21 Pollution inventory radioactive waste

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Records within 500m | 0 |
|---------------------|---|

The pollution inventory (radioactive wastes) includes reporting on annual releases of radioactive substances from a site, including the means of release. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.



This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.



5 Hydrogeology - Superficial aquifer

5.1 Superficial aquifer

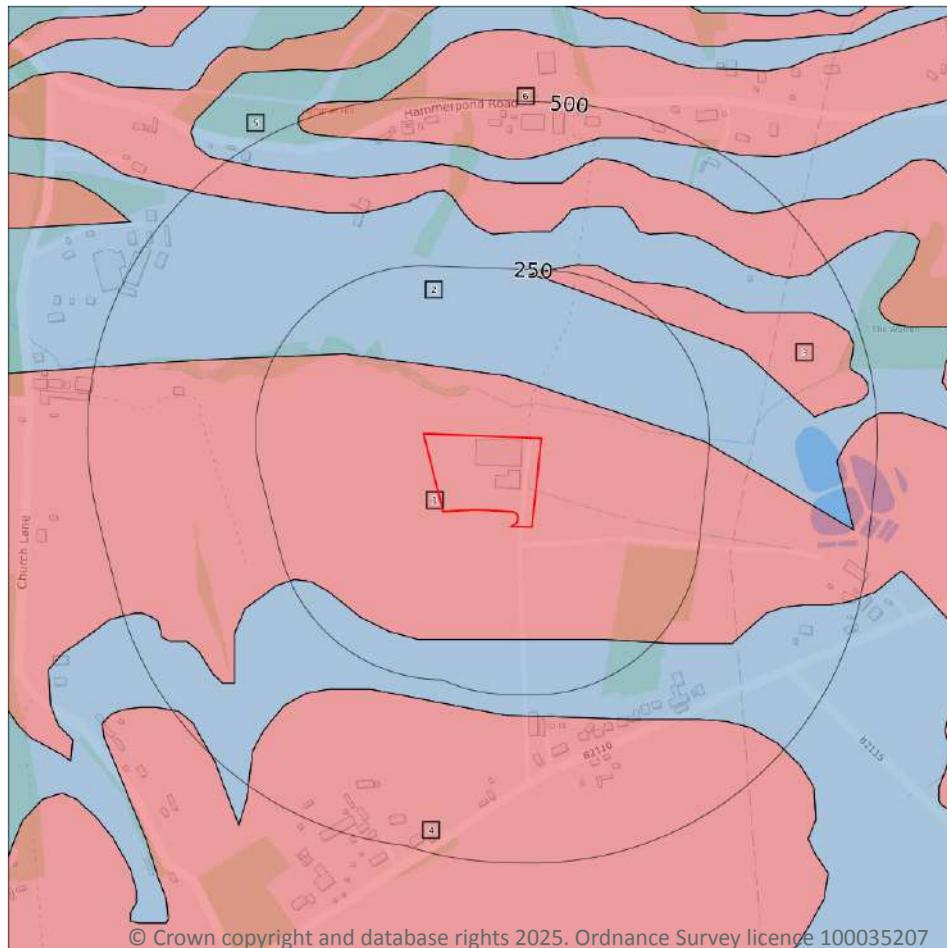
Records within 500m**0**

Aquifer status of groundwater held within superficial geology.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



Bedrock aquifer



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Principal
- Secondary A
- Secondary B
- Secondary Undifferentiated
- Unproductive

5.2 Bedrock aquifer

Records within 500m

6

Aquifer status of groundwater held within bedrock geology.

Features are displayed on the Bedrock aquifer map on [page 34 >](#)

| ID | Location | Designation | Description |
|----|----------|--------------|--|
| 1 | On site | Secondary A | Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers |
| 2 | 72m NE | Unproductive | These are rock layers or drift deposits with low permeability that have negligible significance for water supply or river base flow |

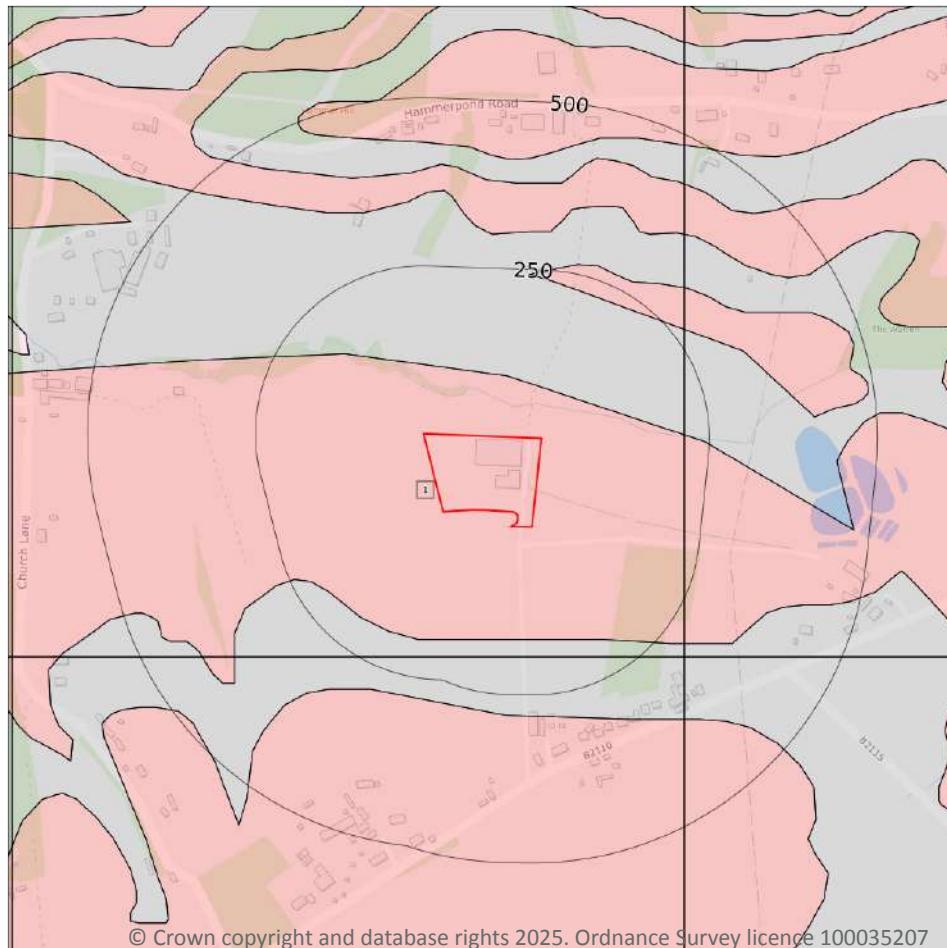


| ID | Location | Designation | Description |
|----|----------|--------------|--|
| 3 | 226m NE | Secondary A | Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers |
| 4 | 277m S | Secondary A | Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers |
| 5 | 378m N | Unproductive | These are rock layers or drift deposits with low permeability that have negligible significance for water supply or river base flow |
| 6 | 413m N | Secondary A | Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



Groundwater vulnerability



| |
|---|
| Site Outline |
| Search buffers in metres (m) |
| Superficial vulnerability |
| Principal superficial aquifer, high vulnerability |
| Secondary superficial aquifer, high vulnerability |
| Principal superficial aquifer, medium vulnerability |
| Secondary superficial aquifer, medium vulnerability |
| Principal superficial aquifer, low vulnerability |
| Secondary superficial aquifer, low vulnerability |
| Bedrock vulnerability |
| Principal bedrock aquifer, high vulnerability |
| Secondary bedrock aquifer, high vulnerability |
| Principal bedrock aquifer, medium vulnerability |
| Secondary bedrock aquifer, medium vulnerability |
| Principal bedrock aquifer, low vulnerability |
| Secondary bedrock aquifer, low vulnerability |
| Other information |
| Unproductive aquifer |
| Soluble rock risk |
| Local information |

5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

1

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on [page 36 >](#)



| ID | Location | Summary | Soil / surface | Superficial geology | Bedrock geology |
|----|----------|---|--|---|---|
| 1 | On site | Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - High Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, No Superficial Aquifer | Leaching class: Intermediate Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: 300-550mm/year | Vulnerability: - Aquifer type: - Thickness: <3m Patchiness value: <90% Recharge potential: No Data | Vulnerability: High Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Records on site | 0 |
|-----------------|---|

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.

5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Records on site | 0 |
|-----------------|---|

This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.



Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



| Search buffers in metres (m) | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Source Protection Zone 1 | Inner catchment |
| Source Protection Zone 2 | Outer catchment |
| Source Protection Zone 3 | Total catchment |
| Source Protection Zone 4 | Zone of Special Interest |
| Source Protection Zone 1c | Inner catchment - confined aquifer |
| Source Protection Zone 2c | Outer catchment - confined aquifer |
| Source Protection Zone 3c | Total catchment - confined aquifer |
| Drinking water abstraction licences | |
| Polygon features | |
| Drinking water abstraction licences | |
| Linear features | |
| Groundwater abstraction licence (point) | |
| Groundwater abstraction licence (area) | |
| Groundwater abstraction licence (linear) | |
| Surface Water Abstractions (point) | |
| Surface Water Abstractions (area) | |
| Surface Water Abstractions (linear) | |

5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

0

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



5.7 Surface water abstractions

Records within 2000m

3

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 38 >](#)

| ID | Location | Details | |
|----|----------|---|---|
| - | 1333m NW | Status: Active Licence No: 10/41/429305 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Southern Region Surface Waters Point: HAWKINS POND (POINT B ON LICENCE MAP) Data Type: Point Name: Mannings Heath Golf Club Easting: 521600 Northing: 129200 | Annual Volume (m ³): 7500 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 150 Original Application No: 169/0783 Original Start Date: 01/03/1988 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 11/07/1996 Version End Date: - |
| - | 1886m NW | Status: Active Licence No: 25/092 Details: Spray Irrigation - Storage Direct Source: Southern Region Surface Waters Point: MANNINGS HEATH GOLF CLUB, HORSHAM Data Type: Point Name: Mannings Heath Golf Club Easting: 520970 Northing: 129260 | Annual Volume (m ³): 25000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 480 Original Application No: 169/1639 Original Start Date: 24/07/1998 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/04/2024 Version End Date: - |
| - | 1907m NW | Status: Active Licence No: 10/41/429305 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Southern Region Surface Waters Point: GOLDINGS STREAM (POINT A ON LICENCE MAP) Data Type: Point Name: Mannings Heath Golf Club Easting: 520930 Northing: 129230 | Annual Volume (m ³): 7500 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 150 Original Application No: 169/0783 Original Start Date: 01/03/1988 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 11/07/1996 Version End Date: - |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.8 Potable abstractions

Records within 2000m

0

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.



This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m

0

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m

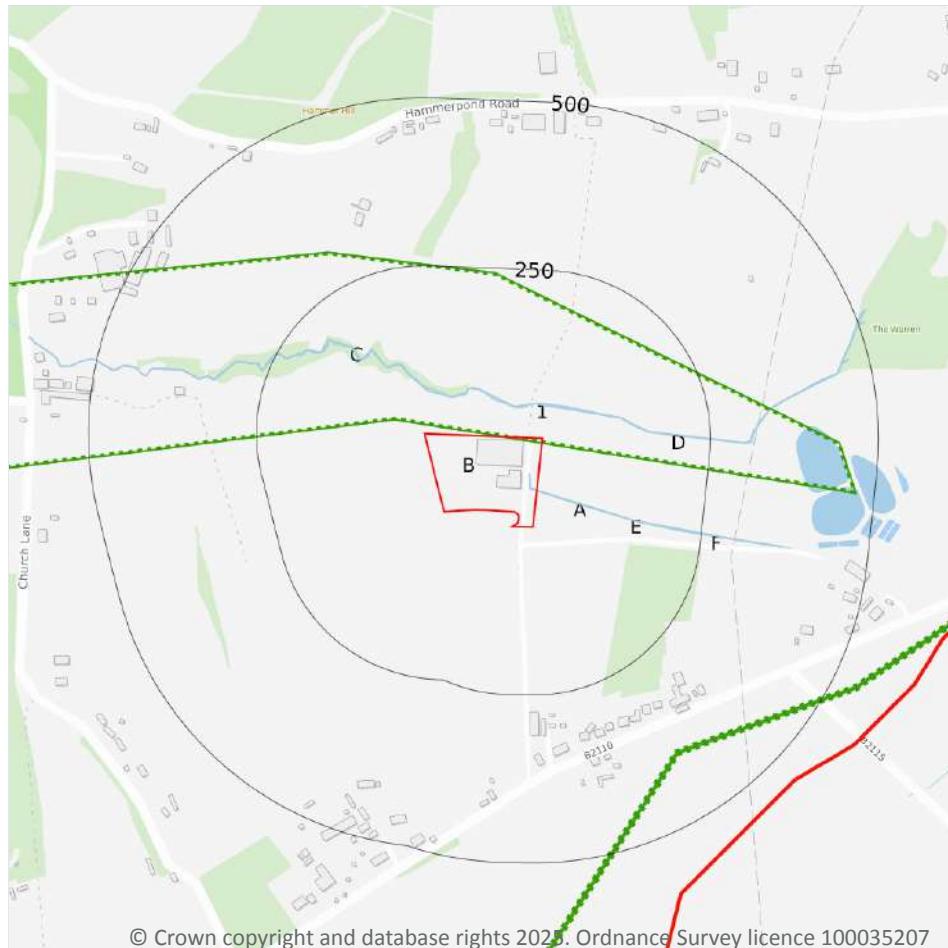
0

Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



6 Hydrology



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Water Network (OS MasterMap)
- Surface water features (wider than 5m)
- Surface water features (narrower than 5m)
- WFD River, canal and surface water transfer water bodies
- WFD Lake water bodies
- WFD Transitional and coastal water bodies
- WFD Surface water body catchments boundaries
- WFD Groundwater body boundaries

6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

8

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 41 >](#)

| ID | Location | Type of water feature | Ground level | Permanence | Name |
|----|----------|---|-------------------|---|------|
| A | On site | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | On ground surface | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |



| ID | Location | Type of water feature | Ground level | Permanence | Name |
|----|----------|---|-------------------|---|------|
| C | 45m NE | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | On ground surface | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |
| 1 | 51m NE | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | Underground | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |
| D | 51m NE | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | On ground surface | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |
| E | 138m E | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | Underground | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |
| E | 141m E | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | On ground surface | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |
| E | 147m E | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | Underground | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |
| F | 153m E | Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. | On ground surface | Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances) | - |

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.2 Surface water features

| Records within 250m | 4 |
|---------------------|---|
|---------------------|---|

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 41 >](#)

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

| Records on site | 1 |
|-----------------|---|
|-----------------|---|

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.



Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 41 >](#)

| ID | Location | Type | Water body catchment | Water body ID | Operational catchment | Management catchment |
|----|----------|-------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| B | On site | River | Arun Source | GB107041012920 | Arun Upper | Arun and Western Streams |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

| Records identified | 1 |
|--------------------|---|
|--------------------|---|

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 41 >](#)

| ID | Location | Type | Name | Water body ID | Overall rating | Chemical rating | Ecological rating | Year |
|----|----------|-------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| - | 830m N | River | Arun Source | GB107041012920 | Poor | Fail | Poor | 2019 |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

| Records on site | 1 |
|-----------------|---|
|-----------------|---|

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 41 >](#)

| ID | Location | Name | Water body ID | Overall rating | Chemical rating | Quantitative | Year |
|----|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| B | On site | Arun & Western Streams Hastings Beds | GB40702G500600 | Good | Good | Good | 2019 |

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



7 River and coastal flooding

7.1 Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

Records within 50m

0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m within the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)/Flood Risk Assessment Wales (FRAW) models. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition. The risk categories for RoFRaS for rivers and the sea and FRAW for rivers are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance). The risk categories for FRAW for the sea are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 200 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 200 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m

0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m**0**

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m**0**

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



8 Surface water flooding



| Site Outline |
|------------------------------|
| Search buffers in metres (m) |
| 1 in 1000 return period |
| Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m |
| Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m |
| Depth greater than 1.0m |
| 1 in 250 return period |
| Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m |
| Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m |
| Depth greater than 1.0m |
| 1 in 100 return period |
| Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m |
| Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m |
| Depth greater than 1.0m |
| 1 in 30 return period |
| Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m |
| Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m |
| Depth greater than 1.0m |

8.1 Surface water flooding

| | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Highest risk on site | Negligible |
| Highest risk within 50m | 1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m |

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

Features are displayed on the Surface water flooding map on [page 47 >](#)

The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site.



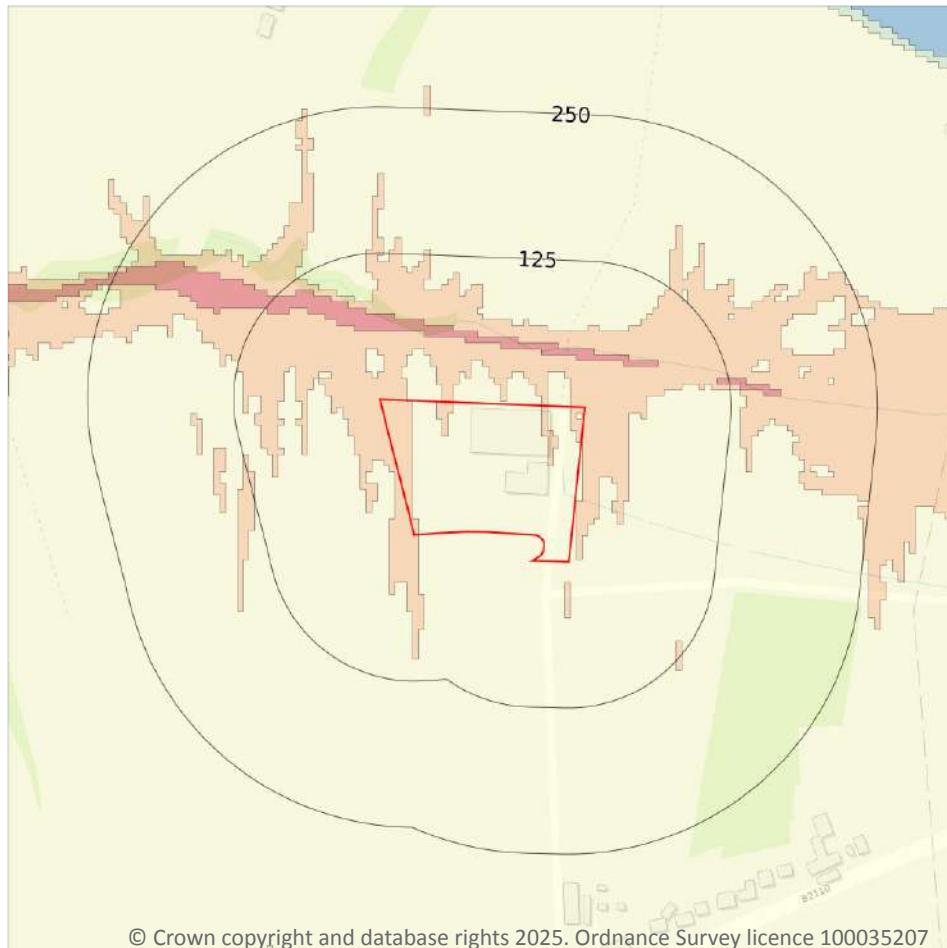
The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

| Return period | Maximum modelled depth |
|----------------|------------------------|
| 1 in 1000 year | Negligible |
| 1 in 250 year | Negligible |
| 1 in 100 year | Negligible |
| 1 in 30 year | Negligible |

This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.



9 Groundwater flooding



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

■ High
 ■ Moderate - High
 ■ Moderate
 ■ Low
 ■ Negligible

9.1 Groundwater flooding

| | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Highest risk on site | Moderate-High |
| Highest risk within 50m | High |

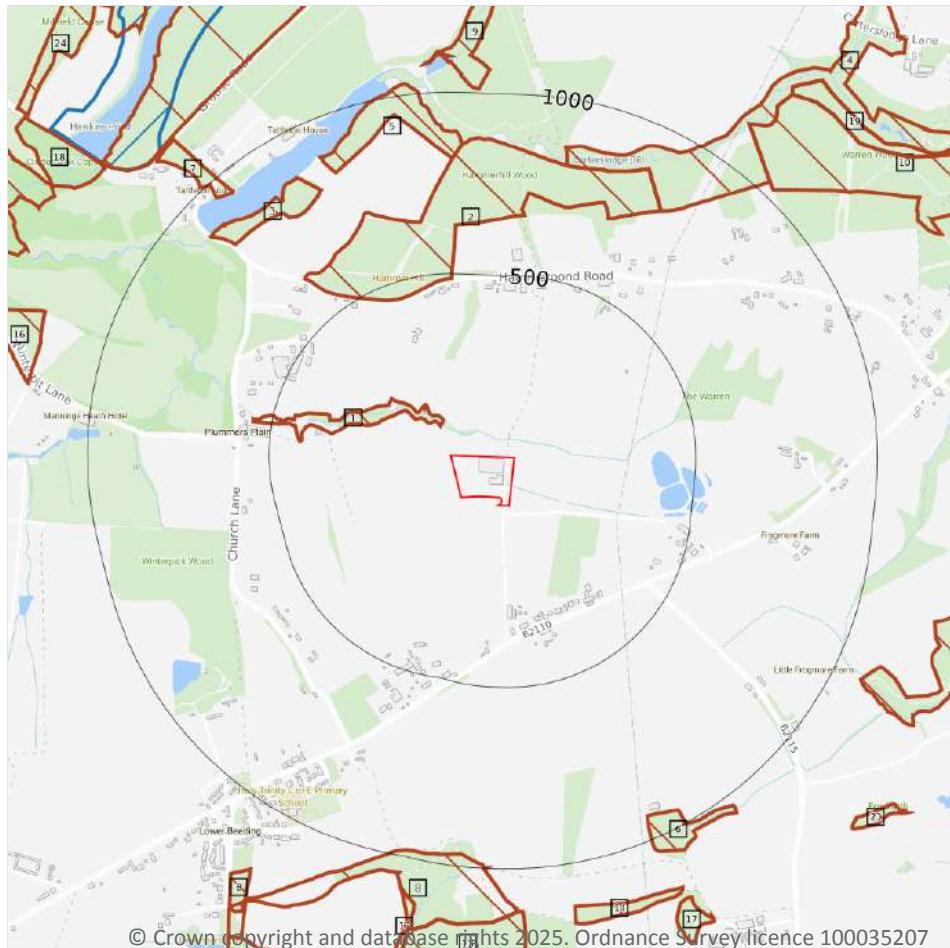
Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on [page 49](#) >

This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.



10 Environmental designations



This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.



10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m

45

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on [page 50 >](#)

| ID | Location | Name | Woodland Type |
|----|----------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 85m NW | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 2 | 453m NW | Hammerhill Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 3 | 781m NW | Hammerhill Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 4 | 791m NE | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 5 | 819m N | Hammerhill Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 6 | 935m SE | Warninglid Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 7 | 940m NW | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 8 | 965m S | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 9 | 1011m N | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 10 | 1027m NE | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| 11 | 1080m SE | Tulleys Rough | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 12 | 1083m S | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 13 | 1117m S | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| 14 | 1118m S | Eastland Farm Shaw | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 15 | 1154m NW | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| 16 | 1170m W | Limekiln Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |



| ID | Location | Name | Woodland Type |
|----|----------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| B | 1177m SW | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| 17 | 1187m SE | Eastland Farm Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 18 | 1237m NW | Cinderhall Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 19 | 1260m NE | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| B | 1265m SW | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| 20 | 1270m S | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 21 | 1286m SE | Fox Earth | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 22 | 1297m NW | Paulshill Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| A | 1450m NW | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 23 | 1480m NE | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| 24 | 1494m NW | Millfield Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1552m N | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| - | 1557m S | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| - | 1635m NE | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1724m SE | Bushy Plat | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1741m E | Hampshire Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1745m SE | Furzefield | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1790m SE | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1803m E | Ashfold Pond Copse | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1808m E | Hampshire Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1842m NE | Warren Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1845m SE | Upper Stanford Shaw | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1854m NE | Warren Wood | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1872m SW | Unknown | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| - | 1892m NE | Warren Wood | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| - | 1894m N | St Leonard's Forest | Ancient Replanted Woodland |
| - | 1968m E | Hampshire Wood Shaw | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |
| - | 1968m N | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |



| ID | Location | Name | Woodland Type |
|----|----------|---------|---------------------------------|
| - | 1979m NE | Unknown | Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland |

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.8 Biosphere Reserves

| Records within 2000m | 0 |
|----------------------|---|
|----------------------|---|

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.9 Forest Parks

| Records within 2000m | 0 |
|----------------------|---|
|----------------------|---|

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

| Records within 2000m | 0 |
|----------------------|---|
|----------------------|---|

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.11 Green Belt

| Records within 2000m | 0 |
|----------------------|---|
|----------------------|---|

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.



10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m

0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

This data is sourced from Natural England.



10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m

4

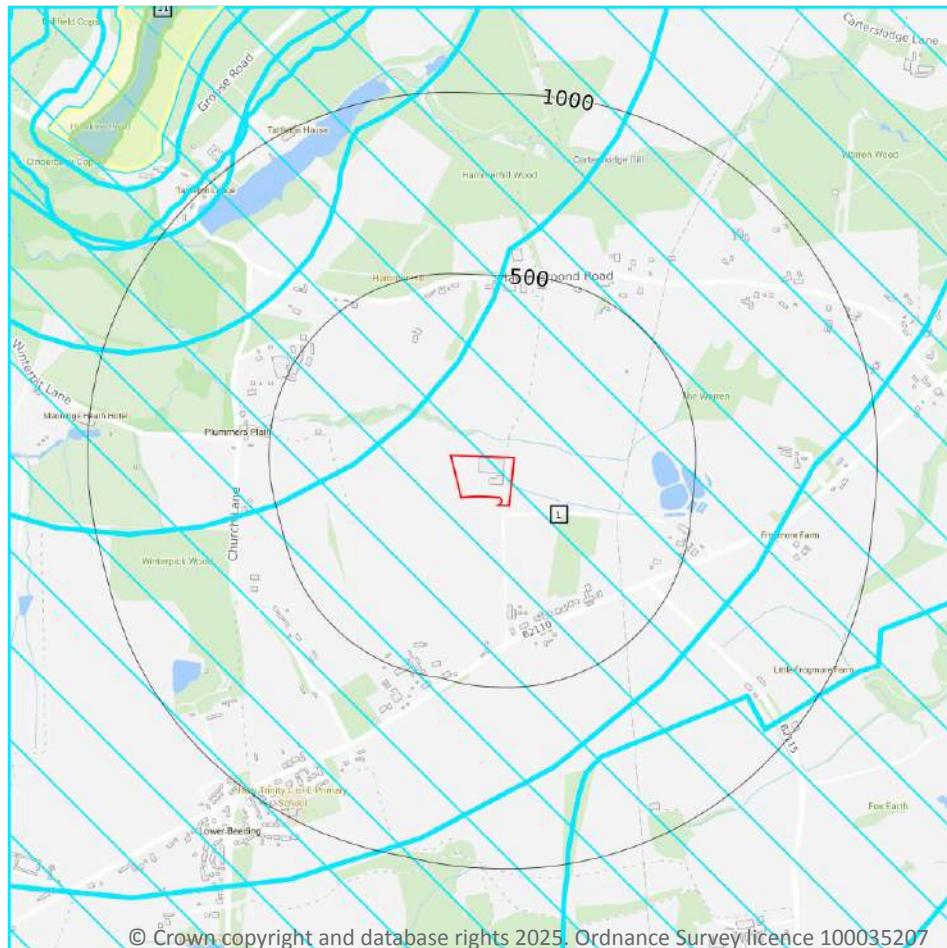
Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

| Location | Name | Type | NVZ ID | Status |
|----------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------|----------|
| On site | River Arun (u/s Pallingham) NVZ | Surface Water | 523 | Existing |
| 787m S | Adur East (Sakeham) NVZ | Surface Water | 522 | Existing |
| 1415m NE | River Arun (u/s Pallingham) NVZ | Surface Water | 523 | Existing |
| 1868m SE | Adur East (Sakeham) NVZ | Surface Water | 522 | Existing |

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



SSSI Impact Zones and Units



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- SSSI Impact Risk Zones
- SSSI Units
 - Not recorded
 - Favourable
 - Unfavourable - Recovering
 - Unfavourable - No change
 - Unfavourable - Declining
 - Partially destroyed
 - Destroyed

10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site

1

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

Features are displayed on the SSSI Impact Zones and Units map on [page 57 >](#)



| ID | Location | Type of developments requiring consultation |
|----|----------|---|
| 1 | On site | <p>Infrastructure - Pipelines and underground cables, pylons and overhead cables. Any transport proposal including road, rail and by water (excluding routine maintenance). Airports, helipads and other aviation proposals.</p> <p>Minerals, Oil and Gas - Planning applications for quarries, including: new proposals, Review of Minerals Permissions (ROMP), extensions, variations to conditions etc. Oil & gas exploration/extraction.</p> <p>Air pollution - Any industrial/agricultural development that could cause AIR POLLUTION (incl: industrial processes, livestock & poultry units with floorspace > 500m², slurry lagoons & digestate stores > 200m², manure stores > 250t).</p> <p>Combustion - General combustion processes >20MW energy input. Incl: energy from waste incineration, other incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage treatment works, other incineration/ combustion.</p> <p>Waste - Landfill. Incl: inert landfill, non-hazardous landfill, hazardous landfill.</p> <p>Composting - Any composting proposal with more than 75000 tonnes maximum annual operational throughput. Incl: open windrow composting, in-vessel composting, anaerobic digestion, other waste management.</p> <p>Water supply - Large infrastructure such as warehousing / industry where total net additional gross internal floorspace following development is 1,000m² or more.</p> <p>Notes: SUSSEX NORTH WATER SUPPLY ZONE. All new development that requires a public water supply requires an HRA to assess the impacts of groundwater abstraction on Arun Valley SPA/SAC/Ramsar. LPAs to refer to Natural England's Statement and Advice Note.</p> |

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.18 SSSI Units

| Records within 2000m | 2 |
|----------------------|---|
|----------------------|---|

Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

Features are displayed on the SSSI Impact Zones and Units map on [page 57 >](#)

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| ID: | 9 |
| Location: | 1156m NW |
| SSSI name: | St. Leonard's Forest |
| Unit name: | 1 |
| Broad habitat: | Broadleaved, Mixed And Yew Woodland - Lowland |
| Condition: | Unfavourable - Recovering |
| Reportable features: | |

| Feature name | Feature condition | Date of assessment |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Assemblages of breeding birds - Mixed: Scrub, Woodland | Unfavourable - Recovering | 09/04/2013 |
| Lowland mixed deciduous woodland | - | - |



| Feature name | Feature condition | Date of assessment |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Population of nationally scarce butterfly species - <i>Apatura iris</i> , Purple Emperor | Unfavourable - Recovering | 09/04/2013 |

| | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| ID: | 11 |
| Location: | 1251m NW |
| SSSI name: | St. Leonard's Forest |
| Unit name: | Hawkins Pond |
| Broad habitat: | Standing Open Water And Canals |
| Condition: | Favourable |
| Reportable features: | |

| Feature name | Feature condition | Date of assessment |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|
| Assemblages of breeding birds - Mixed: Scrub, Woodland | Not Recorded | 01/01/1900 |
| Wet woodland | Not Recorded | 01/01/1900 |

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



11 Visual and cultural designations

11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m**0**

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m**0**

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m**0**

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.

11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m**0**

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.



This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.5 Conservation Areas

Records within 250m**0**

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

Records within 250m**0**

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

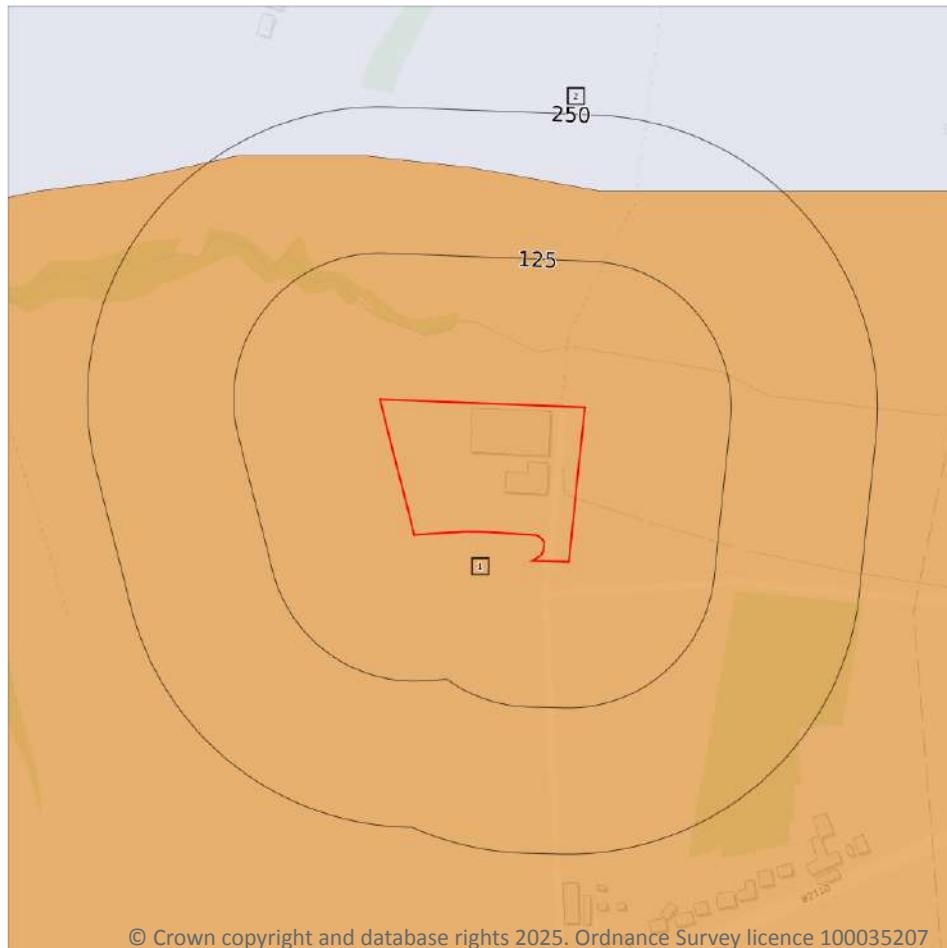
Records within 250m**0**

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.



12 Agricultural designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Grade 1 - excellent quality
- Grade 2 - very good quality
- Grade 3 - good to moderate quality
- Grade 3a - good quality
- Grade 3b - moderate quality
- Grade 4 - poor quality
- Grade 5 - very poor quality
- Non-agricultural land
- Urban land
- Exclusion land
- Tree felling licences
- Open Access land

12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

| Records within 250m | | 2 |
|---|--|---|
| Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland. | | |

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on [page 62 >](#)

| ID | Location | Classification | Description |
|----|----------|----------------|---|
| 1 | On site | Grade 3 | Good to moderate quality agricultural land. Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2. |



| ID | Location | Classification | Description |
|----|----------|----------------|--|
| 2 | 185m N | Grade 4 | Poor quality agricultural land. Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land. |

This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m

0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m

0

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m**0**

Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



13 Habitat designations



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

■ Priority Habitat Inventory
 ■ Open Mosaic Habitat
 ■ Limestone Pavement Orders

Habitat Networks
 ■ Primary Habitat
 ■ Restorable Habitat
 ■ Associated Habitats
 ■ Habitat Restoration-Creation
 ■ Network Enhancement Zone 1
 ■ Network Enhancement Zone 2

13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

2

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on [page 65 >](#)

| ID | Location | Main Habitat | Other habitats |
|----|----------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 85m NW | Deciduous woodland | Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%) |
| 2 | 214m NW | Deciduous woodland | Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%) |

This data is sourced from Natural England.



13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m

0

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m

0

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

Records within 250m

0

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

14.1 10k Availability

| Records within 500m | | | | | | | 1 |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme. | | | | | | | |

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on [page 67 >](#)

| ID | Location | Artificial | Superficial | Bedrock | Mass movement | Sheet No. |
|----|----------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------------|-----------|
| 1 | On site | No coverage | Full | Full | Full | TQ22NW |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial

14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m

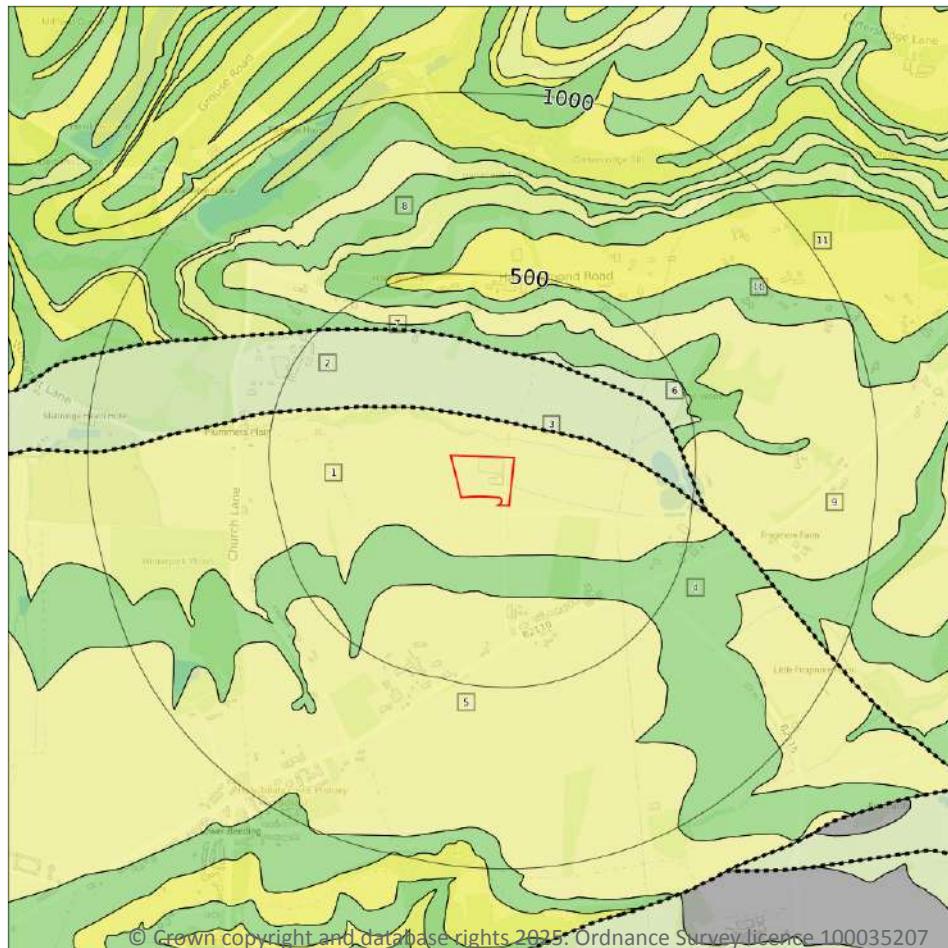
0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)
- Bedrock geology (10k)
Please see table for more details.

14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

9

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 70 >](#)

| ID | Location | LEX Code | Description | Rock age |
|----|----------|-----------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1 | On site | UTW-SLSST | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Silty Sandstone | Valanginian Age |
| 2 | 92m NE | WC-MDST | Weald Clay Formation - Mudstone | Barremian Age - Hauterivian Age |
| 4 | 137m S | UTW-MDST | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Mudstone | Valanginian Age |



| ID | Location | LEX Code | Description | Rock age |
|----|----------|----------|---|---------------------------------|
| 5 | 242m S | UTW-SDSL | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Sandstone And Siltstone, Interbedded | Valanginian Age |
| 6 | 281m NE | WC-MDST | Weald Clay Formation - Mudstone | Barremian Age - Hauterivian Age |
| 8 | 283m N | UTW-MDST | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Mudstone | Valanginian Age |
| 9 | 335m N | UTW-SDSL | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Sandstone And Siltstone, Interbedded | Valanginian Age |
| 10 | 396m N | UTW-MDST | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Mudstone | Valanginian Age |
| 11 | 430m N | UTW-SDST | Upper Tunbridge Wells Sand - Sandstone | Valanginian Age |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

| Records within 500m | 2 |
|---------------------|---|
|---------------------|---|

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

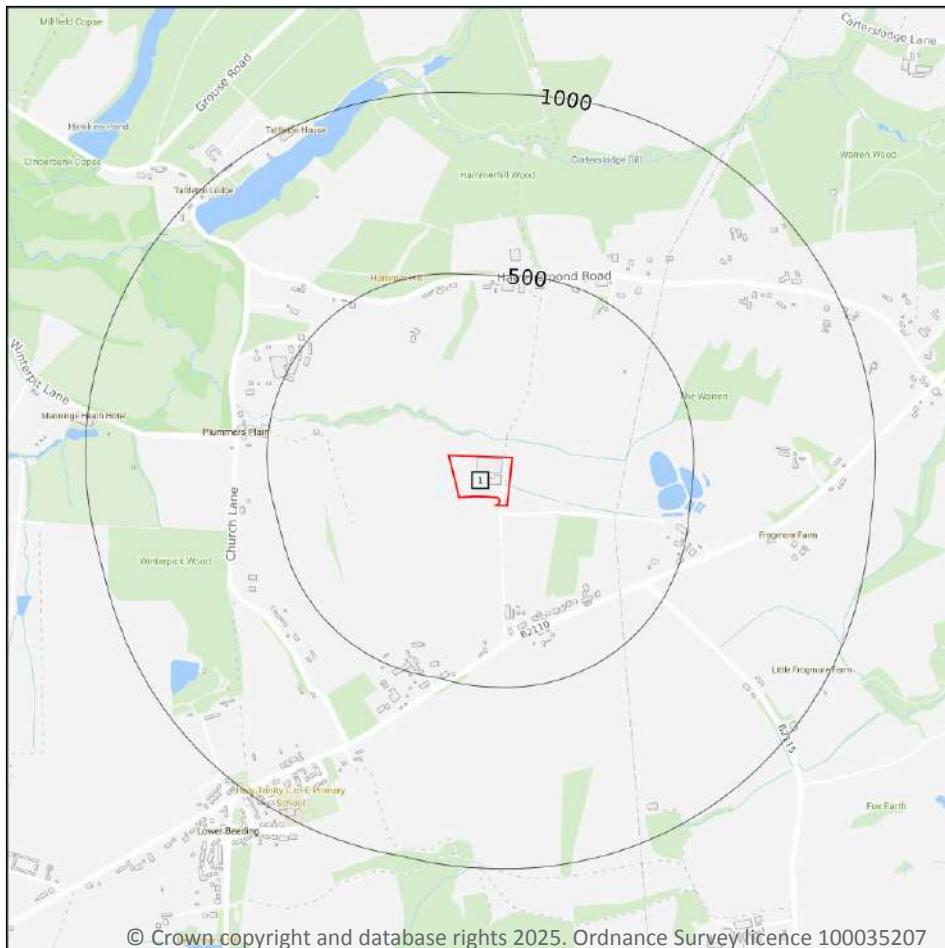
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 70 >](#)

| ID | Location | Category | Description |
|----|----------|----------|--|
| 3 | 92m NE | FAULT | Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side |
| 7 | 281m NE | FAULT | Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

Geological map tile

15.1 50k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on [page 72](#) >

| ID | Location | Artificial | Superficial | Bedrock | Mass movement | Sheet No. |
|----|----------|------------|-------------|---------|---------------|------------------|
| 1 | On site | Full | Full | Full | Full | EW302_horsham_v4 |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m**0**

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m**0**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial

15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m**0**

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m**0**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m**0**

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

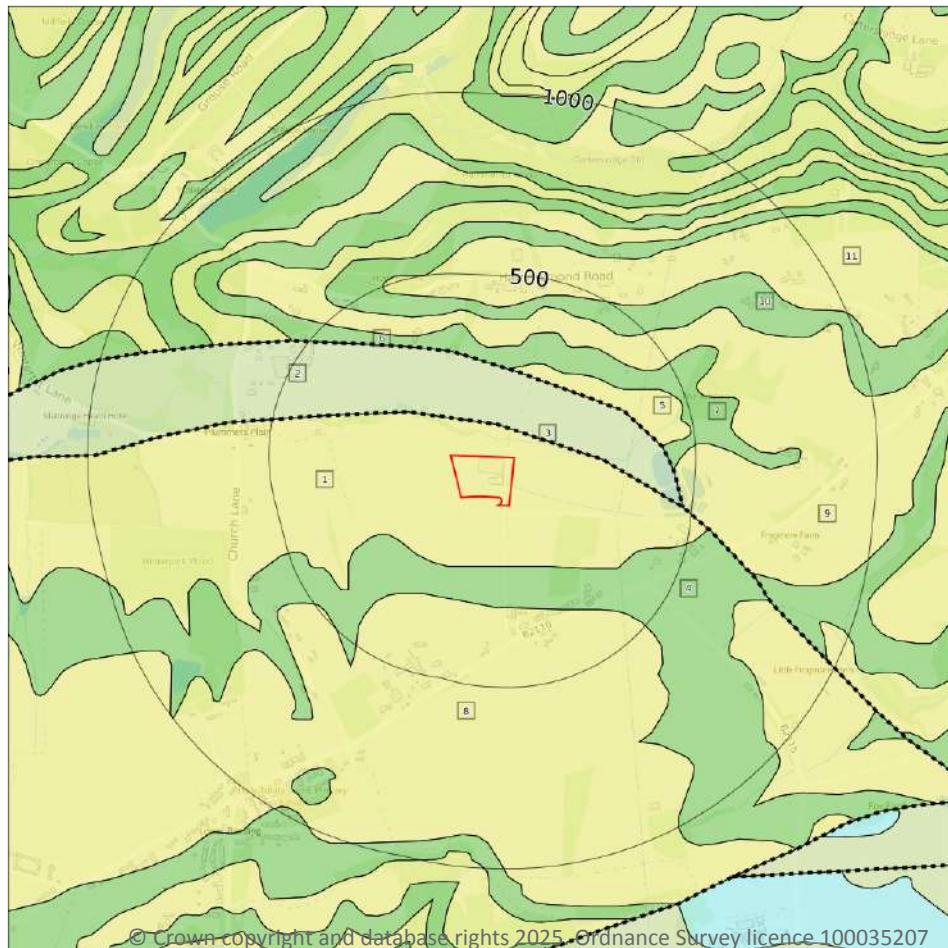
Records within 50m**0**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ... Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)
- Bedrock geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m 9

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 75 >](#)

| ID | Location | LEX Code | Description | Rock age |
|----|----------|----------|---|-------------|
| 1 | On site | UTW-SDSL | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - SANDSTONE AND SILTSTONE, INTERBEDDED | VALANGINIAN |
| 2 | 72m NE | WC-MDST | WEALD CLAY FORMATION - MUDSTONE | HAUTERIVIAN |
| 4 | 167m S | UTW-MDST | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - MUDSTONE | VALANGINIAN |



| ID | Location | LEX Code | Description | Rock age |
|----|----------|----------|---|-------------|
| 5 | 226m NE | UTW-SDSL | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - SANDSTONE AND SILTSTONE, INTERBEDDED | VALANGINIAN |
| 7 | 243m N | UTW-MDST | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - MUDSTONE | VALANGINIAN |
| 8 | 277m S | UTW-SDSL | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - SANDSTONE AND SILTSTONE, INTERBEDDED | VALANGINIAN |
| 9 | 301m N | UTW-SDSL | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - SANDSTONE AND SILTSTONE, INTERBEDDED | VALANGINIAN |
| 10 | 378m N | UTW-MDST | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - MUDSTONE | VALANGINIAN |
| 11 | 413m N | UTW-STMD | UPPER TUNBRIDGE WELLS SAND - SANDSTONE AND MUDSTONE | VALANGINIAN |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

| Records within 50m | 1 |
|--------------------|---|
|--------------------|---|

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

| Location | Flow type | Maximum permeability | Minimum permeability |
|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| On site | Mixed | High | Moderate |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

| Records within 500m | 2 |
|---------------------|---|
|---------------------|---|

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 75 >](#)

| ID | Location | Category | Description |
|----|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| 3 | 72m NE | FAULT | Fault, inferred, displacement unknown |
| 6 | 226m NE | FAULT | Fault, inferred, displacement unknown |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



16 Boreholes

16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

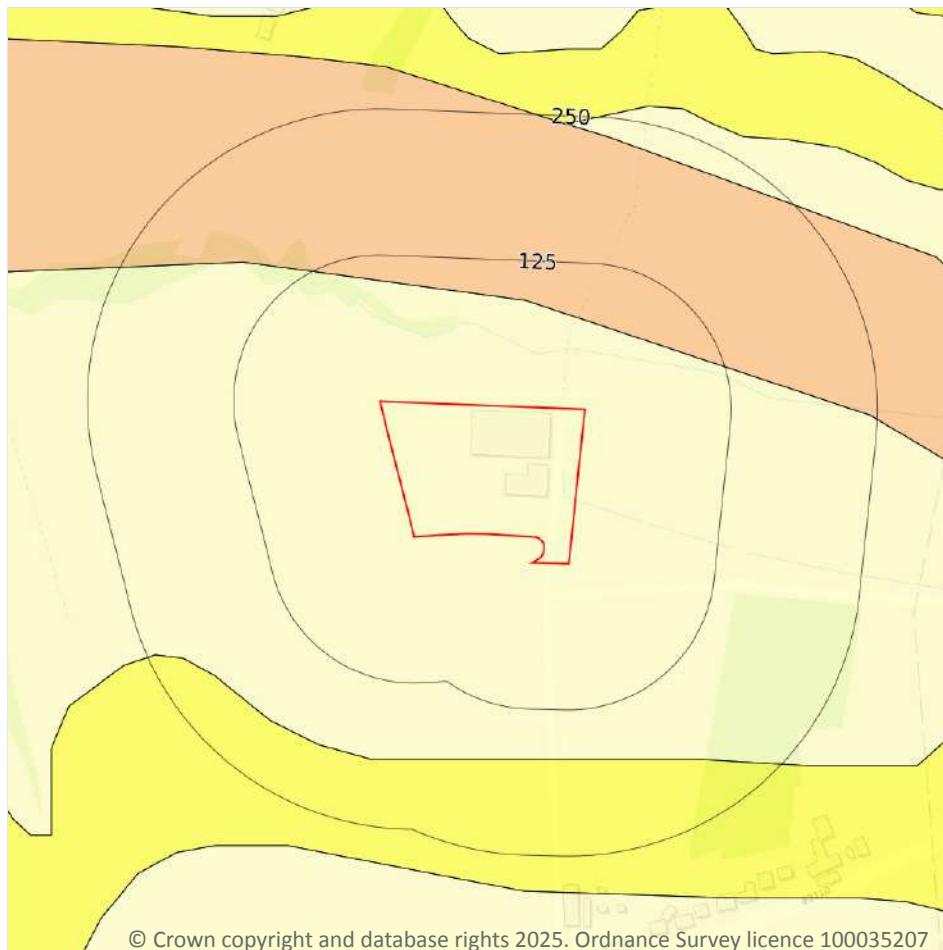
0

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

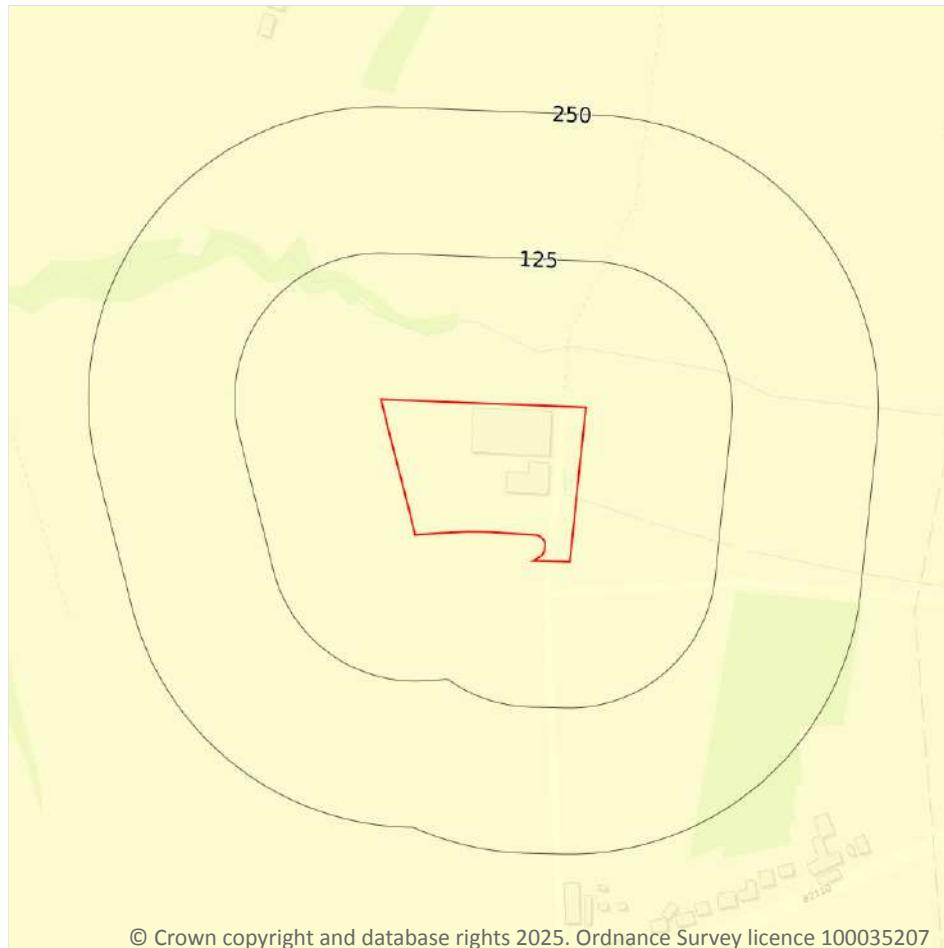
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on [page 78 >](#)

| Location | Hazard rating | Details |
|----------|---------------|--|
| On site | Negligible | Ground conditions predominantly non-plastic. |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

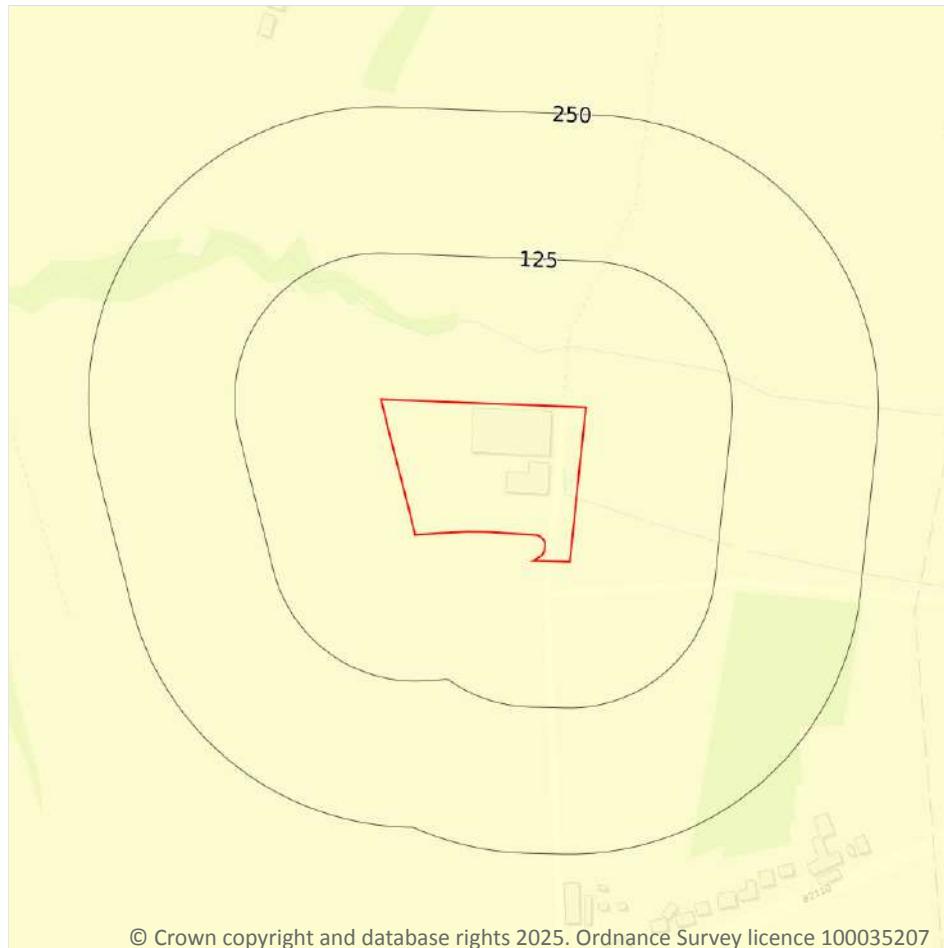
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on [page 79 >](#)

| Location | Hazard rating | Details |
|----------|---------------|--|
| On site | Negligible | Running sand conditions are not thought to occur whatever the position of the water table. No identified constraints on lands use due to running conditions. |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

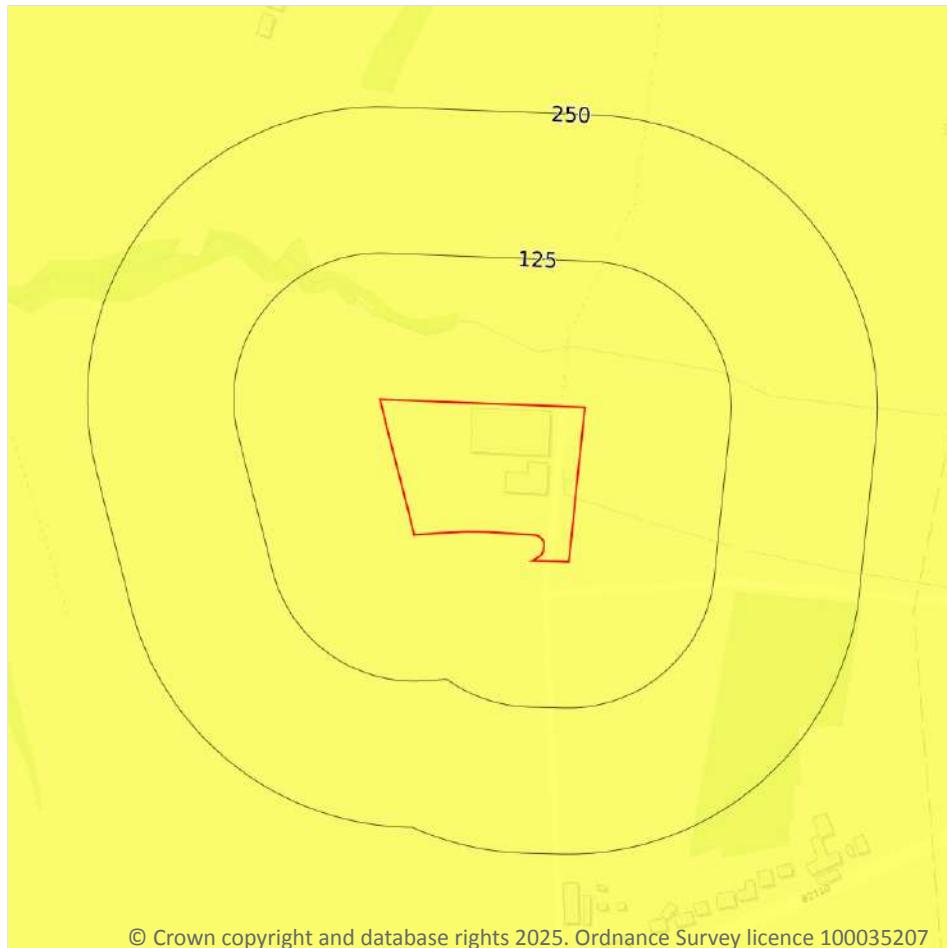
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on [page 80 >](#)

| Location | Hazard rating | Details |
|----------|---------------|---|
| On site | Negligible | Compressible strata are not thought to occur. |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

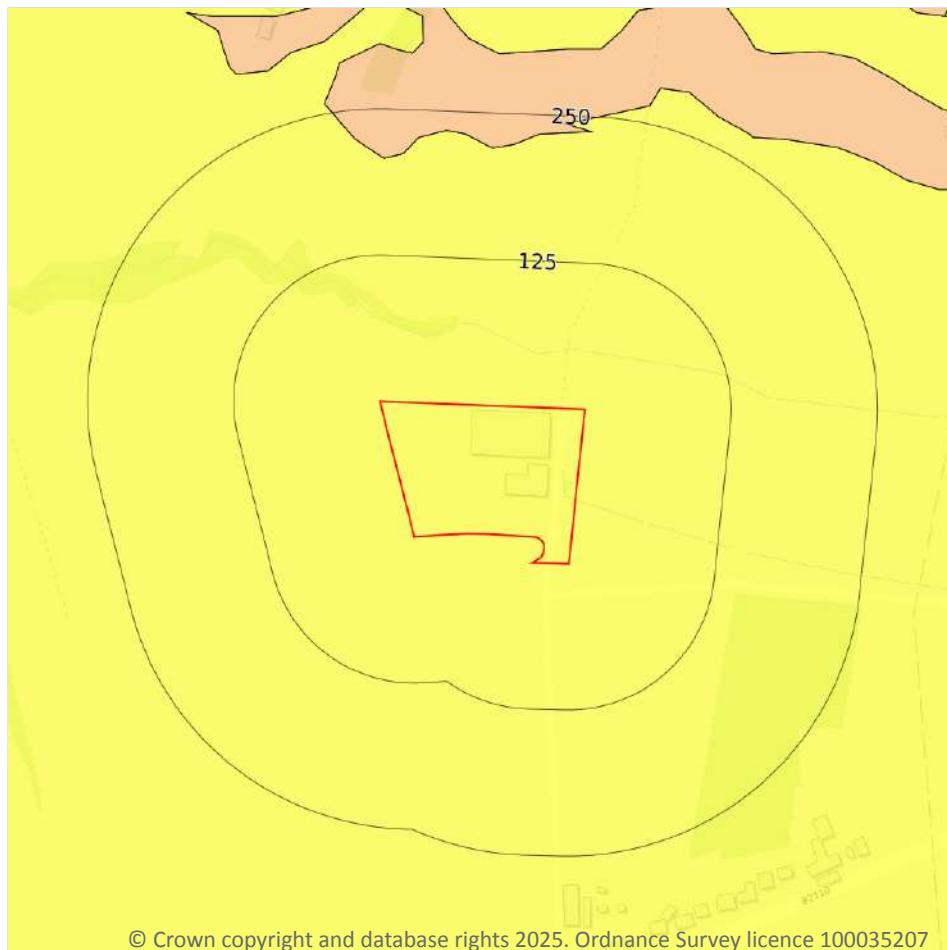
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on [page 81](#) >

| Location | Hazard rating | Details |
|----------|---------------|---|
| On site | Very low | Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present. |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

1

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

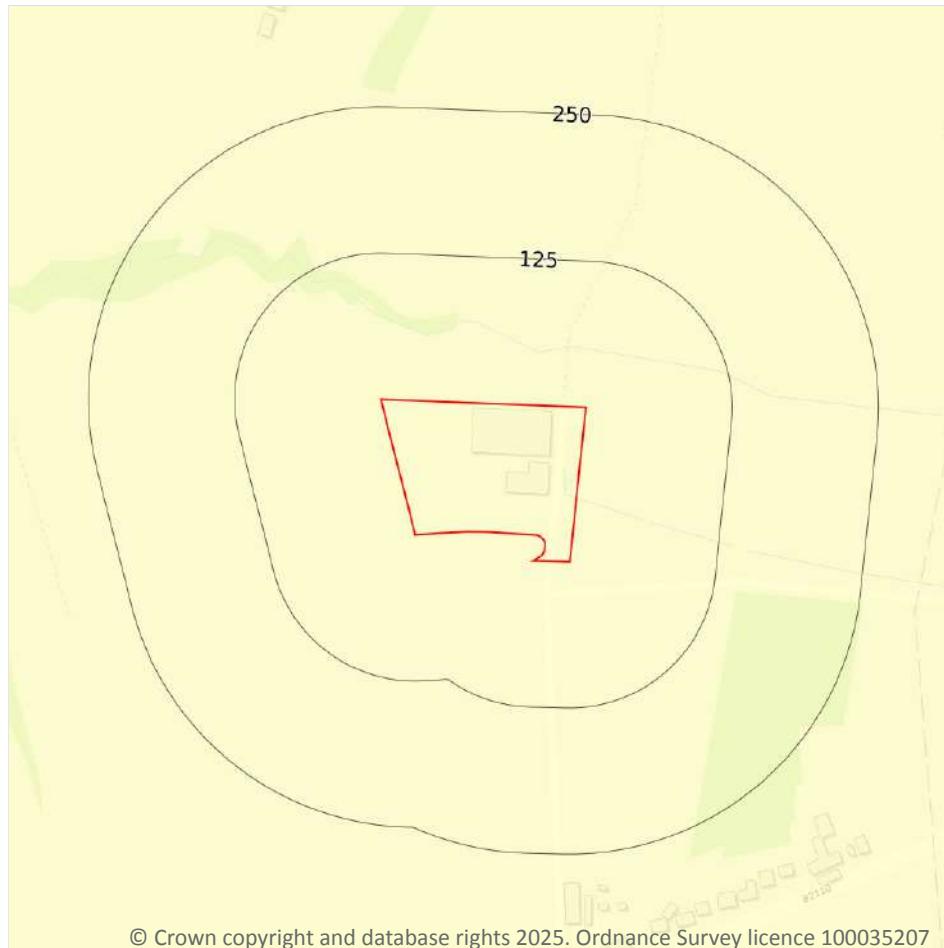
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on [page 82 >](#)

| Location | Hazard rating | Details |
|----------|---------------|---|
| On site | Very low | Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered. |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on [page 83](#)

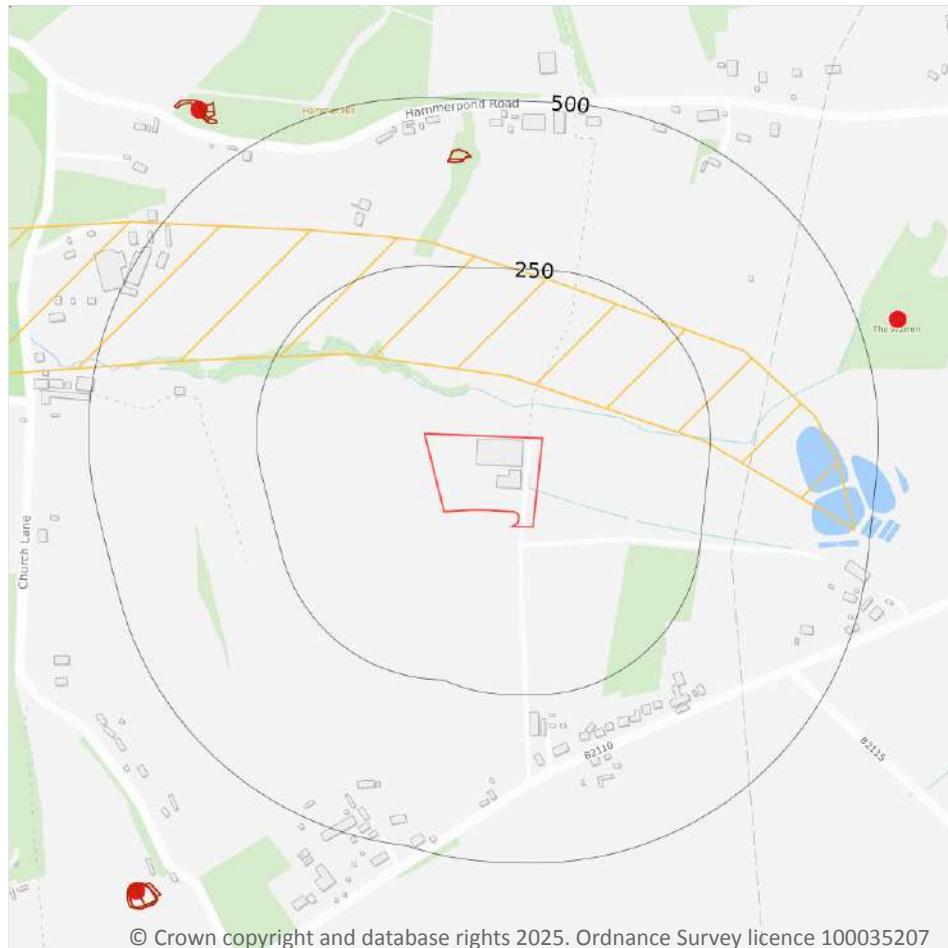
| Location | Hazard rating | Details |
|----------|---------------|---|
| On site | Negligible | Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present. |



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18 Mining and ground workings



18.1 BritPits

Records within 500m

0

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18.2 Surface ground workings

Records within 250m

0

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.3 Underground workings

Records within 1000m

0

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.4 Underground mining extents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies underground mine workings that could present a potential risk, including adits and seam workings. These features have been identified from BGS Geological mapping and mine plans sourced from the BGS and various collections and sources.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

Records within 500m

0

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m

1

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

Features are displayed on the Mining and ground workings map on [page 85 >](#)



| ID | Location | Name | Commodity | Class | Likelihood |
|----|----------|---------------|-----------|-------|--|
| 1 | 72m NE | Not available | Iron Ore | B | Underground mine workings may have occurred in the past or current mines may be working at significant depth to modern engineering standards. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely and are at a level where they need not be considered. |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.7 JPB mining areas

| | |
|------------------------|----------|
| Records on site | 0 |
|------------------------|----------|

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.

18.8 The Coal Authority non-coal mining

| | |
|----------------------------|----------|
| Records within 500m | 0 |
|----------------------------|----------|

This data provides an indication of the potential zone of influence of recorded underground non-coal mining workings. Any and all analysis and interpretation of Coal Authority Data in this report is made by Groundsure, and is in no way supported, endorsed or authorised by the Coal Authority. The use of the data is restricted to the terms and provisions contained in this report. Data reproduced in this report may be the copyright of the Coal Authority and permission should be sought from Groundsure prior to any re-use.

This data is sourced from The Coal Authority.

18.9 Researched mining

| | |
|----------------------------|----------|
| Records within 500m | 1 |
|----------------------------|----------|

This data indicates areas of potential mining identified from alternative or archival sources, including; BGS Geological paper maps, Lidar data, aerial photographs (from World War II onwards), archaeological data services, websites, Tithe maps, and various text/plans from collected books and reports. Some of this data is approximate and Groundsure have interpreted the resultant risk area and, where possible, specific areas of risk have been captured.

| Location | Mineral type |
|----------|--------------|
|----------|--------------|

448m E

Metals

This data is sourced from Groundsure.



18.10 Mining record office plans

Records within 500m

0

This dataset is representative of Mining Record Office and/or plan extents held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.11 BGS mine plans

Records within 500m

0

This dataset is representative of BGS mine plans held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.12 Coal mining

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.

18.13 Brine areas

Records on site

0

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.

18.14 Gypsum areas

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

This data is sourced from British Gypsum.



18.15 Tin mining

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.16 Clay mining

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).



19 Ground cavities and sinkholes

19.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

19.2 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m

0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

19.3 Reported recent incidents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies sinkhole information gathered from media reports and Groundsure's own records. This data goes back to 2014 and includes relative accuracy ratings for each event and links to the original data sources. The data is updated on a regular basis and should not be considered a comprehensive catalogue of all sinkhole events. The absence of data in this database does not mean a sinkhole definitely has not occurred during this time.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

19.4 Historical incidents

Records within 500m

0

This dataset comprises an extract of 1:10,560, 1:10,000, 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scale historical Ordnance Survey maps held by Groundsure, dating back to the 1840s. It shows shakeholes, deneholes and other 'holes' as noted on these maps. Dene holes are medieval chalk extraction pits, usually comprising a narrow shaft with a number of chambers at the base of the shaft. Shakeholes are an alternative name for suffusion sinkholes, most commonly found in the limestone landscapes of North Yorkshire but also extensively noted around the Brecon Beacons National Park.

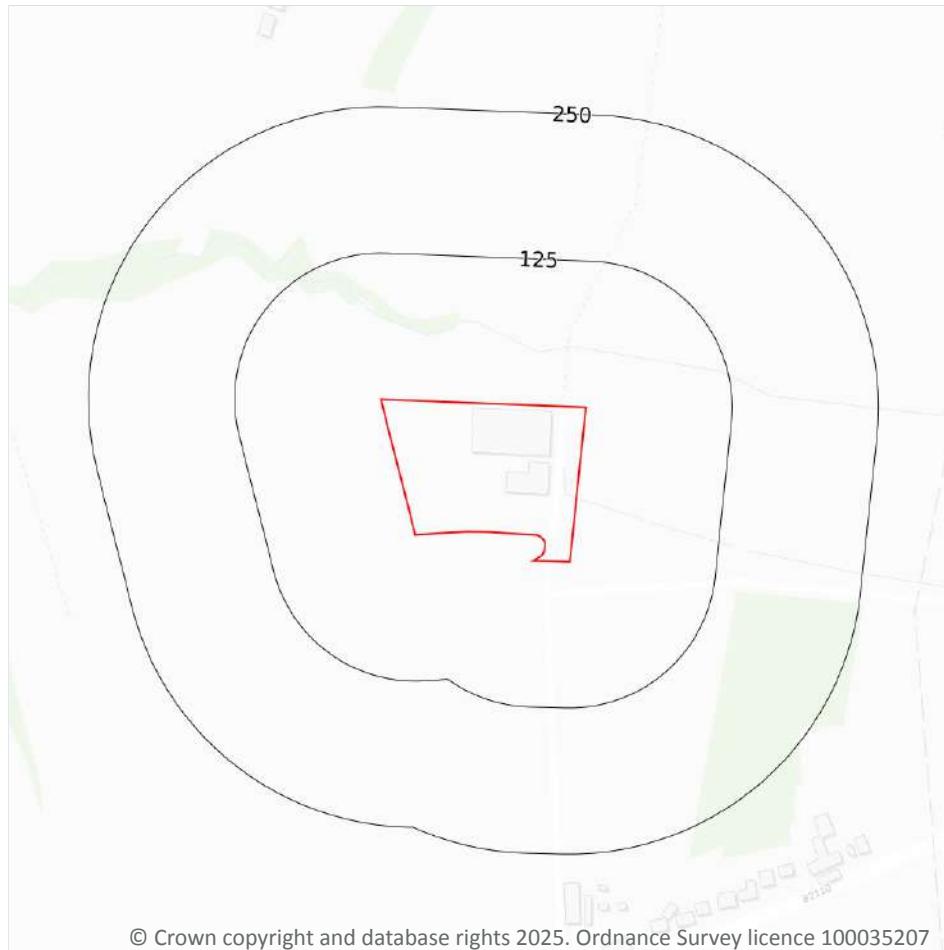
Not all 'holes' noted on Ordnance Survey mapping will necessarily be present within this dataset.



This data is sourced from Groundsure.



20 Radon



20.1 Radon

Records on site 1

The Radon Potential data classifies areas based on their likelihood of a property having a radon level at or above the Action Level in Great Britain. The dataset is intended for use at 1:50,000 scale and was derived from both geological assessments and indoor radon measurements (more than 560,000 records). A minimum 50m buffer should be considered when searching the maps, as the smallest detectable feature at this scale is 50m. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain (1:100,000 scale).

Features are displayed on the Radon map on [page 92 >](#)

| Location | Estimated properties affected | Radon Protection Measures required |
|----------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| On site | Less than 1% | None |



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and UK Health Security Agency.



21 Soil chemistry

21.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

| Records within 50m | | | | | | | | 1 |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|---|
| Location | Arsenic | Bioaccessible Arsenic | Lead | Bioaccessible Lead | Cadmium | Chromium | Nickel | |
| On site | 15 mg/kg | No data | 100 mg/kg | 60 mg/kg | 1.8 mg/kg | 60 - 90 mg/kg | 15 - 30 mg/kg | |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

21.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

| Records within 50m | | | | | | | | 0 |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km ²). | | | | | | | | |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

21.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

| Records within 50m | | | | | | | | 0 |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km ² . | | | | | | | | |

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



22 Railway infrastructure and projects

22.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m**0**

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m**0**

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m**0**

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

22.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m**0**

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

22.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m**0**

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.



This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.

22.6 Historical railways

Records within 250m

0

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.

22.7 Railways

Records within 250m

0

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.

22.8 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m

0

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.9 HS2

Records within 500m

0

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.



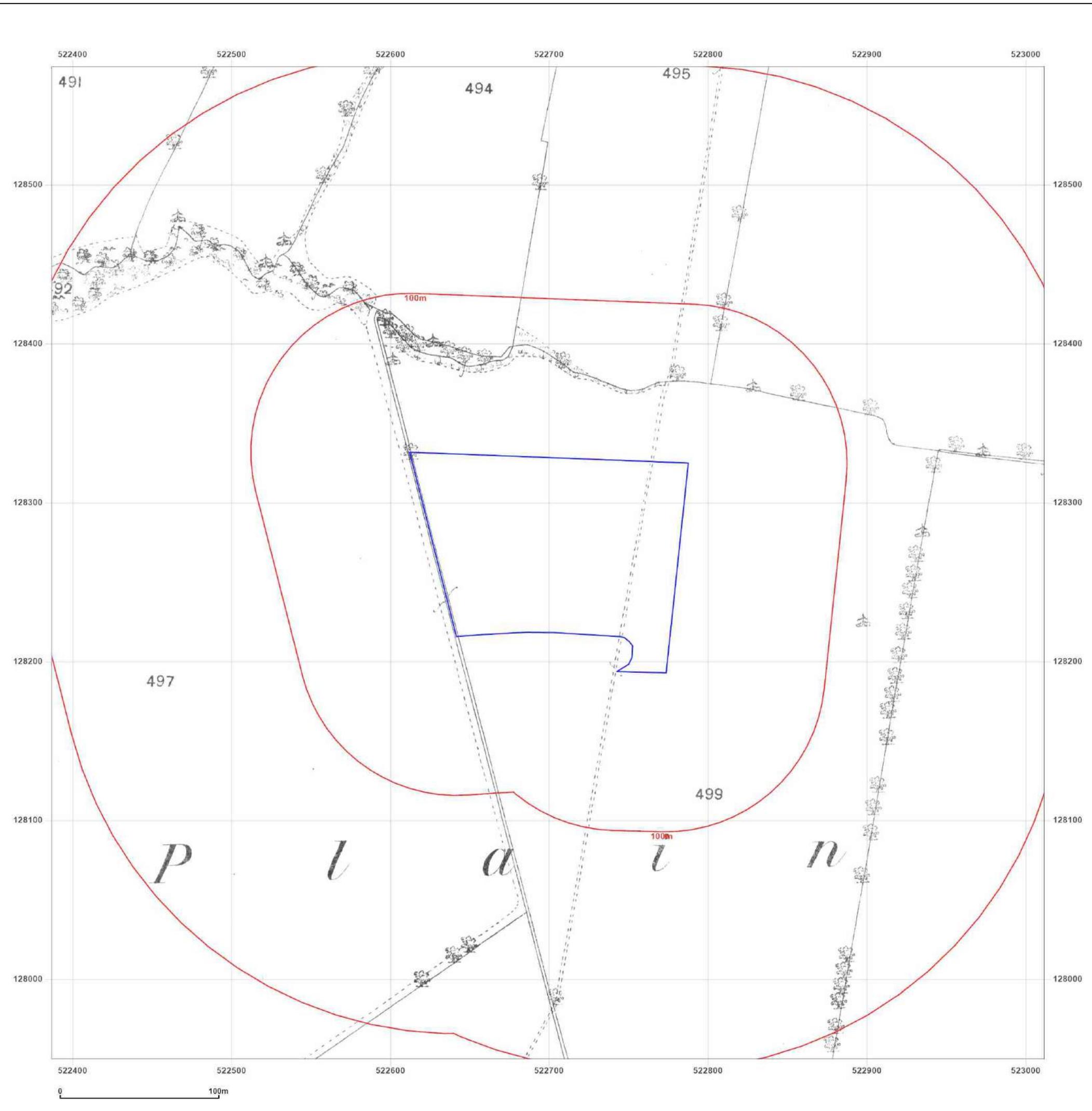
Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference> ↗.

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Client Ref: P17027
Report Ref: GS-NAE-2YW-2YL-5J1
Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: County Series

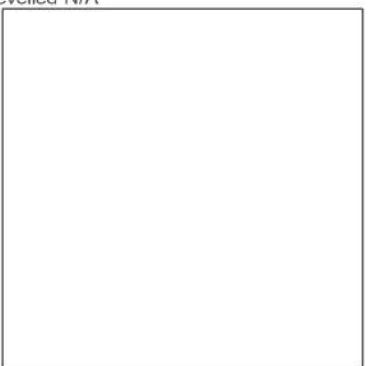
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Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



Surveyed 1874
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 Edition N/A
 Copyright N/A
 Levelled N/A

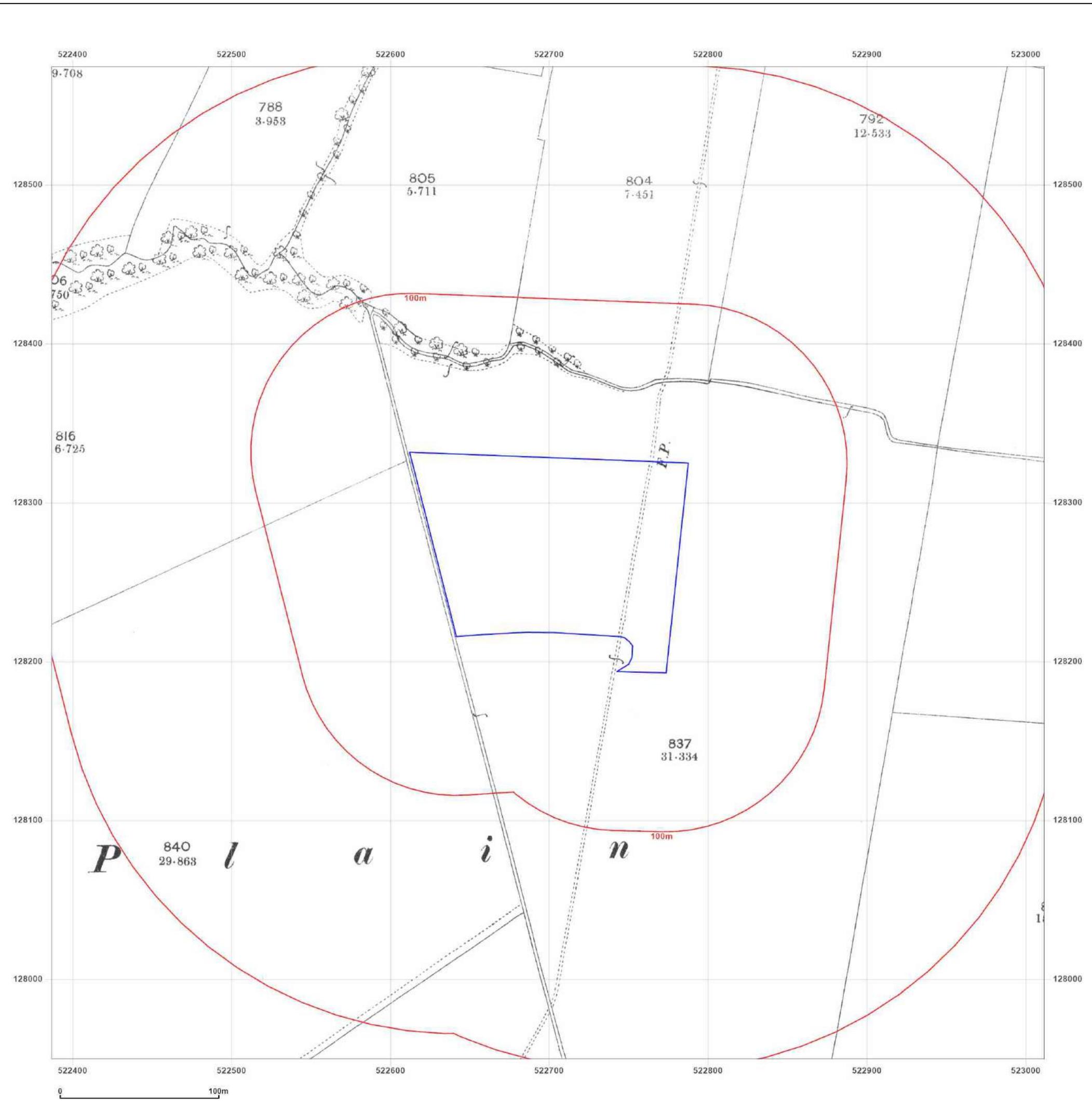


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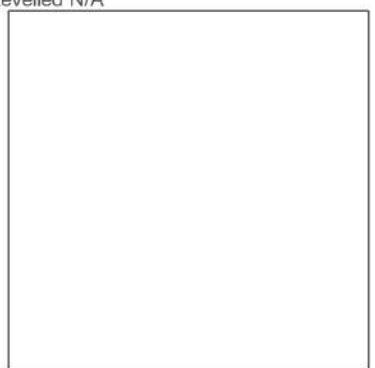
Map date: 1911

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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 Edition N/A
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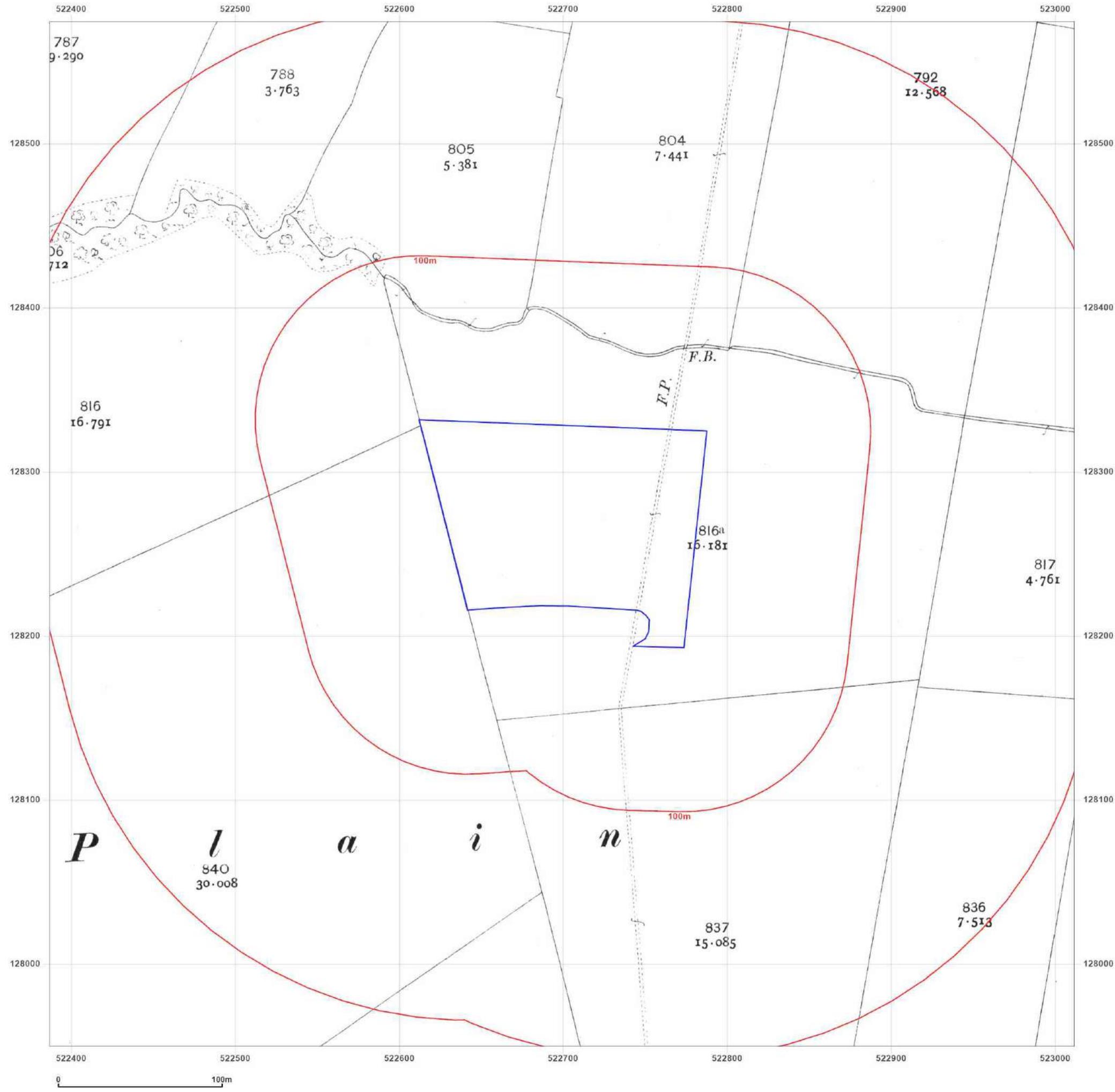


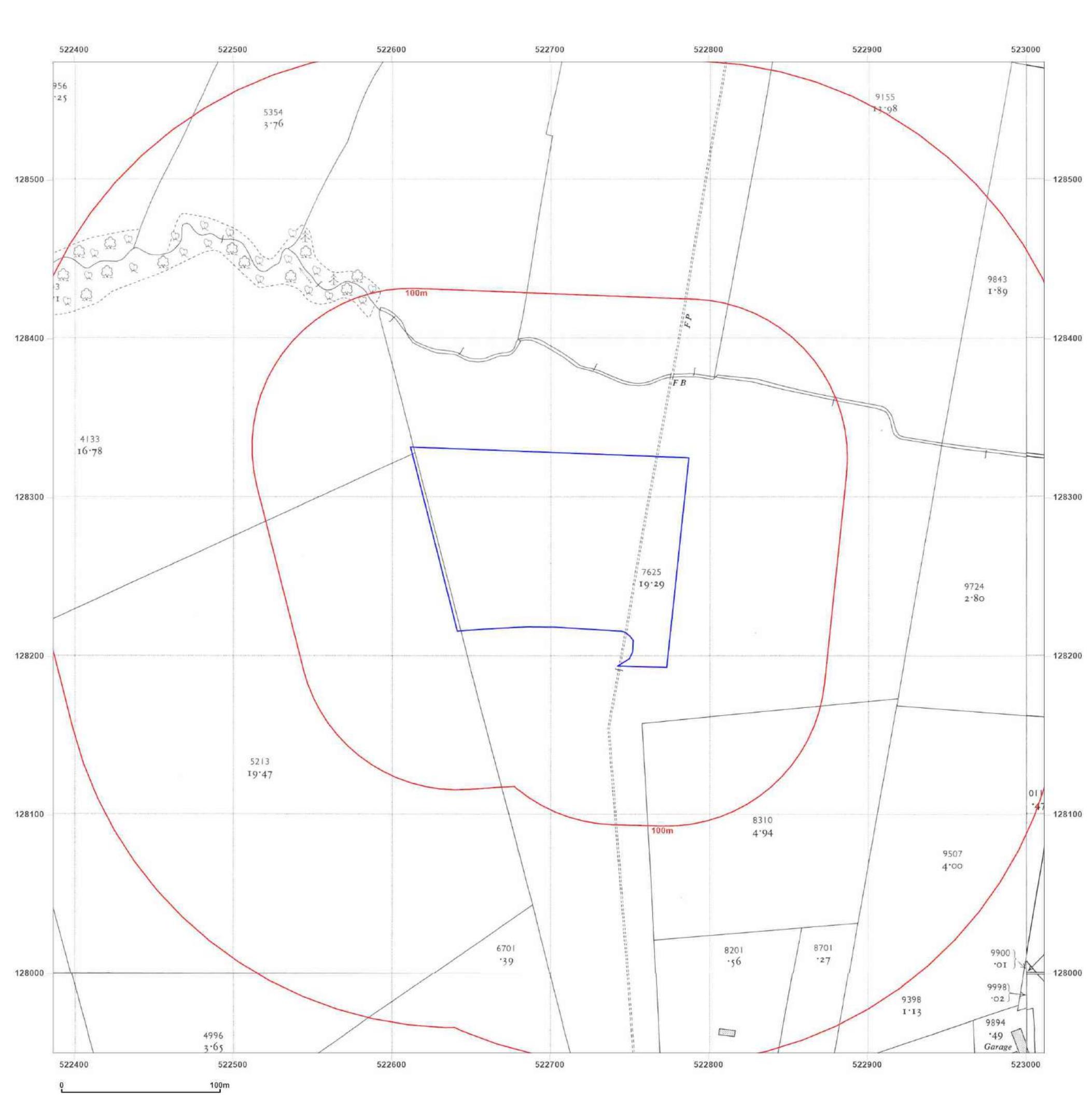
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Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1985

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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 Revised 1985
 Edition N/A
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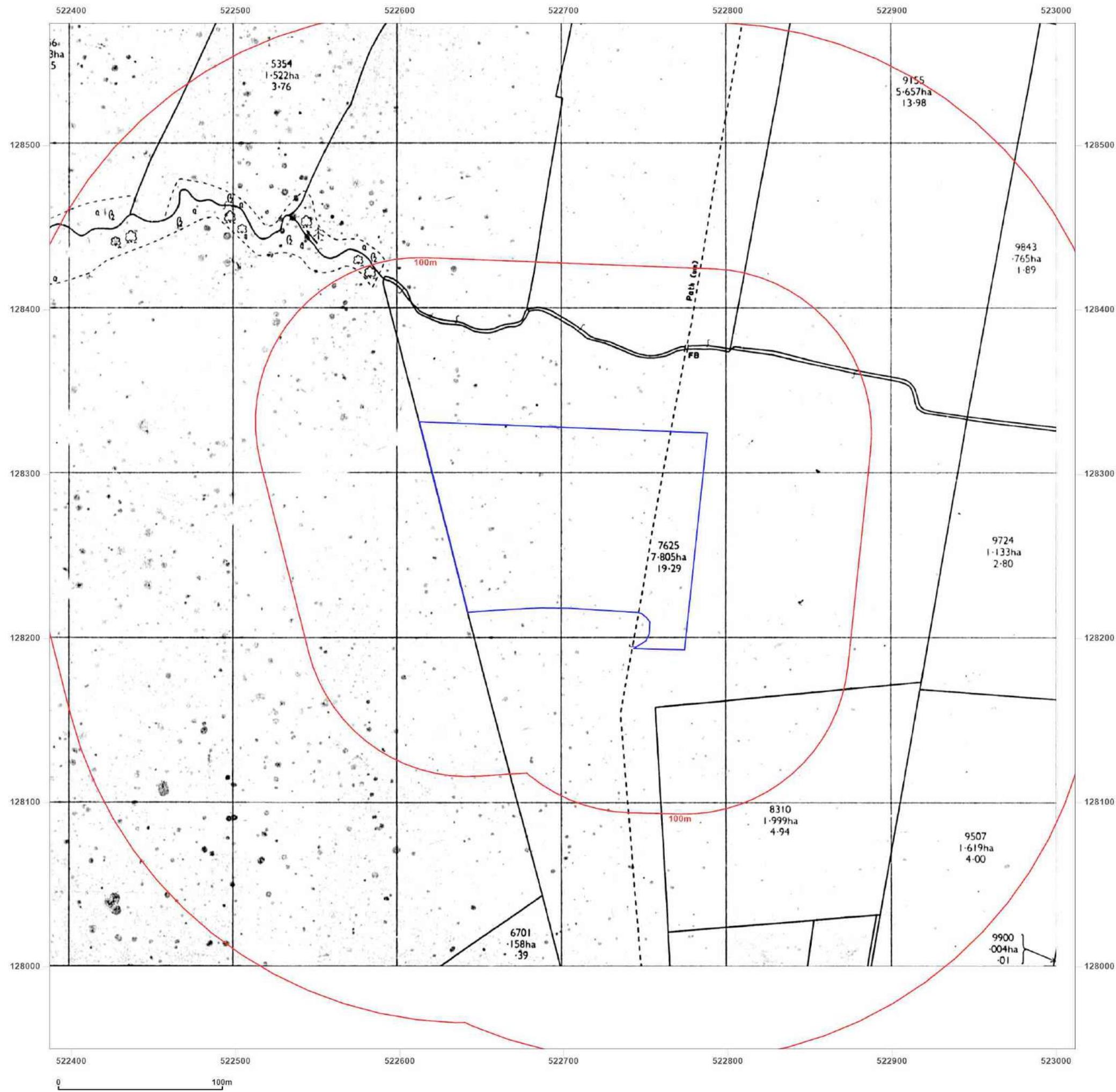


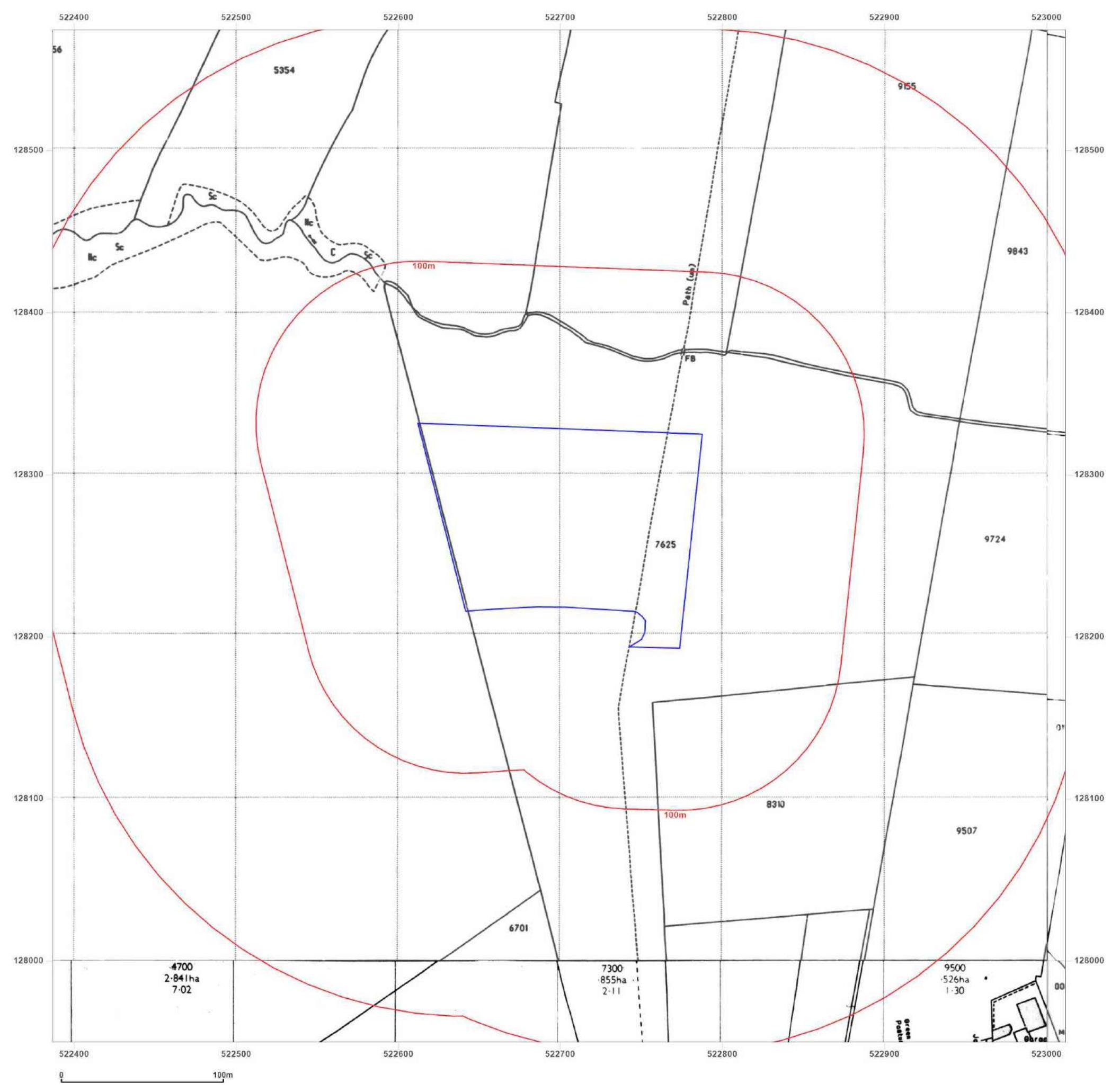
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Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1991-1993

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Revised N/A
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Surveyed 1976
Revised 1991
Edition N/A
Copyright 1991
Levelled 1976

Surveyed 1993
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Edition N/A
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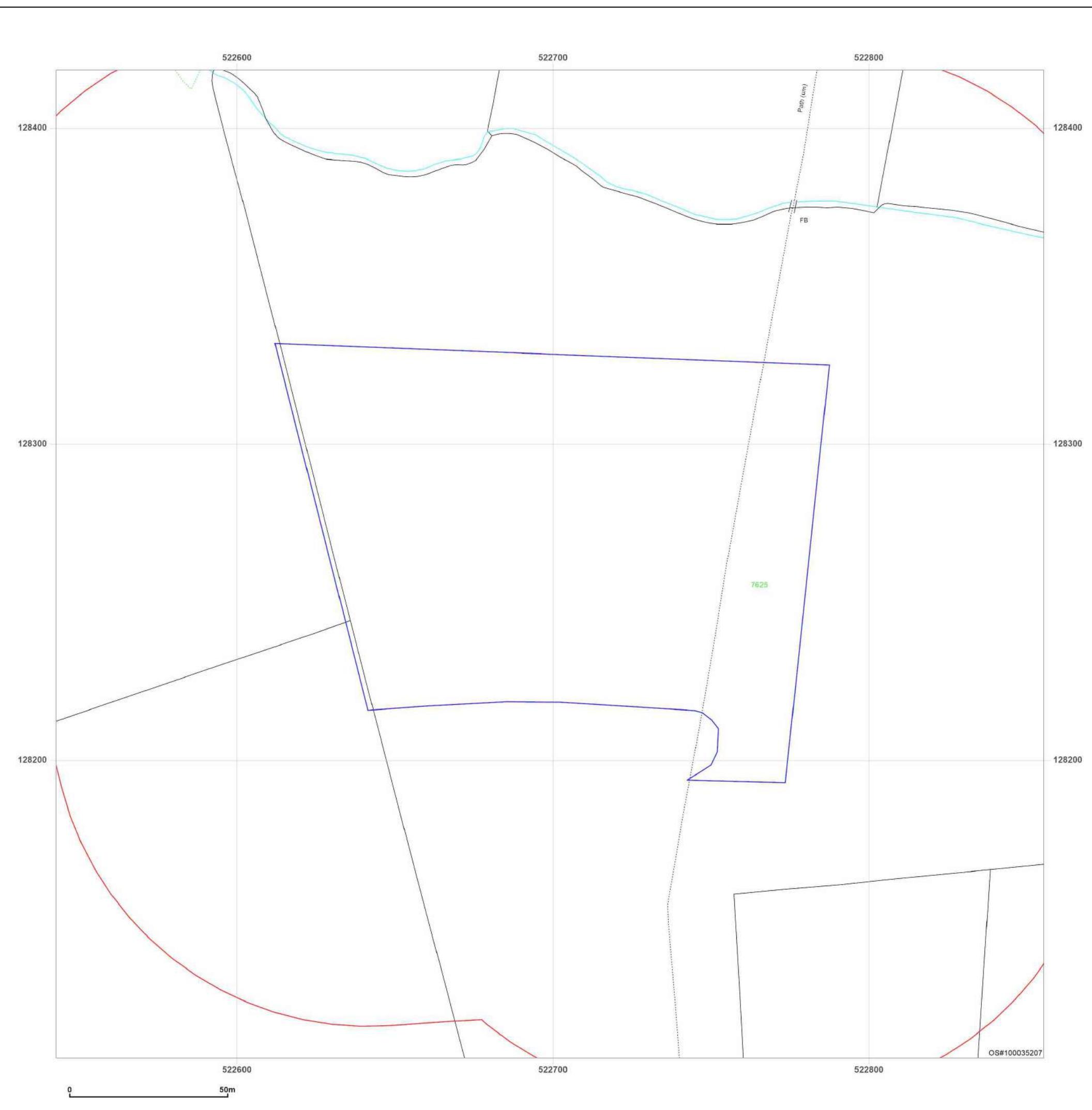


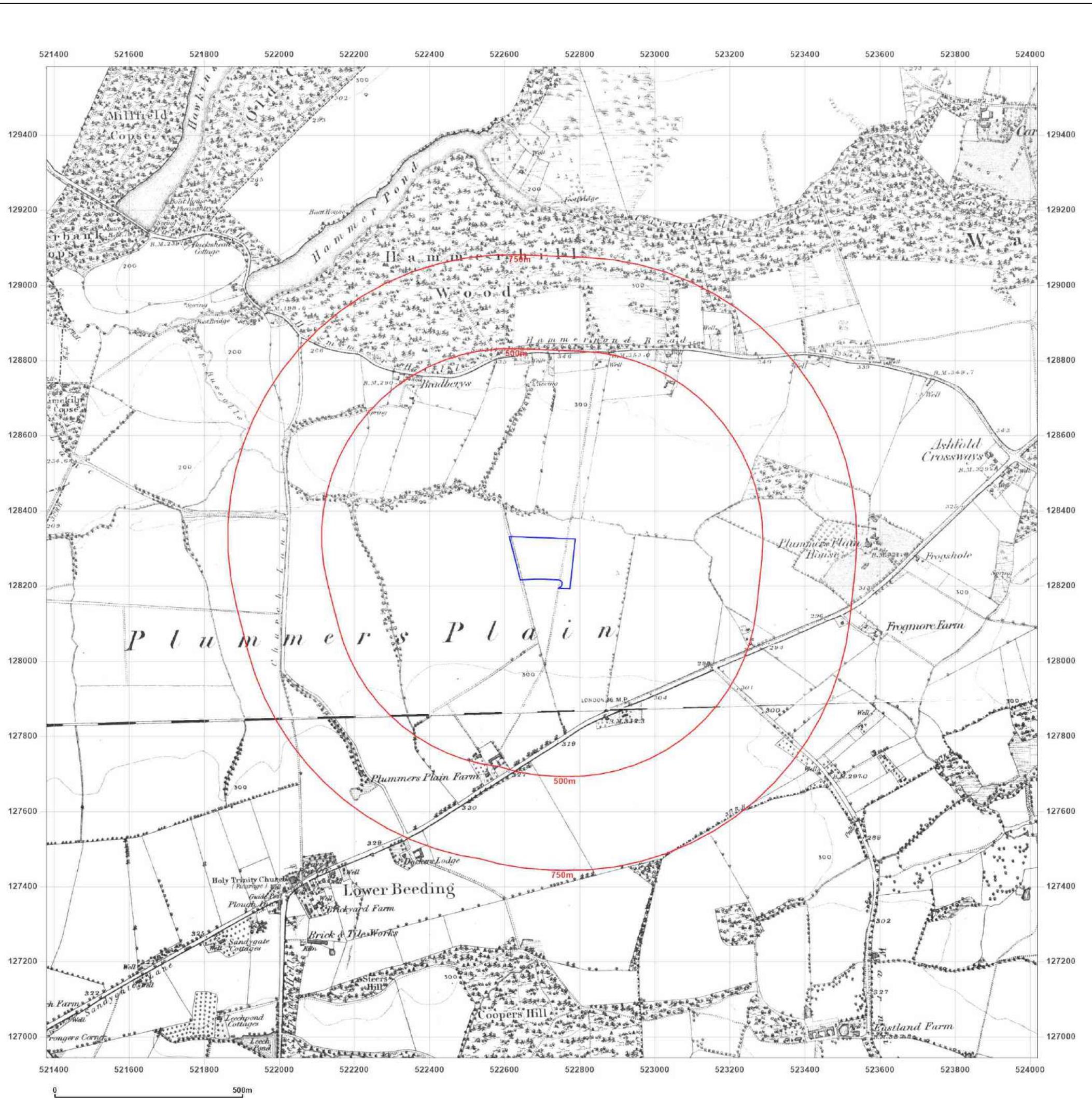
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Client Ref: P17027
Report Ref: GS-NAE-2YW-2YL-5J1
Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1874-1875

Scale: 1:10 560

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Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: County Series



Map date: 1895-1896

Scale: 1:10,560

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 Revised N/A
 Edition N/A
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 Levelled N/A

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 Edition N/A
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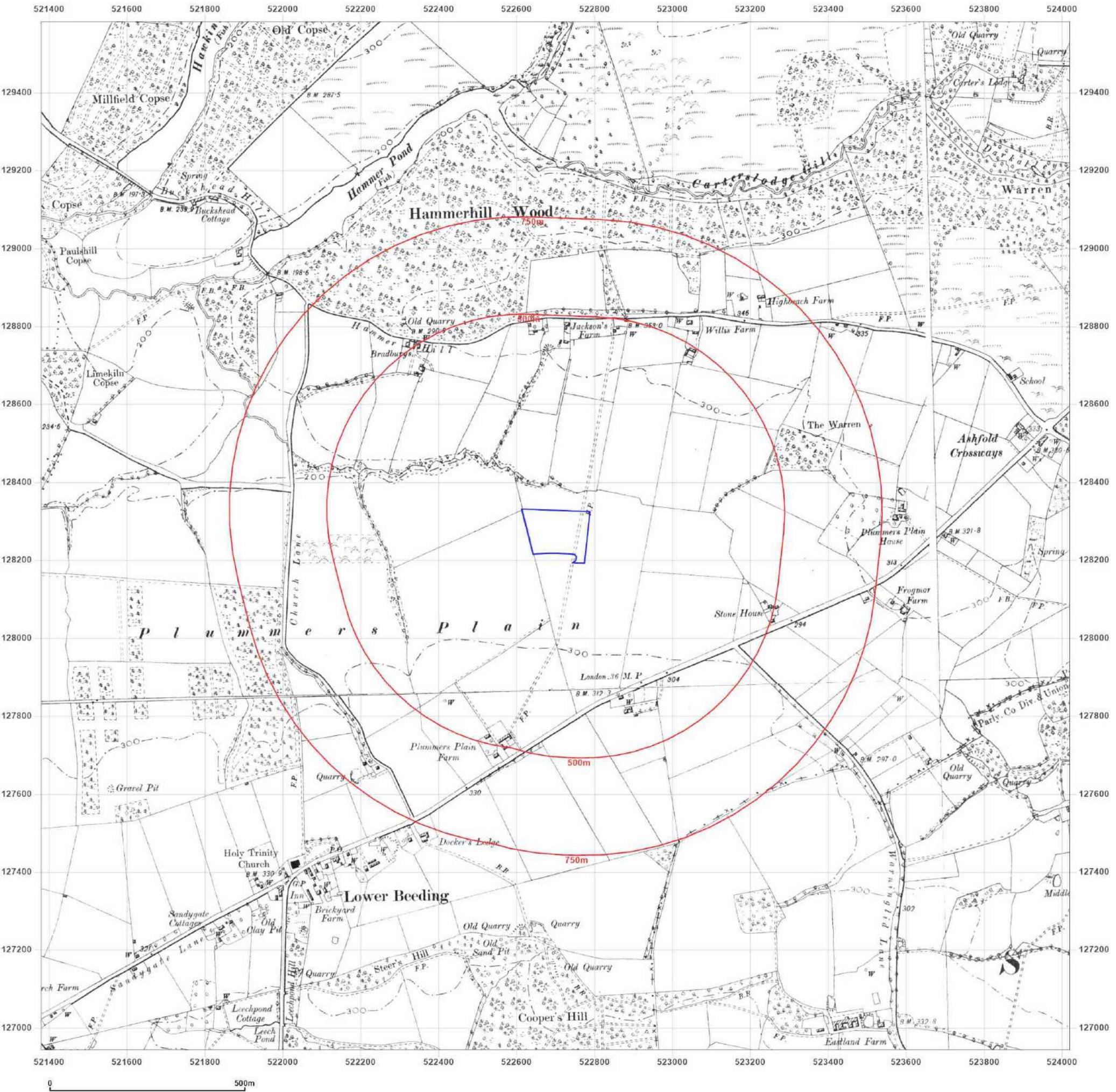


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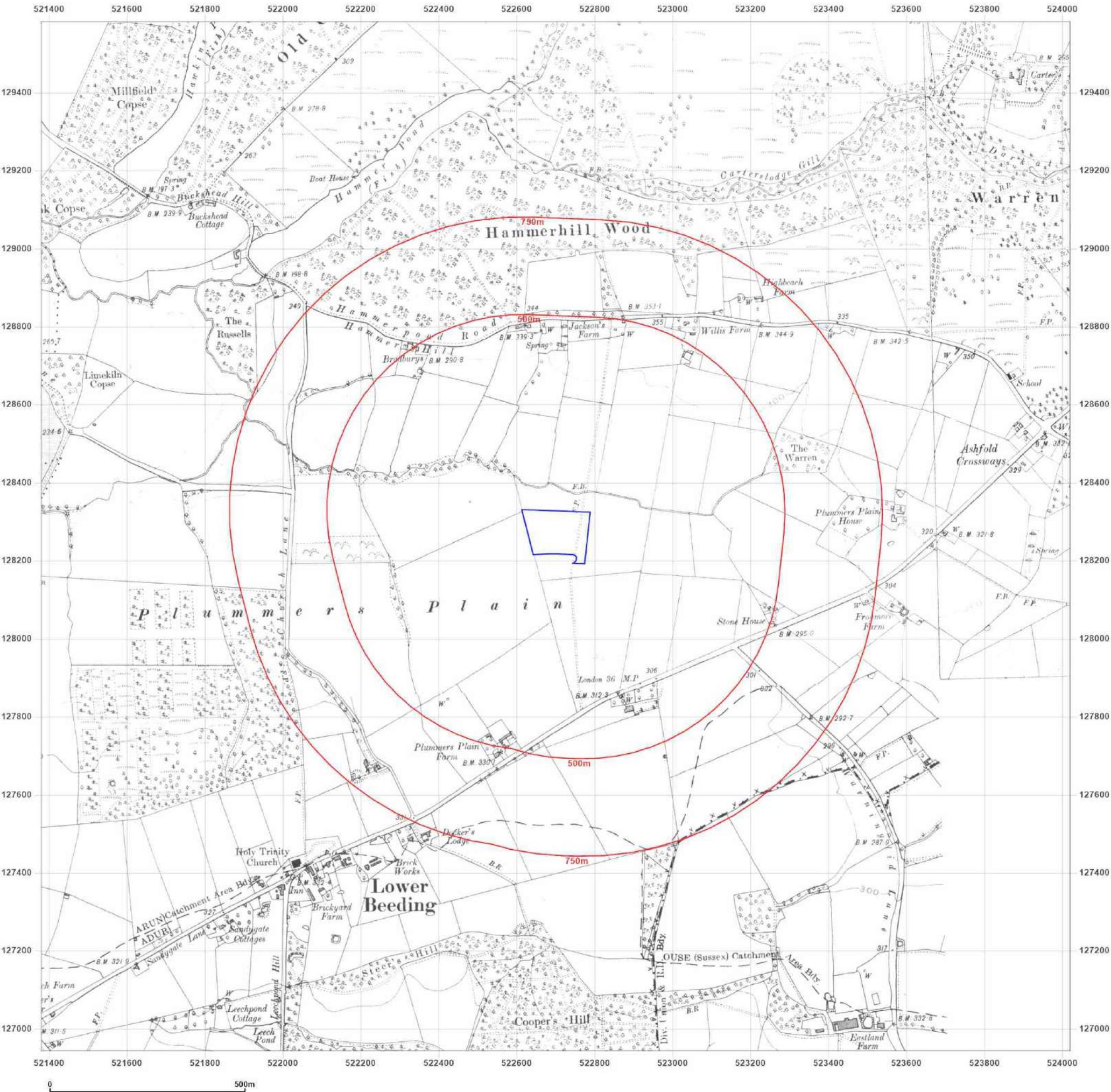


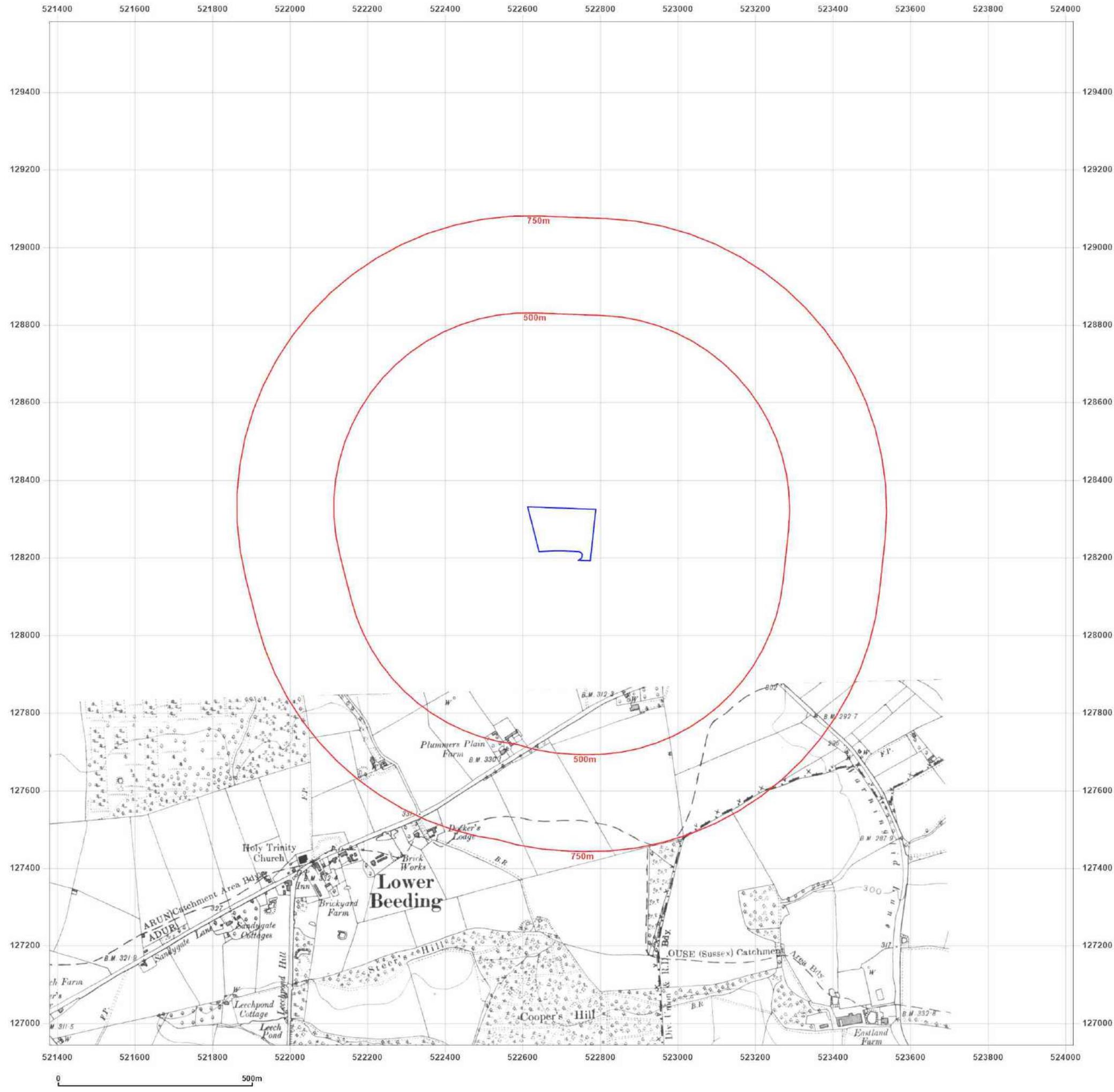
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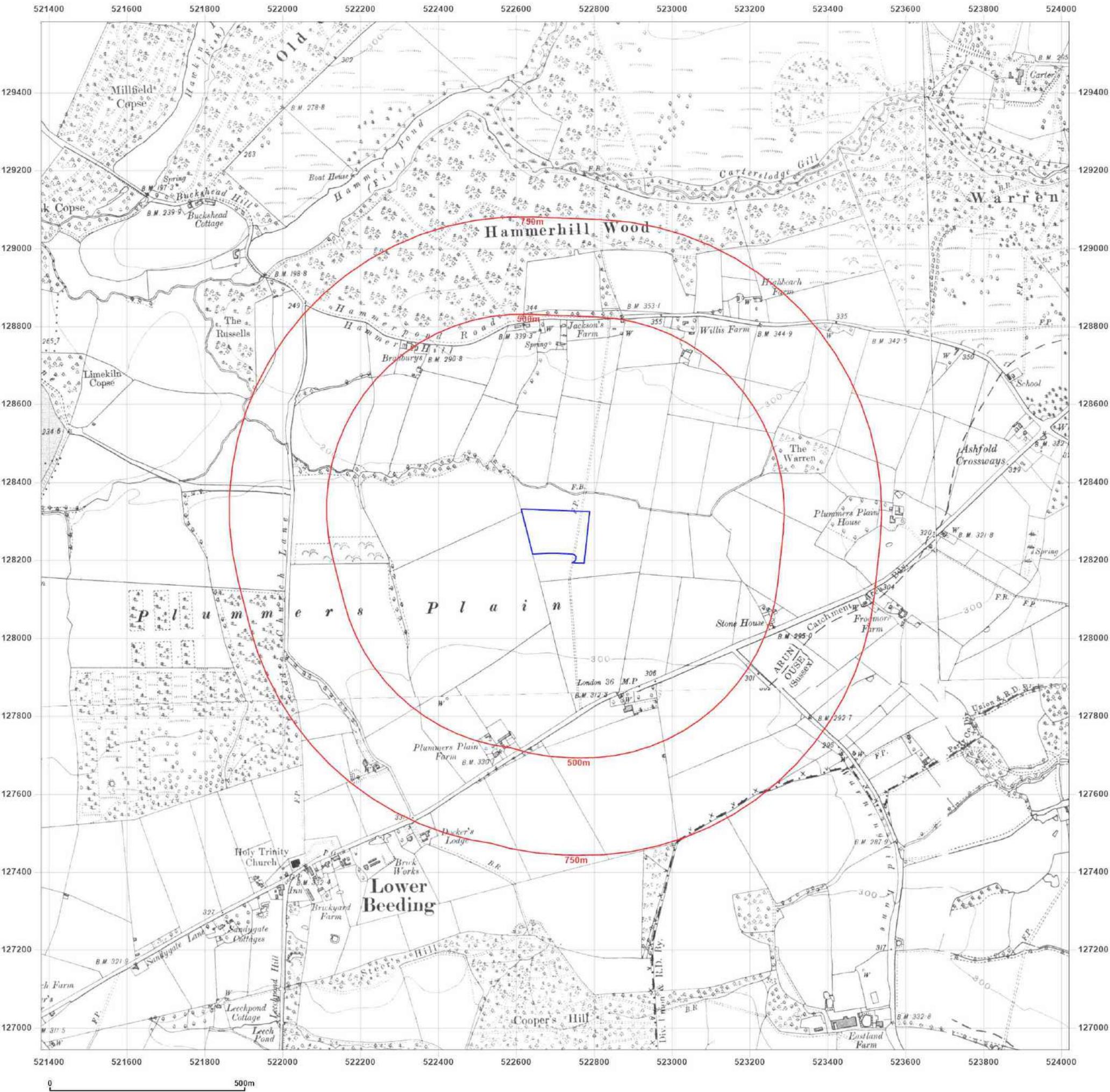


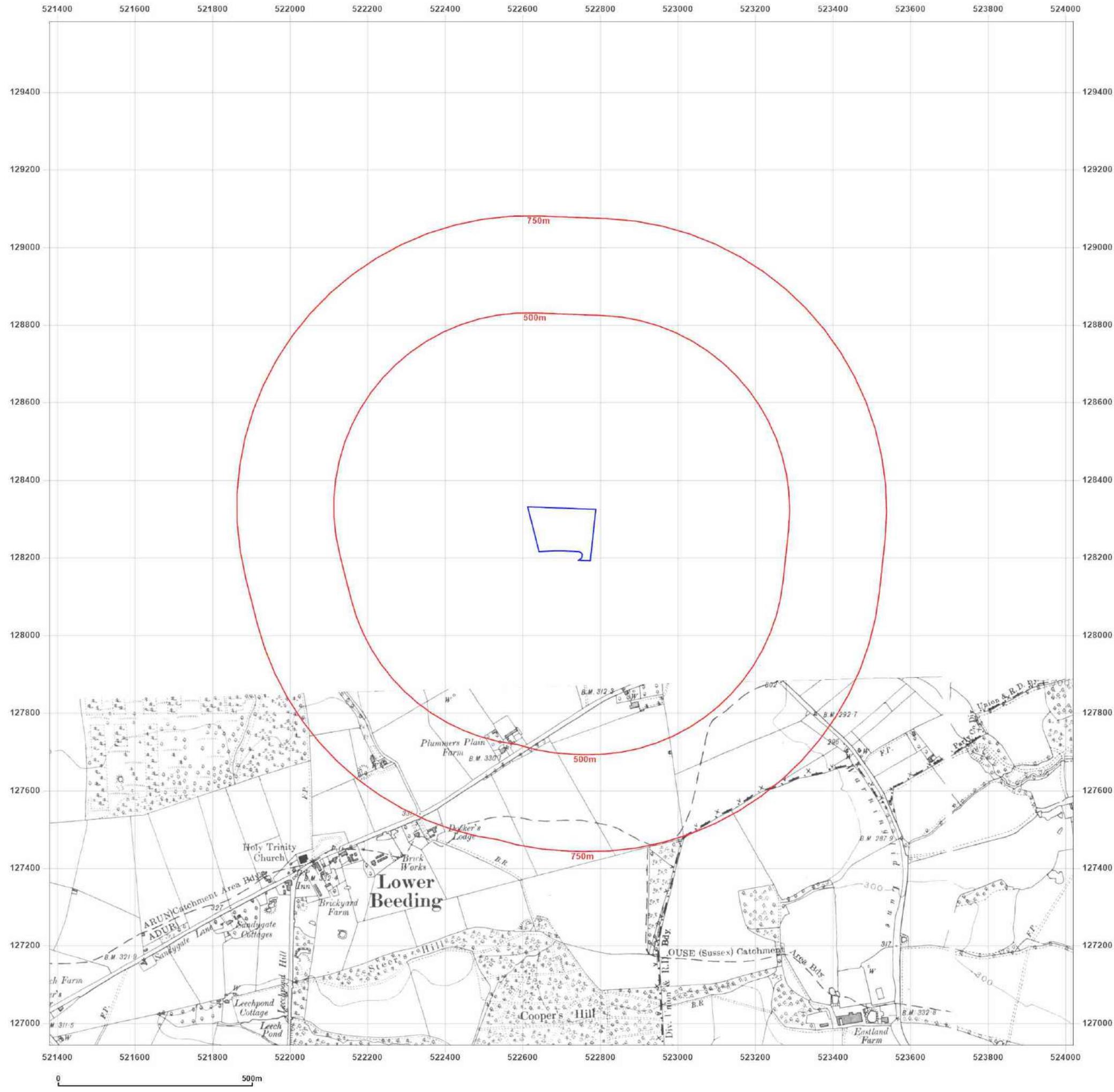
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Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: County Series

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Printed at: 1:10,560



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Report Ref: GS-NAE-2YW-2YL-5J1
Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: County Series

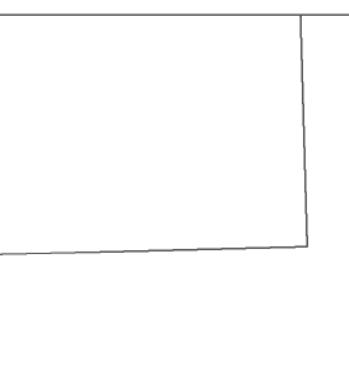
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Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1874
 Revised 1938
 Edition N/A
 Copyright N/A
 Levelled N/A

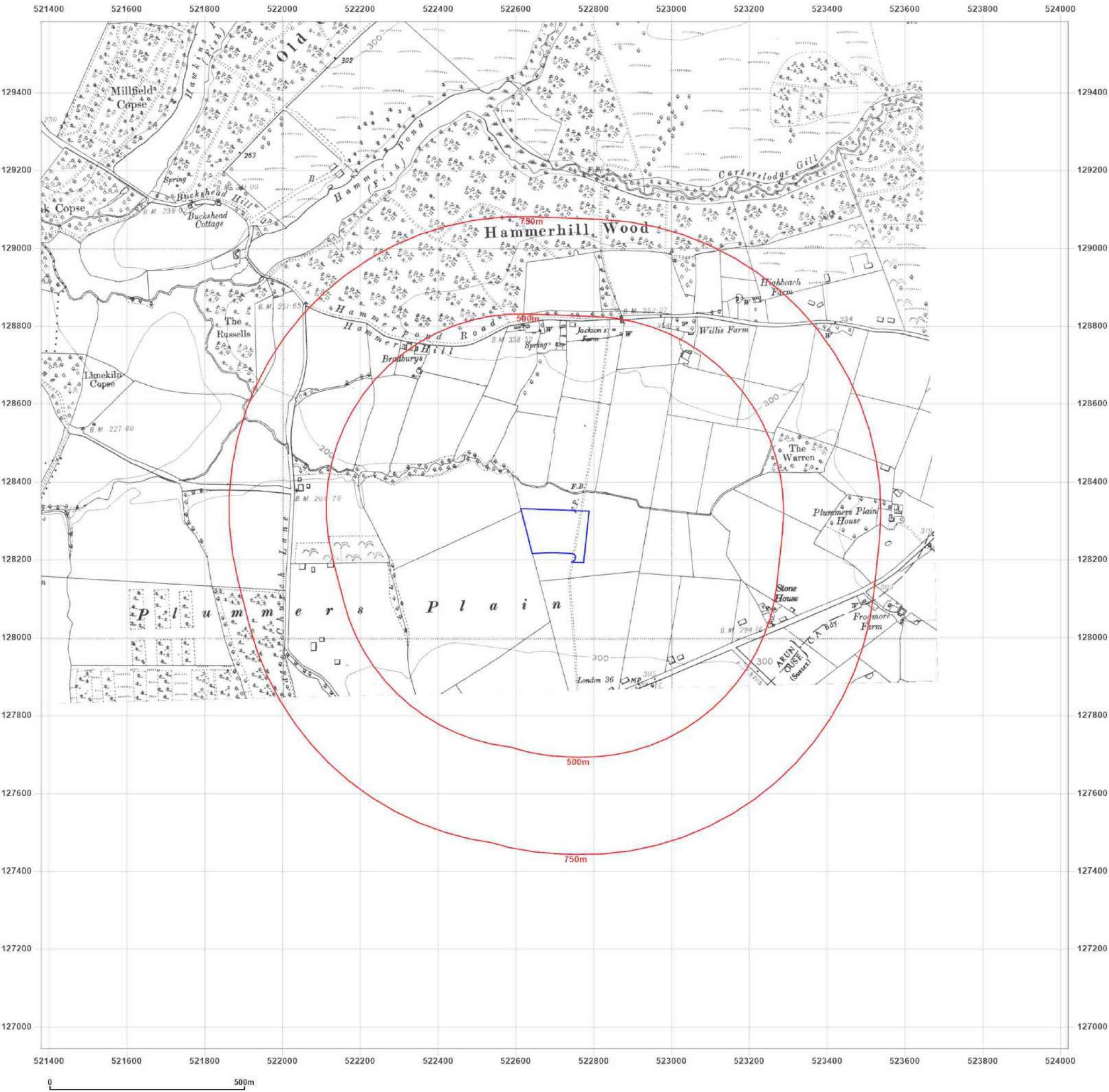


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Client Ref: P17027
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Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: Provisional

Map date: 1962

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



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 Edition N/A
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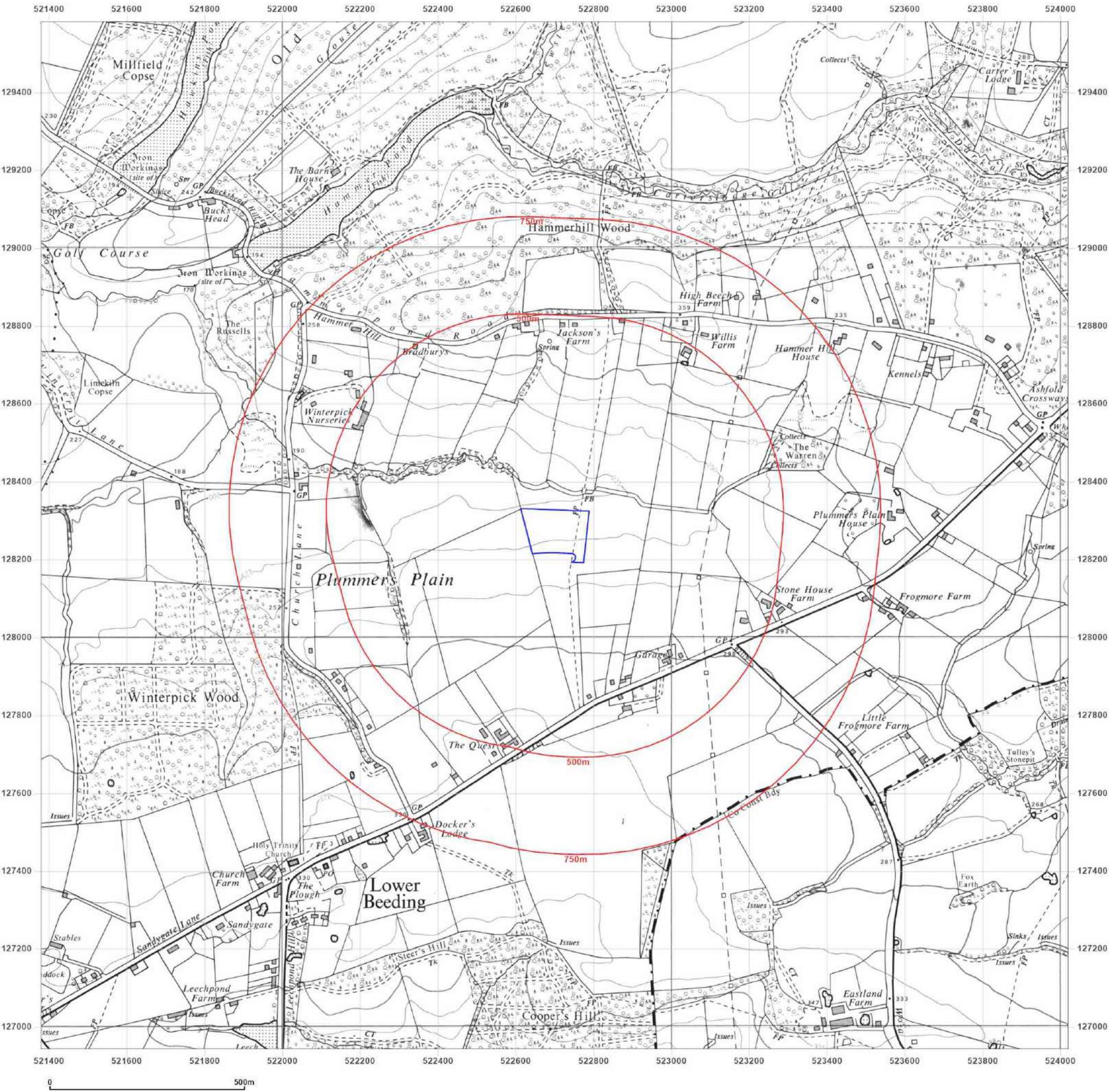


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Client Ref: P17027
Report Ref: GS-NAE-2YW-2YL-5J1
Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1979

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000



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 Revised 1979
 Edition N/A
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 Levelled N/A

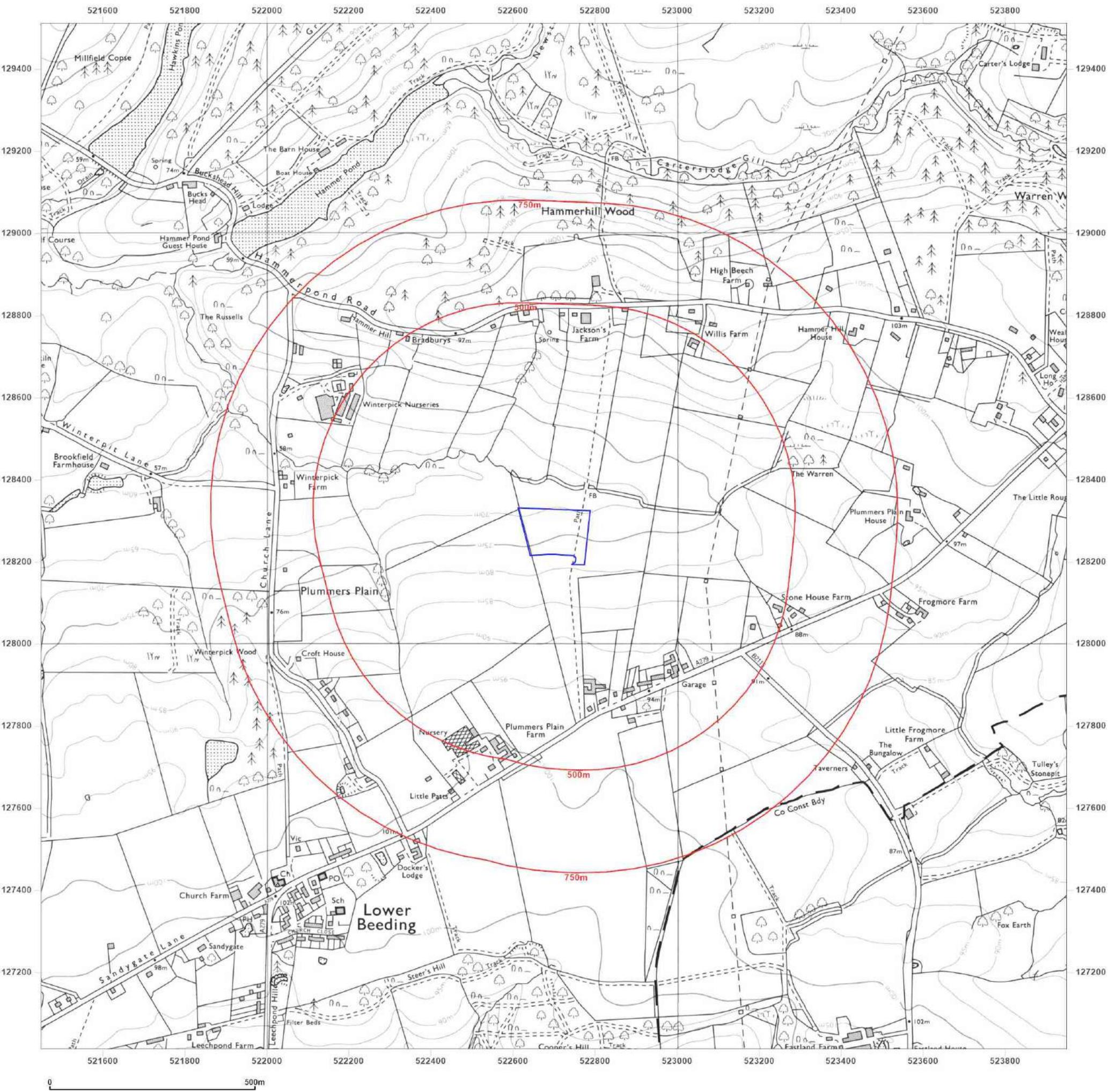


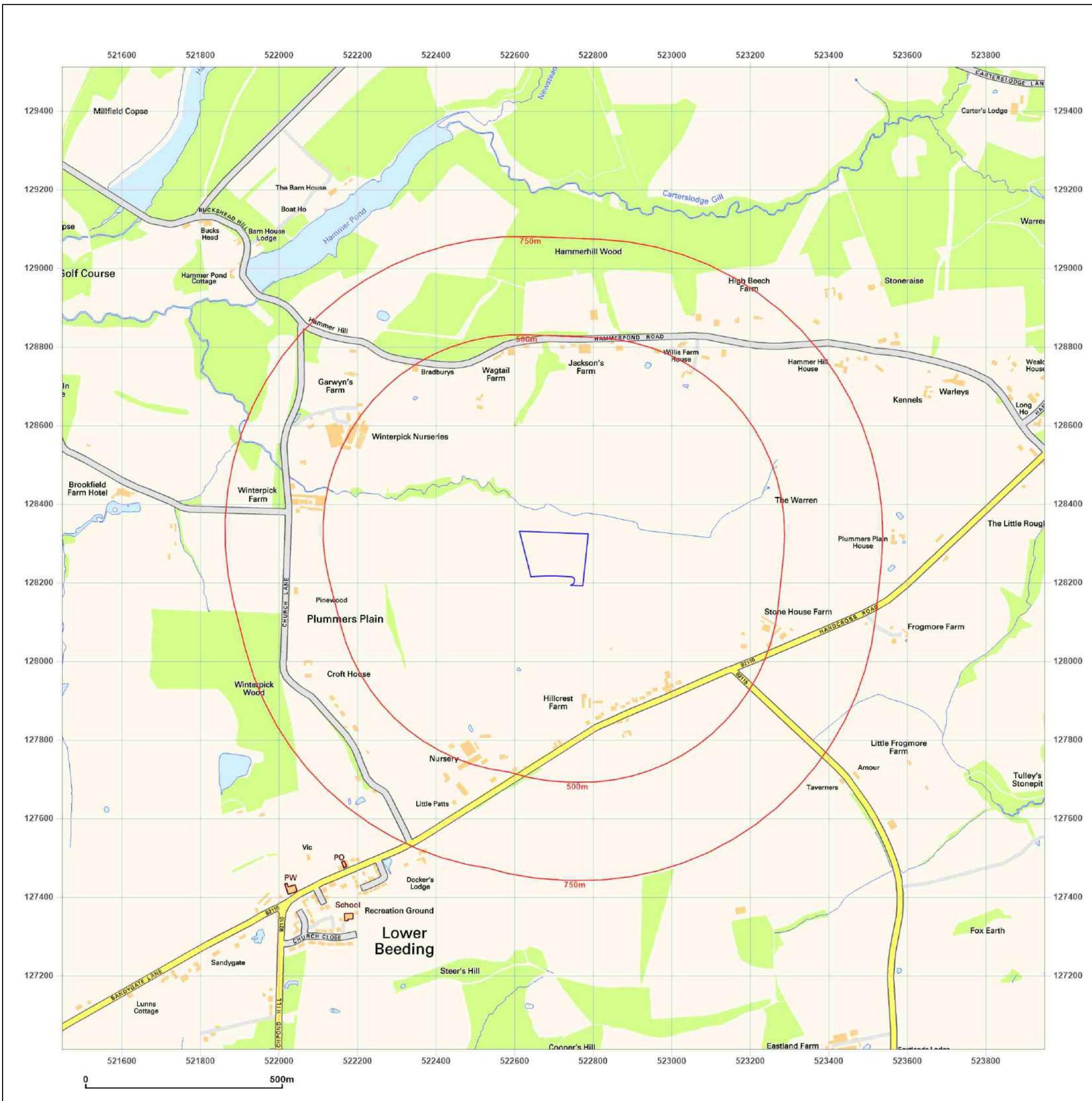
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Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 2001

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000



2001



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Site Details:

Lot 8, Stonehouse Farm,
HANDCROSS ROAD,
PLUMMERS PLAIN, WEST
SUSSEX, RH13 6NZ

Client Ref: P17027
Report Ref: GS-NAE-2YW-2YL-5J1
Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 2010

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000

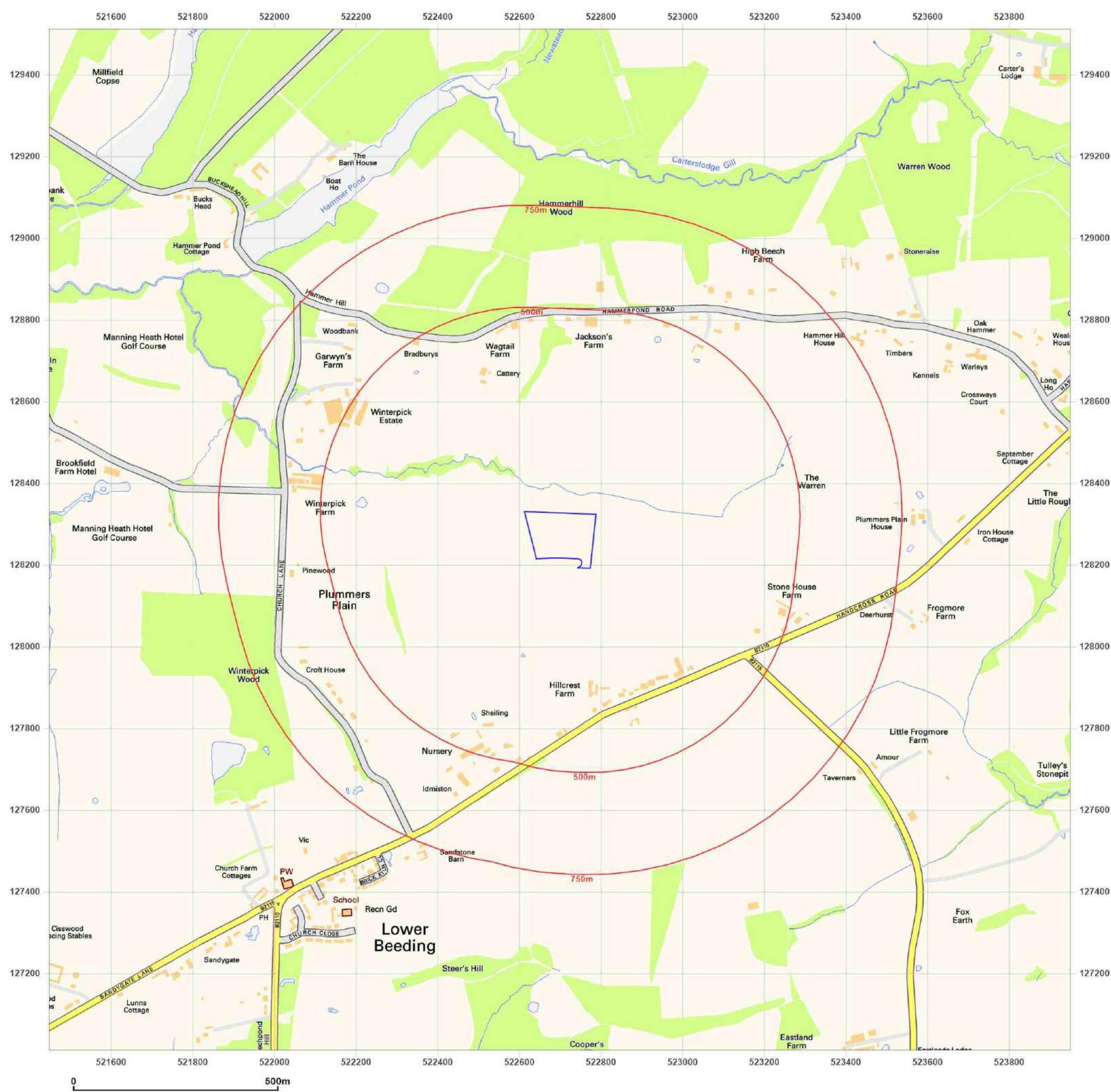


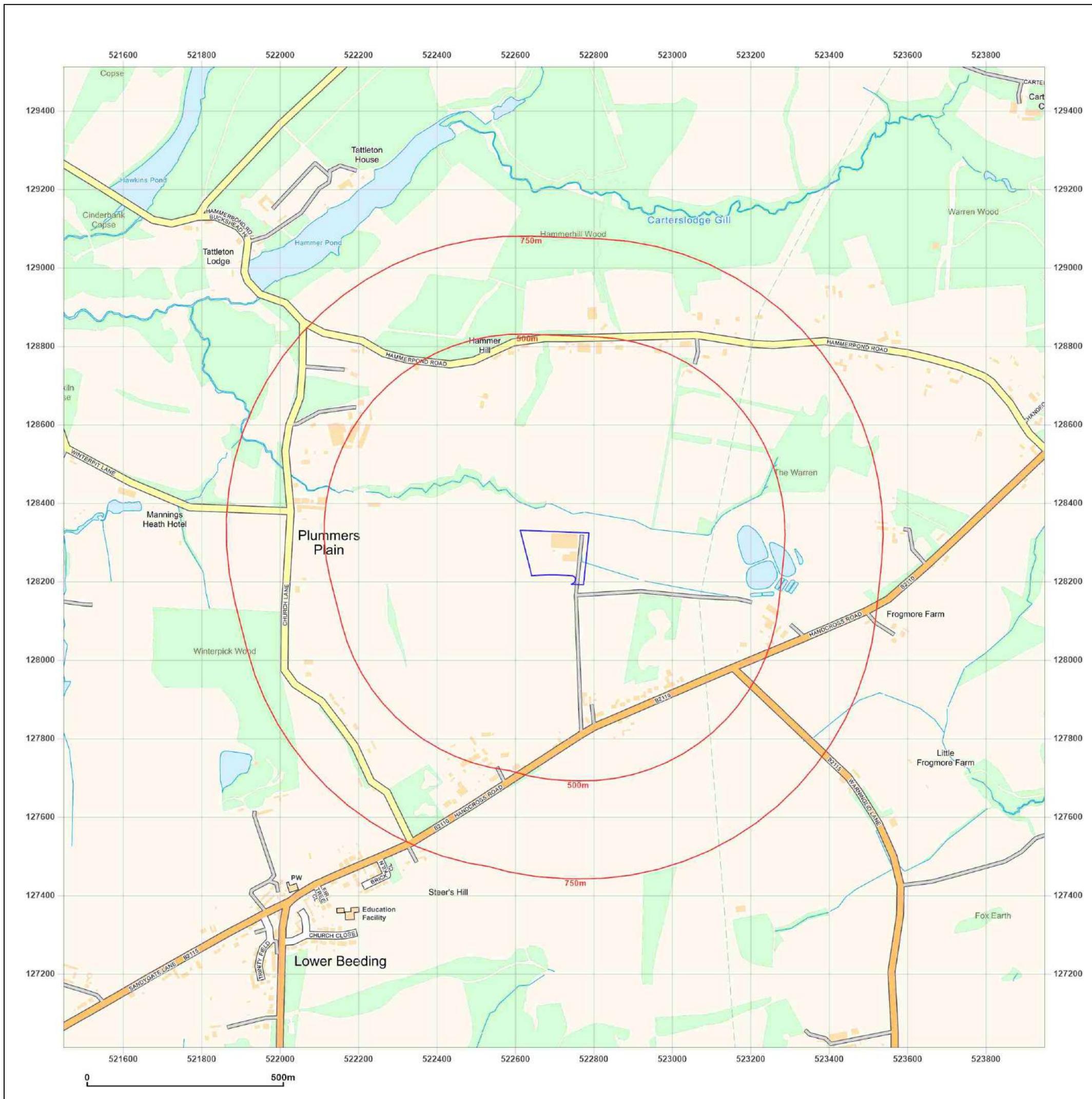
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Client Ref: P17027
Report Ref: GS-NAE-2YW-2YL-5J1
Grid Ref: 522699, 128262

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 2025

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